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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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Five-Man Committee To Decide On West Bengal

CONGRESS CABINET HEARS DR. ROY

Premier Opposed To Interim Ministry

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4 (UPI).

A FIVE-MAN sub-committee consisting of Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel, Maulana Azad, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya has been set up by the Congress Working Committee to decide all matters relating to West Bengal.

Dr. B. C. Roy, West Bengal Premier, was invited by the Working Committee to attend this afternoon's sitting. He is understood to have placed his views on all issues relating to the present situation in West Bengal. While agreeing to abide by the Working Committee's previous decision for holding a general election in West Bengal as early as possible. Dr. Roy is reported to have emphasised the difficulties in having an Interim Ministry which would necessarily imply dissolution of the present Ministry and formation of a new one.

He is also reported to have explained that inclusion of any representative from the dissident group in his Cabinet at this stage might hamper the team work of the administration.

The West Bengal issue monopolised the proceedings of the afternoon sitting of the Congress Working Committee.

ANDHRA PROVINCE

PTI adds: Regarding the proposed Andhra province, the Committee, while reiterating its acceptance of the Nehru-Patel-Pattabhi Committee's recommendations, discussed the rival views on the future of Madras City.

The Committee also discussed the Communist movement in the country.

HILARIOUS SCENES

Hilarious scenes were witnessed this morning at the residence of the Congress General Secretary Shri Kala Venkata Rao, when supporters of the two rival groups of West Bengal Congressmen who are nowin Delhi crowded together and embraced Shri Kala Venkata Rao.

Those who witnessed this re-union of the rival groups of West Bengal Congress in the presence of the Congress General Secretary, hoped that if this re-union continues to bring about a real re-union of hearts, then the Bengal problem would be solved without any difficulty.

PANDIT NEHRU'S POONA VISIT

To Address Public Meeting

POONA, Oct. 4 (PTI)—Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will address a public meeting in Poona under the auspices of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee on October 6 when he arrives here to lay the foundation stone of the National Defence Academy. The meeting will be held on the Fergusson College grounds. His visit to the University will be a formal one and the address to students is cancelled.

Arrest In East Punjab

AMBALA, Oct. 4, (PTI): Ram Singh Sharar was rearrested here last night under the East Punjab Safety Act.

Ram Singh was released recently after one month's detention.

JAP TEACHERS ASKED TO RESIGN

Believed To Be Reds

TOKYO, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): An Education Commission in a prefecture of Japan's main Southern Island, has advised 37 teachers at different schools, who are believed to be Communists, to submit their resignations

The Commission said the teachers were no longer qualified for their jobs.

THE LURE OF THE GLOVE

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

A 13 year old boy, son of a goldsmith, committed suicide here by drinking Sulphuric Acid because of his mother's refusal to send him to a boxing match. The boy died within a few hours of his admission in the General Hospital last evening.

PROMOTING INDIA'S EXPORTS

Bring Down Prices, Says Committee

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4. (UPI): Disparity in the movements of internal prices and prices abroad are largely responsible for India's present adverse trade balance, states the Export Promotion Committee in its report, recently submitted to the Government of India.

So long as a more reasonable relationship between these two price levels is not established, resort cannot, in the alternative, be had to exchange depreciation, continuous control over foreign trade and watching of the balance of payment situation becomes imperative it adds.

The report makes it clear that reduction in general prices is a condition precedent to the promotion of exports, without this all efforts must be in vain. It, therefore regrets that Government's anti-inflationary drive, launched in 1948, does not seem to have produced results.

"Some of our goods price themselves out of all markets" it point out—even more so from hard currency markets. The feature of recent export trends has accordingly been the diversion of exports from hard to soft currency areas.

(Details on page 8)

REMEMBERING THE MAHATMA

Mahatma Gandhi's 80th birthday, the second (birth anniversary) after his death was celebrated in Delhi. The programme started with Pt. Nehru's laying flowers on the Samadhi at 8-0 a.m. followed by special prayers and devotional songs and collective spinning. Photo shows Pt. Nehru laying flowers on the Samadhi of Mahatma Gandhi at Rajghat.

MASTER TARA SINGH RELEASED

Leader Of Akali Sikhs

LUCKNOW, Oct. 4 (PTI).

MASTER TARA SINGH, 60 year old Akali leader, who was in detention under orders of the Government of India, was released here this evening.

Release orders were served on him at the Lucknow Railway junction whereafter, the Akali leader entrained the Punjab Mail for Amritsar.

Master Tara Singh was brought to the Lucknow Central Prison from the Sitapur District Jail this morning.

The U.P. Government have issued the following communique:

"The Government of India having decided to release Master Tara Singh arrangements for taking him to his home town Amritsar were made by the U.P. Government by a special plane this morning. But since he felt that it would be more convenient to him to travel by train, suitable arrangements have accordingly been made. Master Tara Singh has been released this evening at 4-30 p.m. and he is now on his way to Amritsar."

Master Tara Singh is accompanied by his daughter, Bibi Rajinder Kaur, and younger son, Sardar Mohan Singh, on his way to Amritsar. Bibi Rajinder Kaur, Sardar Mohan Singh and Master Tara Singh's wife were staying at Sitapur for the last one week and had interviews with the Akali leader in jail. His wife left Sitapur yesterday.

The Akali leader who was detained under the Bengal Regulation 3 of 1818 spent over six months of his detention in Meerut, Banaras, Al-

(Continued on page 7)

MADRAS RELEASES ELEVEN REDS

MADRAS, Oct. 4 (PTI)—The Madras Government today directed the release of eleven Communists detained under the Public Order Act on their undertaking to sever connection with the Communist Party. Of these, nine belonged to Vizagapatam.

There has been no further round-up of Communists in the province. The number of those arrested up-to-date since the Government's ban on the Communist Party totals 300.

RED DETENUS PUNISHED

Solitary Confinement

MADRAS, Oct. 4. (PTI): All the Communist detenus in the Vellore Jail, numbering about 250 have been put in solitary confinement for 14 days, according to a Vellore message received today.

It is stated that this is a sequel to the recent incidents of assaults on jail officials.

Six Gurkhas Killed In Malaya

SINGAPORE, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter)—Six Gurkhas were killed in an ambush by 40 bandits in Negri Sembilan State yesterday.

The Gurkhas were travelling in two motor trucks from Kuala Klatang to Seremban. All five men in the leading truck were killed when they ran into the ambush and a Bren-gunner in the following truck was also killed.

More Attacks In Malaya

LONDON, October 4 (U.P.I.): The frequency and strength of the guerilla attacks have increased in Malaya in recent weeks, said Mr. H. B. Lim, editor of the Malayan Monitor, in an interview to the United Press here today.

Situation In Bansberia Quiet Now

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4. (UPI): The situation at Bansberia, Hooghly, the scene of some trouble yesterday, is quiet today.

One man who had received injuries yesterday succumbed to his injuries today. Altogether 187 persons have been arrested so far.

EXPLOSION AGAIN IN CITY GODOWN

Fire Brigade Man Hurt

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

One more terrific explosion occurred this evening in the chemical godown in the Jivraj Shamji Chawl which was the scene of a huge fire on Monday evening. As a result Mr. A. S. Kulkarni an officer of the Fire Brigade and three men engaged in the salvage work were injured and removed to the G. T. Hospital.

Prior to this, there was another explosion in the same godown at 1-10 this afternoon, and two more fire engines had to be rushed to the scene to help the fire fighters who had been working at the scene since last evening.

It is now learnt that the godown which was owned by Messrs. C. Babulal and Company was not authorised for the storage of chemicals. The Fire Brigade are reported to be making efforts to contact Babulal's mother for further information.

This morning another occupant of the building crawled out of the debris of the charred building. He was rushed to hospital for treatment of the severe burns he sustained.

But for the two occupants who expired yesterday when a bottle of highly inflammable material fell from the hands of a worker and no further casualties have so far been reported.

BRITAIN'S DOLLAR DRAIN REDUCED

Cripps' Balance Sheet After Devaluation

LONDON, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter).

BRITISH Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps disclosed tonight that Britain's dollar drain was reduced by ten million pounds during the third quarter of this year, compared with the second quarter.

He also disclosed that in the 12 days following devaluation day (September 18. Britain's reserves rose by £20 million as a result of money reaching the country after the alteration of the exchange rate.

Addressing bankers and merchants at a dinner given by the Lord Mayor of London, Sir Stafford gave these figures, which he explained were quoted at the old rate of exchange of 4.03 dollars to the pound sterling. Britain's deficit for the first quarter of 1949 was £82 million, and for the second £157 million.

The third quarter figure was £133 million.

Against that £133 million, was set £7 million drawn on Canadian credit and £71 million of ECA reimbursements and other Marshall Aid.

Total deficit was thus reduced to £55 million for the third quarter, compared with £65 million in the second.

RESERVES

Resultant figure of reserves at the old parity was £351 million compared with £406 million at the end of June.

Sir Stafford, who said he was giving 'an interim account of the country's economic and financial position,' declared that these figures were "not so bad as some people may have feared."

"But they disclose a continuing state of affairs up to September 18 which could not have been tolerated longer.

"Even taking the quarter as a whole, the annual rate of deficit is pounds 532 million a year—at the old rate of exchange.

This is an impossible burden and one which would very rapidly have exhausted our reserves."

BUDGETARY POSITION

Turning to Britain's budgetary position, Sir Stafford claimed he had had "considerable success" in diminishing the inflationary pressure, but there were signs now that that pressure was tending to build up again.

He also warned that "as a result of obligations under the Atlantic Pact and Western Union" expenditure on defence was "almost certain to exceed the original estimates by quite an appreciable amount."

Britain's industrial production had gone up some six to seven per cent above 1948—"but in spite of this the pressure of demand persists."

"With this rise in production and some fall in exports, we might have expected prices as a whole to fall.

"They have not. Prices have remained fairly stable—with some decreases and some increases."

Sir Stafford said unemployment was fractionally lower than last year—261,000 against 299,000.

CUT IN EXPENDITURE

Turning to economy, the Chancellor said Government expenditure would have to be reduced and the social services, while not cut, would have to be stopped from developing too quickly.

The cost of living would rise "without, we hope, any rise in personal incomes". This would place a great burden on the wage earner.

British Election Next Month?

DECISION SOON

LONDON, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter)—Definite decision on whether Britain will go to the polls next month is expected to be taken by the Cabinet soon after Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin's return from America next week.

Quarters close to the Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee, today reported that he had still to make up his mind about the date, though his preference still is for a spring election.

The Government is likely to keep close counsel on any decision until the last moment. Any premature announcement would give some political advantage to the Conservative Opposition, which holds its annual National Conference here next week.

This conference—if dissolution were announced—would provide an effective opening for the opposition campaign.

Seventeen days, apart from Sundays, must elapse between the King's proclamation dissolving Parliament and Polling Day.

Parliament, now in recess, re-assembles on October 18.

MARSHALL AID AND WHEAT PURCHASE

Investigation Ordered

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter): The Senate Agriculture Committee today ordered an investigation into the recent agreement allowing Britain to use 175 million dollars in Marshall Aid Funds to buy Canadian wheat.

It adopted a resolution calling for a full investigation into the effect of the agreement on American wheat farmers, the price of wheat in the United States, the Government's farm price support programme and "American agriculture generally".

America In No "Haste"

RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter): The United States has received an official request for recognition from the Chinese Communist Government, the State Department disclosed today.

A State Department spokesman said there were no immediate plans for a reply or for formal action on the request.

When asked what action the United States would take, the spokesman said: "I want to emphasise that we still recognise the National Government of China.

"As far as this Government is concerned, I see absolutely no need for haste whatsoever. We have it (the Communist request). It is being read. There are no plans for answering that I know of".

The spokesman added that the United States was in consultation with other friendly Governments concerning what action should be taken.

It was understood here that identical requests for recognition were received by all other countries with diplomatic representatives in Peking—Britain, France, Italy, Holland and Belgium.

Three Killed In Riots In U.P. Town

RAMLILA PROCESSION STONED

LUCKNOW, October 4 (P.T.I.).

THREE persons were killed and six injured, including a Sub-divisional Magistrate and a police officer, in rioting at Deoband in Saharanpur District on Dussehra Day, according to information received here.

It is reported that two Ramlila parties were stoned, one in front of a mosque, resulting in exchange of brickbats. This led to considerable panic in the town where some shops and houses were looted. In subsequent incidents, three persons were fatally injured. A Sub-Divisional Magistrate and a police officer received stone injuries while restoring order.

The main Ramlila procession was abandoned on the advice of the local authorities.

No further incidents have been reported after the imposition of the curfew. Police arrangements have been strengthened in the area.

EAST PUNJAB CONGRESS

No-Confidence Motion

JULLUNDUR, Oct. 4. (PTI): The Working Committee of the East Punjab Provincial Congress which met here yesterday under the presidentship of Giani Gurmukh Singh Musaffir considered the no-confidence resolution moved against it by 19 members. The Committee is understood to have decided to refer the resolution to the Congress High Command.

DIRECT ACTION IN PAKISTAN

KARACHI, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter).

A crowd of about one thousand people today attacked a cinema house, facing the Memon Mosque, now under construction on the Bunder Road.

Emerging from the mosque the crowd tore the drapings and destroyed movie projectors and furniture of the cinema house.

Steel-helmeted armed police later brought the situation under control.

One fireman was injured as a result of stone-throwing. The loss to property is estimated at about one lakh of rupees.

The Organising Committee of the mosque had protested and asked the authorities that the cinema should not be granted a licence.

GODSE'S PETITION TO BE HEARD ON OCTOBER 12

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4 (PTI)—The petition of Nathuram Godse and four others convicted in the murder of Mahatma Gandhi, seeking leave to appeal to the Privy Council against their convictions and sentences, is expected to come up before the Privy Council on October 12 according to information received by Mr. Ganpatrai Defence Counsel.

The main grounds on which the petitioners seek leave to appeal are:

1. That the Special Court which tried the petitioners was illegally constituted and was without jurisdiction.

2. That the pardon granted to the approver, Badge, was granted illegally and without jurisdiction; that in consequence the whole of his evidence is inadmissible and should have been disregarded.

3. That the charge of conspiracy was not warranted in law; and that there was a misjoinder of charges contrary to the express provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure; and a large body of evidence was admitted and considered contrary to the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act.

4. That the Courts in India misdirected themselves as to the burden of proof in a criminal charge.

5. That in the case of the petitioner, Madanlal, the conviction for conspiracy cannot stand since he had been acquitted on the identical charge of abetment of conspiracy.

NETAJI WILL BROADCAST!

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4. (UPI):

"Netaji", a local Hindi daily has today, published a report in a special supplement, that Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, would broadcast a message to his countrymen from the Peiping radio, on October 21 next at 9 P.M., (Indian Standard Time) on 223 metres wavelength.

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Wanted Immediately a Fly-Wheel of about 16 ft. diameter for Steam Engine. Please quote to Box No. 1193, "Bombay Chronicle".

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Wanted Sole Agents and Canvassers on decent commission and rebate for Famous Midland Teas, packed in various size attractive packets, tins and cases. Only interested and experienced hands capable doing substantial business need apply Midland Tea and Produce Company, Madras-2. 1173

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Season is fast approaching acquira now the agency for Midland Teas on decent commission. Influential persons capable doing substantial business need apply Midland Tea & Produce Company, Madras-2. 1173A

Wanted Agents or Dealers for M.O.P., Nut, and glass buttons. Ask for Free Samples and terms H. N. Basak, 50B. Sikdarpara Street, Calcutta 7. 1179.

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5715

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MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Camera Goods. Recently cleared a small consignment of Camera Shutter Cloth. Trade enquiries to Meco Studios. Props: Mahomed Ebrahim & Co., Ltd., 2/18-C, Mount Road, Madras. 5661

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LTD.

SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 31651 of the abovementioned Company for 50 ordinary shares Nos. 725701/725750 standing in the names of Messrs. Sebastian Xavier Pereira & John Louis Castelino has been lost and the undersigned have applied to the Company for the issue of duplicate of the said share certificate.

Any person having any objection to the India United Mills, Ltd., issuing duplicate of the said share certificate should lodge such objection with the Company at its Registered Office at Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate share certificate.

Signature:
SEBASTIAN XAVIER PEREIRA,
JOHN LOUIS CASTELINO,
Date: 5th Oct. 1949. (1201)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

INTIMATION having been received of the loss of Policy No. 87224 issued to Mr. Lalitkumar Vajeshanker Pandya a duplicate policy will be issued to the assured unless objection is lodged with the INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE, CO., LTD. at its head office in Industrial Assurance Building, Fort, BOMBAY, within thirty days of this notice.

K. C. DESAI,
General Manager.

Place: Bombay
Dated 9th September, 1949. 1202

THE BARSI SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS LTD.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTFIED that the Forty-second Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on Thursday, the 6th October, 1949 at 3-00. p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1/2, Mubarak Manzil, (2nd floor) 104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December 1948.
(2) To declare a Dividend.
(3) To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the year 1949 and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
P. V. JOSHI
Chairman.

Bombay, Dated, 1st September, 1949.

N.B. — The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from THURSDAY, the 29th September, 1949 to FRIDAY the 14th October, 1949 both days inclusive.

The Dividend when declared will be made payable on and after Monday the 7th November, 1949. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 29th day of September 1949.

(5785)

NOTICE

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

APPLICATIONS are invited from qualified Civil and/or Structural Engineers for the post of Office Superintendent, Drawing Office in the grade of Rs. 440-20-550, plus allowance at the rate of 10% of pay which may be varied in accordance with the rules in force from time to time. A starting pay of more than the minimum but not more than the maximum of the grade may be given in accordance with the qualifications and experience of the successful candidate who will have good future prospects. Minimum qualifications required for the past are:—

1. A degree in Civil and/or Structural Engineering of a recognised University.
2. Ability to calculate and design R.C. & Steel structures.
3. Practical experience of not less than 5 years in building and R.C. work in a responsible capacity.
4. Drawing office experience and experience in estimating and valuation.
5. Age preferably between 35 and 40.

Knowledge and experience of electrical and architectural engineering and Corporate Membership of the Institute of Civil Engineers, Institute of Structural Engineers, Institute of Engineers India, or R.I.B.A. desirable.

The successful candidate will have to pass the medical examination by the Committee's Medical Officer and will be on probation for a period of 6 months. On confirmation he will be admitted to the Committee's Provident Fund Scheme.

Applications should be addressed to the General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Undertaking, Bombay Municipality, Electric House, Fort, Bombay and forwarded so as to reach him not later than the 1st of November, 1949. Receipt of individual applications will not be acknowledged except in the case of those sent by registered post with acknowledgment due.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify a candidate.

GENERAL MANAGER

5868

NOTICE

WANTED-LADY TEACHERS, trained in Physical Culture to teach girls of Higher Secondary Classes. Applications should reach the undersigned duly supported with the copies of certificates and testimonials not later than the 15th of October 1949.

BRAHMANAND MISRA,
ADVOCATE,
Chairman,
Education Committee-Mpl. Board
Kanpur

5929

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following temporary posts under the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), Bombay.

1. Junior Accountants Rs. 200-15-245 plus dearness allowance.
2. Deputy Accountants Rs. 140-10-200 plus dearness allowance.

Applicants for category No. 1 must possess good accounting qualifications and must have had considerable previous experience of at least 10 years in Accounts work in a Civil or Military Accounts Office as Superintendent, Senior Accountant, or Divisional Accountant. R.As with long commercial experience will also be considered.

Applicants for category No. 2 must have at least 5 years' service in responsible accounts posts under Government or in commercial offices and must be either B. Coms, or G.D.A's or Graduates.

Candidates for the two categories must be able to read and write at least one regional language of the Bombay Province. Candidates knowing to read and write Gujerati will have immediate preference.

Bombay Domicile essential for all the posts. The applicants must be prepared to work in the Districts with Headquarters at the places fixed by Government.

Applications should reach the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), New India Assurance Building, 4th Floor, Fort, Bombay not later than the 12th October 1949. No Travelling Allowance will be paid by Government for coming for the interview or for joining the first appointment at the station to which he is posted.

Candidates who do not fulfil the conditions prescribed above need not apply.

5938

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the CENTRAL BANK EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE CO. LTD. the Trustees of the Karmali Peerbhoy Trust, created under the Wakf, dated the 13th day of April, 1927, have contracted to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned properties. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said properties or any of them or any portion thereof by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRST.— All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon, situate on the Eastern Side of Moreland Road in the Town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1040 sq. yds. or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No.. 207-204-206, New Nos. A|13733, 13728 and 13731, Old Survey Nos. 266 and 301, New Survey No. 1A|3554 and C. S. No. 1583 of Byculla Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Under E Ward Nos. 3862(2), 3863-3864 and Street Nos. 1-50-51 and New Street Nos. 79-79A, Moreland Road and Mahomedan Street and which said premises are bounded as follows:- that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Tamiz Zanuruddin Sarung, on or towards the West by a Footpath and the said Moreland Road, on or towards the North by the said Mahomedan Street and on or towards the South by the property of Nagu Ashma.

SECOND:— ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land with the messuage, tenement or building standing theron, situate, lying and being on the West side of Dongri Street in the Town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 83 sq. yds. or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 2063, 2886, New Survey No. part of 3153 and Cadastral Survey No. 1737 of Mandvi Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3050 and Street No. 596 and New Street No. 108 and 125 and which said premises are bounded as follows:- that is to say, on or towards the East by the said Dongri Street, on or towards the West by Pala Guli or Samuel Street on or towards the North by the Durga of Peer and on or towards the South by the property of the late Gangabhai Tejani.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1949.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM &
MADAN.
Purchasers' Attorneys

5927

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

THE INDIAN NATIONAL DIRECTORIES POWER PRINTING WORKS LTD., MADRAS, are pleased to inform all their Clients, who have subscribed for the Indian National Directory, 1948-49 that after all, the Government of Madras have lifted the ban of with-holding the publication at a stage when the Directory was to be published during the first quarter of 1949., due to some technical difficulties under the present Paper Control Order in force. The Central Government have now sanctioned the necessary further permission required for this purpose, in their Order No. 302 P.B. (21) 1949, dated 20-9-49, just received by us.

We request all our clients to excuse us for the unavoidable delay caused in the publication of this Directory, due to conditions beyond our control, and send in your revised Matter before the 10th October, 1949, with additions or alterations, if any, to be published in the Directory, under print.

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

5936

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY

Important Notice (Priority)

WITH EFFECT FROM 1.10.1949, the office of the Regional Controller of Priorities, Bombay, has been closed and the work relating to priority allotment of wagons has been transferred to the control of the Chief Traffic Manager, B.B. & C.I. Railway. All applications for priority assistance for movement of goods traffic should be addressed to the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, for booking from stations on the Broad Gauge and to the Traffic Superintendent, Ajmer, for booking from stations on the Metre Gauge.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT FORAS ROAD

Under instructions from M/s. Freni Jhabwalla & Co. attorneys for the Court Receiver, as Manager of the Estate of the Mortgagor Valimahomed Nathoo Dudhwalla, a Lunatic and pursuant to the directions contained in the Court's Order dated 10th Feb. 1949. in suit No. 182 of 1949 (Valimahomed Nathoo Dudhwalla vs. Hajarimal Nagji and others) and on account and at the risk of the Estate of Valimahomed Nathoo Doodhwalla M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on Monday, 17-10-49 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises:—

Land with dwelling houses at Foras Road, about 1860 sq. yards, bearing New Street Nos. 65 67 69 77 77A of Tardeo Division and bounded on North by Foras Road, on East by the property of Sayaji Nagooji and on the West and South by the property of Keshvji Jadhavji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Freni Jhabwalla & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver or to the undersigned.

DISPOSALS AUCTIONS

Under instructions from Regional Disposal Commissioner BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction on 13-10-49 at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Government Timber Depot, Wadala, near Swastik Oil Mills:—Drums, Barrels, Jerricans, etc. at 3 P.M. at No. 2, E.D.R.I.A.F., Sewri behind Cotton Exchange Bldg., Test meters, on 17-10-49 at 10-30 A.M. at Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate; typewriters, buttons, washers, bicycles, furniture and packing materials, at 3 P.M. at R. I. N. Stores Depot, Bellamanhanger Dumayne Road, Colaba, 1800 fire bricks, on 24-10-49 at 10-30 A.M. at R.I.N. Stores Depot, Vikroli glass domes, fuse, extractors, boots, lanterns, blacking Cherry blossom, E. lamps, and Elec. stores on 25-10-49 at E. S. D. Kurla at 10-30 A.M. coil choke, fire bars, bolts, sirens rivets nuts, sluice valves, glass substitute, fabric mesh, cables, wire rope, cisterns tie rods, cooking ranges etc. For catalogues apply to

BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF U/S SURPLUS STORES such as refrigerators, electric cables & wire, shades, switches, meters, lead pipes, water supply fittings, oil engine with pump sets, M. S. Pipes, etc. on Friday, 14th inst. at 2-30 p.m. at M. E. S. (E.M. Office) near Pilot Bunder, Colaba, Bombay, under instructions from the Garrison Engineer (West), Bombay.

Terms: 25 per cent. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas Judges and notables Annual Life reading monthly details Rs 5 3 questions Rs 2 Horoscope or writing time required Pandit Kalivur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR, THAPO NIDHI, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17

GERMAN DOCTOR'S BID TO EVADE INCOME TAX FAILS

A celebrated German doctor who had been specially flown to Bombay to attend on the bedside of a dying millionaire, found himself in an awkward predicament, when he tried to emplane for the journey back, a month later.

Contrary to usual practice, his luggage was gone through, not only by the Customs officials, but also by an Income tax Officer, who had specially come to the Air Port for the purpose.

The Doctor had received for services rendered, a draft equivalent to Rs. 50,000 in Indian currency. The Income Tax Officer held that this was an assessable income, as it had been earned in India.

Knowing through his own secret sources, that the doctor would depart at a particular time, and that the assessment would be evaded, the Income Tax Officer, who had very little time, to act in the matter, is said to have consulted, his higher authorities, telephonically. He was ordered to rush to the aerodrome and to ensure that the Specialist, paid up the dues of the Income Tax Department.

This was accomplished and the visiting doctor paid up, about Rs. 40,000.

4 Arrested For Marine Drive Explosion

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Four persons have been arrested by the Crime Branch. Bombay C.I.D., under the Explosive Substance Act, 1006, in connection with the explosion which took place at Ishwar Bhuvan, Marine Drive, on Monday afternoon.

It is alleged that Shankar Ragoo and Dharam Ragoo were engaged by Moreshwar Desai to manufacture fire crackers in the room provided for the watchman Padamsingh Adamsingh. It was while the employees were filling the chemicals in rolled aluminium paper that the explosion occurred injuring Mahadeo Kanoo, who later died in hospital and Padamsingh the watchman who is being treated at the G. T. Hospital.

RATIONING INSPECTOR ON BRIBERY CHARGE

P. M. Desai, a former Rationing Inspector, who allegedly accepted illegal gratification and passed bogus applications for ration cards, was arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch on Saturday.

Producing the accused before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court today, the Police stated that the accused, who was attached to 'A" Ward Rationing Office, made false verification of "A" Form-applications for new ration cards in July last. It was alleged that he had accepted one rupee for passing each bogus application.

The accused was allowed bail by the Magistrate.

ABANDONED IN THE CEMETERY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Late on Monday night, Shankar Naravan Mali the caretaker of the Old English Cemetery at Queens Road discovered in the course of his daily rounds of the graveyard, the corpse of a newly born male child lying on one of the pathways of the cemetery

The child was wrapped in cartridge paper and had evidently been left in the cemetery earlier in the evening. The caretaker informed the Princess Street Police of his find. The Police took charge of the body in the presence of panchas. Their efforts however to establish the identity of the child or trace its relatives failed. The Police surgeon reported that the cause of death could not be ascertained as the body was in a highly decomposed state when sent for post-mortem examination.

Death Of Unknown Muslim

An unknown Muslim, aged about 55, was removed from Nagdevi Street by the Pydhonie Police on Monday to the J. J. Hospital. The man who was sick and unconscious at the time the Police carried him to hospital was too weak to give any information regarding himself, and died before the police could establish his identity.

COAL & COKE QUOTAS

Consumers of Coal and Coke who have already been granted permits by the Provincial Coal Controller, Bombay are untitled to draw the following percentage of quotas against those permits during the month of October, 1949.

Steam Coal	100%
Soft Coke	100%
Deshi Bhatta (for industrial use only)	100%
Foundry Hard Coke	50%

In addition, 25% Deshi Bhatta will be issued on demand to the foundries only.

2 Messrs. Shah Brothers, Coal Dealers, Byculla Goods Yard, have got some stock of Deshi Bhatta No 2 which will be issued in the place of Soft Coke to catering establishments of a rate not exceeding Rs. 50-4-0 per ton.

2 Consumers desirous of having a permit for the purchase of Steam Coal and Soft Coke may apply to the Provincial Coal Controller, No. 10, Queen's Barracks, Opposite Cooperage Bombay for the same.

For supplying kerosene oil illegally and at a rate higher than the controlled price, the authorisation No. D/56 and the authorisation No. D/66, granted to Messrs. J. B. Mistry and Co. for their kerosene ration shops at Nana Chowk, Gamdevi, Bombay and Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4, respectively, have been suspended.

Sholapur City Social Education Committee

Mr. C. M. Warad has been appointed as Chairman of the Social Education Committee for Sholapur City in place of Mr. M. B. Kadadi, resigned

Breach Of Food Control

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Crime Branch II of the Bombay CID is carrying on an intensive drive in the City to detect cases of breach of Food Control Order.

Dharamdas Vaddharmal, Proprietor and Shamrao Patru, servant of the Hindu Krishna Restaurant (Kalachiwala) at Dadar, were arrested by the Crime Branch II on Sunday for alleged breach of the Food Control Orders.

It was stated that the accused served two courses of meal.

Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court offered bail to the accused.

Three more persons were arrested at Parel for similar offence. They are employees of Karachi Multani Hotel. They were allowed bail by the Magistrate.

POSTMAN ON DUTY ASSAULTED

Accused Remanded To Custody

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Hussein Alli was arrested by the Police on Sunday on charge of assaulting a postman on duty.

It was alleged that the accused along with two others assaulted a postman, attached to the Mandvi Post Office, on Saturday while he was going on his rounds.

The accused was remanded into Police custody, by Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate at the Mazagaon Court this morning.

GIRL RUN OVER BY B. E. S. T. BUS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At about 1-30 yesterday afternoon, Amrita Sitaram Naik, a seven year old girl, was run over by a B.E.S.T. Bus when she was crossing Cadell Road, Dadar. The girl was bleeding profusely through the nose and ears when she was removed to the K.E.M. Hospital for treatment of her injuries. She died at about 3-45 p.m.

A case against the driver of the bus B.M. T 8956 has been recorded.

BARODA PROHIBITION COMMITTEE

A District Prohibition Committee has been constituted for Baroda under the Chairmanship of the Collector of the District. Besides the Chairman, there are 20 members on the Committee, at present. Four more members will be co-opted by the Committee. They will be from the Honorary District Advisory for Propaganda and Social Welfare, the Honorary Supervisors for Neera and officers in charge of the Prohibition Section of the Home Guards.

The Committee will advise and help the Provincial Board in the execution of the Prohibition policy and programme of the Government.

EXCISE DIVISION FOR SABARKANTHA

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has created a separate Excise Division for Sabarkantha District, which was hitherto attached to the Ahmedabad Division. The new Division with headquarters at Himmatnagar, will be known as the Sabarkantha Excise Division.

PROHIBITION CASES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Prohibition Department of the Greater Bombay Police picked up 317 cases, arrested 131 persons and seized 118 gallons of illicit liquor, 3,863 gallons of wash, 11 gallons of spirit and three gallons of foreign liquor, during the week ended Sept. 22 last.

LATE MR. MOHANLAL DESAI

Improvements Committee Pays Tribute

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Tributes were paid to the services of the late Mr Mohanlal M. Desai, former member of the Bombay Corporation, by members of the Improvements Committee today.

Presiding over the meeting, Mr. V. D. Koregaonker, Chairman of the Committee said that the late Mr. Desai had served the city very zealously as a member of the Corporation for nearly 25 years. He had been connected with several other institutions interested in ameliorating the conditions of the poor and the suffering and had taken keen interest in civic as well other public activities. He had been Chairman of the Committee from 1933 to 1934.

As as mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. Desai, the meeting was adjourned without transacting any business.

ADULTERTION OF GHEE & BUTTER

10 Persons Convicted

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Ten persons were convicted recently in the course of a week for adulteration of Ghee and Butter. Fines were imposed on all the offenders. In the course of the same week 55 vendors were also found guilty of adulterating milk. The vendors were fined for their offence.

TOLL TAKEN BY TYPHOID

Effective Measures Called For

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. P. M. Sangani, Superintendent of the Harkisondas Hospital, Bombay, addressing the Rotary Club of Bombay this afternoon at the Green's Hotel urged the Government to introduce effective legislation making it compulsory on medical men in the province to report every single case of typhoid to the public health authorities.

Dr. Sangani was speaking on "Typhoid in Bombay and its Prevention".

PREVENTION FIRST

He said that the problem today was not that the doctors did not know how to treat the fell disease, but the lack of proper public health organisation in the country. He said that it was beyond the scope of medical men to prevent the disease, as they appeared on the scene only to treat the disease. "What is more important is not the treatment, but the prevention of the disease", he declared. This could be achieved only by a perfect public health organisation, as it existed in England, America and other foreign countries.

Remarking that only bold and emergency measures could prevent the incidence of the disease, Dr. Sangani said that during the time of the epidemic, Government should declare a state of emergency in respect of typhoid and should introduce compulsory inoculation. There should also be co-ordination of the various public health organisations of the Government and local bodies.

He suggested the appointment of a commission consisting of expert medical men to investigate into the incidence and the prevention of the disease. He regretted that a committee appointed about six months back by the Government of Bombay, to report on such a vital subject affecting public health, had not yet submitted its report.

FAST SPREADING

After making a statistical survey of the incidence of typhoid in Bombay, he said that at the time of the epidemic there were as many as 6,000 cases of typhoid in the city. In spite of advanced scientific discoveries in the field of medicine, he was sorry to note that the disease was fast spreading in industrial cities like Bombay.

Touching on the economic loss sustained on account of the incidence of this virulent disease, he said that the monetary loss to the affected family was fantastic. On an average, the treatment of a typhoid patient would cost Rs. 500 excluding medical fees. All told, it would come to at least Rs. 1,000, he estimated. Further, the loss of wages was also exorbitant.

Dr. Sangani urged upon Government to take steps to prevent blackmarketing in essential drugs needed for typhoid treatment and to make them available to the poor at cheap rates.

DISPLACED GUJERATI MERCHANTS FROM SIND

Deputation To Wait On Bombay Government

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A deputation on behalf of the Sind Gujerati Displaced Merchants' Association will wait upon Government shortly to put forth the point of view of the displaced Sind Gujerati merchants who formed the bulk of traders in Sind.

This decision was taken at a general body meeting of the Association last week-end. The deputation, it was decided would discuss the matter of allotment of residential accommodation, shops, business and office premises and factories, etc. of Muslim evacuees.

Mr. Jayantilal R. Zaverchand was elected Chairman of the Association, and Chandulal Kanji, Secretary for the forthcoming year.

REHABILITATING ABORIGINALS

London Professor's Suggestions

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. C. Von Furer-Hainmendorf, Professor of Anthropology, University of London, said today that it was possible to rehabilitate the aboriginals and establish peace in the tribal areas of of India through a slow process of economic infiltration by using the already existing agencies in those areas.

The London professor, who had spent considerable time in the tribal areas of India and had conducted extensive anthropological research work, was giving an informal talk on "The Administration of Tribal Areas" under the auspices of the Anthropological Society of Bombay at Cama Hall.

He said that the available means of communication were quite undeveloped, and to establish any effective form of administration in those areas, the first essential requirement was the building of roads.

After explaining the measures taken by the Government of India to rehabilitate the aboriginal tribes, the professor said that it was wise on the part of the Constituent Assembly to have given "breathing space" to the tribal areas adjust themselves to the changed conditions, while being protected from the full blast of the impact of modern civilisation.

Broker Arrested For Breach Of Trust

Kalyandas Chetram, a Bombay broker, was arrested by the city police for alleged misappropriation of Rs. 2,500 belonging to a local businessman. It appears a few days ago the accused was given a bank draft by the businessman to get it cashed from a Bank. He cashed it but did not pay the amount to the owner and could not be traced for sometime.

The accused was produced before Mr Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate and allowed bail pending investigation.

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CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu Asoe Shud 14, 2005.
Muslim: Zilhej 12, 1368.
Parsi: Ardibehest 3, 1319.
Sunrise: 6-30 a.m. Sunset: 6-24 p.m.
Hightide: 11-12, 23-32.
Lowtide: 04-54, 17-26.

Domestic Occurrence

UTHAMA CEREMONY

BAI—Pirojbai Merwanji Batliwala, widow of the late Mr. Mervanji Jivanji Batliwala, daughter of the late Mr. Ardeshir Burjorji Powwala, sister of Goolbai, Cooverbai, Cursetji and late Mr. Jehangirji and mother of Shapurji. Uthama ceremony today at 3 p.m. (Bom. Time) at Doongerwadi upper Bunli.

Today's Engagements

STANDING COMMITTEE: Municipal Standing Committee, at 3-40 p.m.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE: Municipal Schools Committee, at 3-40 p.m.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY: Film show of "Wild Life in Assam" at B. E. S. T. Hall, Fort, 6 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Short talk on "Devotion: False and True" at Jahangir Wadia Building, Fort, at 6-15 p.m.

NAUTICAL AND ENGINEERING COLLEGE: Anniversary of opening of the college Azad Maidan, 3 p.m.

ORIENTAL GOVT. SECURITY ASSURANCE CO. LTD. EMPLOYEES UNION: Meeting at Cama Hall at 6-15 p.m.

Morarji Desai Advised Complete Rest

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, returned to Bombay from Poona, yesterday evening. He has been down with fever during the last three weeks and has returned to Bombay for recuperation. Doctors have advised him complete rest. He will, therefore, not attend the remaining portion of the present sessions of the Legislative Assembly and Legislative Council at Poona.

A GRAND PICTURES RELEASE.

The Best Musical in Town!
Girls' School
GEETA BALI, SHASHIKALA, SOHAN, SAJJAN & RAMSINGH.
2nd Big Week at
NEW WEST END
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. 11-45
(Adv. 10 to 12; 4 to 6).
(A SHARDA RELEASE).

Exhilarating ENTERTAINMENT on the Screen....!
MANSROVAR'S
NAO
NIGAR, JAIRAJ
Produced and Directed by MADHOK

NOW AT
KAMAL TALKIES
JAWAHAR Release Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30

WAY of the WORLD with a WOMAN!

PRAKASH Pictures Thought-provoking social
SAWAN-BHADO
*MUNAWAR SULTANA, Ramsingh, Randhi, Indu, Jankidas, and OM PRAKASH.
Director: RAVINDRA DAVE
Music: HUSANLAL BHAGATRAM
LAMINGTON 3rd Combined WEEK KISMET
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-45.
Booking 10 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 6.
An Evergreen Release.
4 6-45, 9-30 Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.

Shivaji's Bust Presented To Naval Establishment

POONA, (By Air Mail)

A 7 ft. 7" by 3 ft. bronze bust of "Shivaji the Great" with bronze pedestal was presented by the Kolhapur State to HMIS SHIVAJI.

The unveiling ceremony which took place on DUSSERA day, by special request of the Collector of Kolhapur, was an important day for the Officers and men of the establishment. An impressive parade preceded by the unveiling ceremony took place.

Captain (E) D. N. MUKERJI, R.I.N., Commanding Officer HMIS "SHIVAJI," unveiled the bust with complete Naval ceremony.

In his unveiling speech, the Captain gave a brief history of SHIVAJI THE GREAT, with special reference to the capture of the island fort of Janjira by his Navy. He then concluded by saying that the achievements made by SHIVAJI THE GREAT could not have materialised if his followers had not a high morale.

"Morale", he said, "is not only a matter for the fighting forces. A navy without morale is nothing but a collections of unhappy fighting men, but a nation without morale is just a collection of quarrelling, discontented sects and parties with no unity and with no real aim. Morale is the most important thing in any organisation or establishment, for it reflects the condition in the country. Morale is the intangible spirit of any body of men or women. Like courage, it is a state of mind, a mixture of emotion and reason."

The ceremony was followed by a buffet lunch for the Officers and their wives. In the evening the ratings of the establishment and children of the "SHIVAJI" children's school gave a variety concert which was enjoyed by all present.

City Advocate Dead

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. E. K. Korba, an Advocate of Bombay expired at his resident at Kamathipura on Thursday last. Mr. Korba was a leading social worker of Telugu community and was the Secretary of the All-India Telugu Munuwar Conference. He was also connected with a number of other social organisations of Telugu community in the city.

MUSLIMS OFFER ID PRAYERS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Thousands of devout Muslims of Bombay foregathered at Azad Maidan this morning, for congregational prayers in celebration of Bakr-Id.

Though yesterday was the official holiday, the actual celebrations took place today.

The prayers were led by Maulana Hafiz Qari Ghulam Hussein, on behalf of the Anjumane-Tabligh-Ul-Islam.

The consular representatives of different Islamic nations in the City, and important Muslims from the City circles were also present.

Loudspeakers were installed for the occasion.

After the prayers and the Kutba, special prayers were offered for peace among the nations of the world.

INDIA & BRAZIL WILL COME TO THE FORE!

Masani's Plea For Developing Closer Relations

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"INDIA an dBrazil can find in ea ch other good comrades in the cause of world peace and racial equality that they both have at heart", observed Mr. M. R. Masani, till recently Ambassador of India in Brazil, addressing the Indian Council of World Affairs this afternoon.

Mr. J. R. D. Tata was in the chair, and a feature of the occasion was the presence at the special invitation the Council, of His Excellency the Ambassador-designate of Brazil and Senhora Mello Franco.

Mr. Masani recalled that even within a few months of the establishment of the Indian Embassy in Rio de Janeiro, he had received a letter from the Secretary of the Indian Delegation to the U. N. Assembly in Paris last year, stating that there was already evident a better appreciation of the Indian point of view on the part of the Brazilian delegate.

Referring to the great potentialities of the two countries in their respective regions, the speaker quoted the view expressed to him by Dr. Osvaldo Aranha, one time Brazilian Foreign Minister and President of the U. N. Assembly, that the next two decades might witness a shift in the centre of gravity in the world's affairs from the temperate to the tropical zone and that, in that event, India and Brazil would each have an outstanding role to play.

Mr. Masani drew a parallel between the two countries and referred to various points of similarity as well as contrast. Among similarities, he enumerated size, climate and vegetation, and the temperamental affinity between the two peoples. Both countries were a melting-pot of races, and he paid a tribute to Brazil for its great achievement in the direction of successfully effecting fusion between various races on equal terms. The great Brazilian sociologist, Gilberto Freyre, had opined that "nothing is honestly or sincerely Brazilian that denies or hides the influence of the Amerindians and the Negroes."

NOT JUST AN EXTENSION OF EUROPE

Mr. Masani emphasised that Brazil and other countries of Latin America were not just an extension of Europe, but that they constituted an autonomous and independent region with its own distinctive approach to the world's problems.

Among the contrasts, Mr. Masani mentioned the comperative youth of the Brazilian nation, which dates back only four centuries, as also the density of population which is twenty times as high in India as in Brazil.

The speaker dealt with Brazil's great wealth of natural resources but this, as in the case of our own country, remained largely undeveloped. Even so, Brazil was the most industrialised of the bigger countries of Latin America and Mr. Masani referred to his visit to the iron and steel plant at Volta Redona, which possesses a capacity of 300,000 tons of steel a year, and compared it with the Jamshedpur steel works.

NO U. S. DOMINATION

Pointing out how British capital investments in Brazil exceeded those from the United States, the speaker discounted the impression prevalent in certan quarters that the countries of Latin America suffered from some subtle form of political domination by the United States. This may have been so at one time in regard to certain countries, but it was no longer true even of the smaller countries in that region and was completely wide of the mark in so far as the more important countries like Brazil, Chile and Argentina were concerned.

The speaker also discussed various features of the Brazilian Constitution and referred to the very progressive nature of the economic and social clauses almost unsurpassed in the world. While guaranteeing freedom of opposition and of the press and full civil liberties, the Brazilian Constitution also had a significant clause which safeguard the democratic regime against tatalitarian organisations "whose programme of action is contrary to a democratic regime based on the plurality of parties and on the guarantee of fundamental human rights."

Among suggestions made by the Ex-Ambassador for developing closer relations between the two countries were exchange of eminent scholars and scientists, with a view to pooling our knowledge and resources in dealing with current problems such as those of tropical diseases, cattle, forestry, soil conservation and river development, and the establishment of a Chair of Brazilian C ivilization in an Indian University and a Cnair of Indian Civilization n Brazilian University.

V.J.T.I. Student's Dispute Over Hostel Accommodation

RESORT TO HUNGER STRIKE NEAR PRINCIPAL'S OFFICE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A STUDENT of the V. J. Technical Institute has gone on hunger strike near the Principal's office, as a protest against the refusal of the authorities to cancel the recent rustication of four students, who were agitating for better hostel facilities. It is reported that more students are likely to go on hunger strike.

This is a sequel to a long-drawn dispute between the students and the authorities, for the past few months. Due to the limited accommodation in the hostel and the increasing number of applicants, the authorities had to resort to some sort of rationing, in allotment of seats, on the basis of seniority and merit.

ALLOTMENT OF SEATS

Final year students were given a seat in the hostel on account of seniority and irrespective of merit. The First Year students were admitted three per each room, which used to be once a double room. Second and Third Year students, who had scored 50 p.c. or more marks were admitted two in a room. About 17 students who had a lower percentage were asked to take another partner in their double rooms. This gave rise to a grievance. These 17 students feel that injustice has been done to them.

This has resulted in an agitation from last June. A strike was organised. The Principal did his best to settle the dispute amicably but failed to do so because of the attitude adopted by a certain section of the students, who misrepresented the whole thing and were rude to the authorities. There was a demonstration staged by the strikers, classes were disturbed and teachers were insulted. Thirteen of the demonstrators were summoned before the authorities and four students were rusticated and four were expelled from the hostel. For some time the institution ran smoothly but on the July 21, there was another call for a strike. There were more demonstrations on August 20, organised by the City Students' Action Committee and the Bombay Students' Union.

CERTAIN SECTION CAUSING TROUBLE?

To their representatives the Principal said that if the rusticated students made any representation to him he would place it before the Board of Management. Later on, the V.J.T.I. Students' Action Committee launched on a hunger strike in front of the Principal's office, which lasted for three days. This is being followed up now with more hunger strikes. It is claimed that the attendance in the institution is normal and it is only a certain section of the students is responsible for interrupting the work of the institution.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 4, (PTI): Following is the weather summary for Tuesday, Oct. 4, 1949:—

The monsoon has withdrawn from the country. Weather has been dry except for scattered showers in Assam, Orissa, the west Central Provinces, Madhya Bharat, north Hyderabad and south-east Madras.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL WEDNESDAY EVENING:— Thunder rain will occur locally in south-east Madras and south Malabar and at a few stations in Assam, north Malabar, Mysore and along the north-Madras coast.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the 24 hours, total rainfall from Oct. 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-39 hours I.S.T. on October 4, 1949:

Ahmedabad 91 75 0 0.3 plus 0.3, Ahmednagar 88 67 0 0.4 minus 0.2, Allahabad 93 75 0 0 minus 0.7, Bangalore 83 69 0 0.4 plus 0.3, Baroda 92 74 0 0 minus 0.2, Belgaum 80 61 0 0 minus 1.0.

BOMBAY: 85 75 0 0.6 0, Calcutta 87 79 T 0.1 minus 0.8, Delhi 92 71 0 0.1 minus 0.1, Hyderabad 87 81 0 0 minus 0.3, Lucknow 92 76 0 0 minus 0.4, Madras 95 77 0.1 0.9 minus 0.1, Mahabaleshwar 72 67 0 0.5 minus 1.4, Mysore 85 70 0 0 minus 0.9, Nagpur 90 71 0 1.2 plus 0.8, Poona 85 66 0 0.1 minus 0.7, Simla 71 54 0 0.2 minus 0.2, Surat 88 75 0 1.5 plus 1.2.

JAIL OFFICIAL SUSPENDED

SIMLA, Oct. (P. T. I.3: The Deputy Superintendent of Ludhiana Jail along with one Assistant Superintendent, one Head Warder and five Warders have been placed under suspension following the recent escape of three Communist detenus from Ludhiana District Jail, it is learnt here.

The East Punjab Government is understood to have withdrawn the amenities granted to the detenus to sleep in the open at night, it is stated here.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Mangal Smaran 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Sarangi Par Devgiri by Mohammad Ismail 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Surangi Vakil (Guj Geet) 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Mohan Advani (Geet) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Radio Personalities 1-55 Music of Theatre 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 D. S. Kane (Bhimpalas) 5-15 Mohan Advani (Geet) 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Purushottam Solankurkar (Chhayanat) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 D. S. Kane (Bhajan) 7-30 Mohan Advani 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0-Ruby Robinson-Soprano 10-15 Peter Heilbron-Baritone 10-30 Dominic Pereira and his Radio Quartet.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Tara Kalle (Todi) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Gajananbuwa Navgaonkar (Bhajana) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 G. S. Yellapurkar (Kannada Bhajan) 1-10 Pakke Gane 1-40 News (H) 1-50 "Rang Tarang" (Urdu) 2-20 Musical Interlude 4-20 As in Bombay—A 5-30 G. V. Dandekar (Multani) 6-0 Tara Kalle (Purvi) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Gajananbuwa Navgaonkar (Gaulan) 8-30 Iindi Kovid Prichaya 8-45 Lalita Venkatram (K. songs) 9-0 Tara Kalle (Maru Bihag) 9-15 Mohammad Ismail (Sarangi par Kedara) 9-30 Ramroopi Lok Geeto 9-45 Review of current affairs by Frank Moraes 10-0 "Illis Jatak" Drama in Marathi by Shamrao Oak 10-30 Purushottam Solankurkar (Adana).

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Rag Bilawal (On Mandolin, Dilruba and Flute) 7-40 Bhikhubhai Bhavsar (Khyal Vilambit ane Drut) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Music Lesson 8-30 Vidyanath Seth 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Stree Sammelan 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Raag Puriya Dhanashree (On Violin, Sarang, Clarionet, Flute and Trumpet) 6-15 Taslim Khan (Hindustani Songs) 6-35 Gramjano Mate 7-0 Songs from Screen 7-15 Raag Bihag (Violin and Mandolin) 7-30 Sant Ram Punjabi (Bhajans) 7-45 Bhikhubhai Bhavsar (Khayal Vilambit: Kedar) 8-0 Geeto 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Ahmedabad 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Fundamental rights: (E), Relayed from Ahmedabad 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Mahendra Bhatt (Bhajano) 7-40 As in Baroda 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Baroda 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-35 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 Kabir Krut Bhajano 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 Dwandwa Geeto 7-45 Samay Sathe (Talk in English) 8-0 Violin Par 'Shree' 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Abdul Kadar Khan (Khayal Kedar) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 "Uttara" 9-45 Tulsidas Rachit Bhajano.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The industrial dispute between the Pure Products and Madhu Canning, Limited, Bombay, and its workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. P. S. Bakhale.

WORLD'S FIRST HISTORICAL MARRIAGE That CREATED EPIC HISTORY!
IN
PREM ADIB Pictures Pride Presentation.
RAMVIVAH
SHOBHANA SAMARTH, PREM ADIB, UMAKANT.
Produced & Directed by PREM ADIB. Art: KANU DESAI
From FRIDAY 14th Oct.
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A CENTRAL FILM DISTRIBUTORS RELEASE.

A DEVOTEE CAN DEFY A PROUD OPPRESSOR
ON THE STRENGTH OF SHEER SOUL FORCE!

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Produced And Directed By SOHRAB MODI
FROM 8TH OCT. SAT. AT 2 HOUSES!
NARSINH AVATAR
Starring SHOBANA SAMARTH LAKSHMAN, NIRANJAN SHARMA, MAHIPAL, R. TIWARI & HUNDREDS!
DOUBLE PREMIERE ON SATURDAY, 8th OCTOBER!
CENTRAL
3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
Sun., Hol. Mats. 12-30.
Plans open 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
(TILL FRI. 14 ONLY)
EXCELSIOR
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Its Music iS delightful
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BALAM
SURAIYA. Wasti. NIGAR.
Now in 2nd WEEK
Minerva & Excelsior
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Life's DEAREST Experience..
Gopinath

ON A LECTURR TOUR

Mrs. Krishna Hutheesingh left by air to U.S. on a lecture tour with her two sons.

TAKE MORE INTEREST IN PARKS AND GARDENS

Premier Kher's Radio Appeal

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"THE notion that parks and gardens are meant only for the rich is wrong and should be avoided. Hundreds of public gardens and parks should be made available to the people", said the Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher in a broadcast from All India Radio, Bombay, today.

He said: "The beauty of Nature, the tree, the bough, the leaf and the flower has been immortalised by poets like Valmiki, Kalidasa, Wordsworth, Keats and Shelley. Love of gardens is not peculiar to the moderns. In classics like 'Shakuntala', 'Vikrama Urvashiya' and 'Kadambari' every page abounds in beautiful descriptions of nature.

"From the Vedic times down to our own days references in literary works go to show how well-versed we have been in the art of planning public gardens. There is a comprehensive book known as "Vriksha Aurved". The gardens and zoos maintained by the Peshwas were also well-known. William Price, writing in 1755 gives in his diary, a description of the large size zoo maintained by the Peshwas, near Parvati Hill in Poona.

USEFUL GARDENS

"India, being a poor country, may not be able to have national parks on the scale that one finds in the western countries like England and America; but we have started having parks in North Kanara District, in Bombay, Gujerat, Konkan, Khandesh and other parts of the Province. Gardens are merely beauty spots where people go for pleasure. They can also be made useful, for example, the orange is sweet but so also the tree is beautiful and blossoms fragrant".

Appealing to the people to take more interest in parks and gardens, the Premier said "there are many people who have lived for years in Bombay without seeing the Hanging Gardens or Victoria Gardens, and in Poona, the Bund Garden and the Empress Garden. If in a country like Japan every house can have a garden and every child can be taught artistic decoration of the household, we should certainly make an effort to bring joy and cheer in our every day life".

CHILD EDUCATION

Vanita Samaj Exhibition

The four-day exhibition on Child Education which was inaugurated by Smt. Sulochana Modi, Chairman of the Municipal Schools Committee, on the 1st instant at the Vanita Samaj, Shivaji Park, came to an end on Tuesday evening. Organised by the Vanita Samaj for popularising its efforts at educating mothers in child-care and education, it proved a great success as one could see from the large numbers of women who flocked there on all the four days.

In addition to a number of educational implements and playthings required in a kindergarten, the exhibition had different sections on the varied aspects of child education, complete with dietary charts and wardrobe outfit. A thousand and one attractive-looking exhibits in the handicrafts section showed how waste matter, such as rags, paper bits, empty containers and match boxes, etc., could be turned into useful articles. Practical demonstrations and lectures by experts on child psychology and child care formed yet another feature of this well-organised show.

The Vanita Samaj which has been running a kindergarten school for the past seven years has only recently started regular classes for the benefit of women who wish to learn something about child education.

L. J.

OVERSEAS MAILS

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The next despatch of overseas mails for British East Africa, Madagascar, Portuguese East Africa, South Africa, Northern and Southern Rhodesia, Mauritius, Gold Coast, Nigeria and British West Africa will be made from Bombay on October 7, 1949 by s.s. "Karanja".

Mails arriving in Bombay Foreign upto 6 p.m. on October 6 will be included in the despatch subject to limit of shipping space.

The next despatch of overseas mails for Great Britain and Ireland, Europe, Central and Southern America, Egypt and Mediterranean countries, Arabia and Aden will be made from Bombay on October 8 by R.M.S. "Chitral"

Mails arriving in Bombay Foreign upto 6 p.m. on October 7 will be included in the despatch subject to limit of shipping space.

ADVOCATE'S SUIT DISMISSED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee.)

Ambalal P. Parikh. ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

The Hind Bank Ltd. .. Defendants.

His Lordship dismissed with costs a suit filed by the plaintiff, a Bombay Advocate, claiming Rs. 50,000 as damages for wrongful termination of his services as manager of the defendant Bank.

The plaintiff stated that he had been appointed manager of the Bombay Branch of the defendant Bank on 1st March 1944 on a salary of Rs. 1,000 per month on a permanent basis. On the termination of his services in November 1944 the defendant Bank alleged that he was paid his salary for November plus a sum of Rs. 1,000 in lieu of notice. The plaintiff denied receipt of this sum and contended that having regard to his position in life the notice given to him terminating his services was too short.

His Lordship observed that he had rarely come across an educated man giving evidence in a manner as unsatisfactory as that of the plaintiff. His Lordship held that the plaintiff was not employed on any "permanent basis", that the representations made by the plaintiff as to his previous Banking experience were unfounded and that there was a custom in Bombay that Bank employees even of a superior grade were entitled to only one month's notice of terminatin of employment. His Lordship therefore dismissed the plaintiff's suit with costs.

Mr. S. A. Desai, Mr. P. P. Khambatta and Mr. G. S. Brown instructed by Messrs. Eastley Lam and Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. M. S. Vakil and Mr. M. R. Mody instructed by Messrs. Tyabji Dahyabhai and Co. appeared for the defendants.

CITY SUGAR STOCKS ADEQUATE

3,000 Bags Released To Retailers

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Over 3,000 bags of sugar were released by the Sugar Merchants' Association to retail sugar traders and hotel keepers, today.

Hundreds of sugar retailers and hotel keepers lined up at the godown of the Association at Carnac Bunder since the morning to obtained their quota. Out of 3,000 bags, the hotels received 1,700 bags as their quota.

Today's rush was due to the three consecutive intervening holidays. It was ascertained from knowledgeable circles that the sugar stocks for the ensuing week are quite adequate.

B. C. G. Campaign In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 4 (PTI): B.C.G. vaccination is being given to adults and children at the Health Office of the Ahmedabad Municipality and in selected schools.

An official of the Health Department said he believed that 10,000 persons may have been afflicted by tuberculosis in Ahmedabad.

Financial Integration Talks In Delhi

NEW DELHI Oct. 4 (PTI): Pandit Hiralal Shastri, Premier of the Rajasthan Union arrived here today for discussions on the financial integration of Rajasthan with the Indian Union.

He will discuss with the officials of the States and Finance Ministers the recommendations of the Krishnamachari Committee and it is expected that an agreement would be signed to implement the proposals.

OUR MADRAS NEWSLETTER:

A Great Experiment In Madras Administration

JUDICIARY GETS FREEDOM FROM EXECUTIVE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MADRAS, (By Air Mail).

OCTOBER 2, Mahatma Gandhi's birthday synchronised with the inauguration of the scheme of separation of the judiciary from the executive.

The scheme, which is being implemented for the present in two districts is more a token plan; for the question of its extension to other provinces will be decided only on the merits of experience gained from these two districts.

In a broadcast on the eve of the scheme's inauguration, Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister for Law, explained the broad principles of it. "We have divided all the magisterial functions under the Code into judicial and non-judicial", he said. "For doing judicial work, we are setting up a separate class of magics trates, who will be not under the control of the Collector but of the High Court" These judicial officers will, when the scheme takes full effect, all be qualified in law.

Regarding the further stages of the scheme, Mr. Madhava Menon said that Government hoped that the experience it at least in half the province before the new year, 1950, and it is hoped that the experience gained of its working in the interval that Government hoped to introduce it at least in half the move any defects therein that might have come to light.

ORIGIN OF PROPOSAL

It may be mentioned here that the proposal for the separation of Executive and judicial function was first considered during the Prakasam Ministry, when a committee reported on the subject and suggested a workable scheme. The proposal was further considered when Dr. Subbarayan was the Law Minister and a Cabinet Sub-Committee finalised it during his term of office. The form in which the scheme is being implemented now is slightly different from that which was originally decided upon, because it was thought that it would be profitable to put into effect a token scheme in the first place and then extend it in course of the and then extend it in course of time after experience has been gained of its working.

FLOODS NORTH OF MADRAS

Krishna And Guntur Worst Affected

Andhra districts to the north of Madras and some of the Rayalaseema districts witnessed one of the worst floods of recent years last week. The districts most affected were Krishna and Guntur and next came the districts of Nellore, East and West Godavery and Visakhapattanam. The Karnul district in Rayasaleema was also considerably affected and Cuddapah to some extent. The M.S.M. Railway line between Ongole and Vijayavada was extensively breached and communications between the headquarters of the province and the districts was at a standstill for more than a week. There was considerable damage to the standing crops, and loss of cattle on a fairly extensive scale has also been reported, It is not known how many people lost their lives, but there must have been some loss on that account also.

In any case a large number, estimated at some thousands, are stated to have been rendered homeless. The worst aspect of the floods has, however, been the loss of crops, which are almost ready for harvest in the Telugu districts.

The need for urgent relief measures is being widely emphasised and besides the assistance rendered to flood victims by the local officers immediately after the occurrence of the floods, the Madras Government have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 3 1|2 lakhs for distribution of relief. The Andhra Provincial Congress Committee has set up a relief Committee and an appeal has been made by the President of the Committee, Mr. Ranga, for financial and other kinds of help by the people to enable the victims of the floods to tide over their troubles. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, who is in Madras now, has also appealed to all sections of the Andhras to come forward immediately and unitedly to devise measures for relieving the sufferings of the people in the Guntur, Krishna and Godavari districts. It nas been stated that most of the irrigation tanks and other water sources had breached their bunds on account of the unprecedented rains and an appeal has been made to the Government to have the breaches repaired immediately.

ANDHRA PROVINCE AGITATION

Concern is expressed by observers of the agitation for the creation of the Andhra province over the acrimonious turn which the agitation has been taking of late, particularly with reference to the future of Madras city. The Andhra Convention deputation which met the Prime Minister put forward a claim to the northern half of the city on behalf of the Andhras, while as regards the southern half, it said that its future alignment can be left to a Boundary Commission. This has roused the Tamilian section of the population in Madras to intense activity and in a number of meetings, the claim of the Andhras to any portion of the city has been disputed by them. This has provoked a counter-agitation from the Andhra side for the inclusion of the entire city in the Andhra province, and the claim is sought to be supported by a reference to the historical origin of the city, which indicates that the village Chennapatna was originally a Telugu village, which was gifted by the then Telugu ruler, Chennappa Naika, to the East India Company. Not to be outdone by this argument, the Tamils have begun to proclaim that not only Madras, but the area to the north of the city up to nearly Nellore and Thirupati, should form part of the Tamil province

TWO SECTIONS OF OPINION

Tamil-Telegu Rift

That this race for claiming Madras by Tamils and Telugus respectively is neither satisfactory nor justified but highly deplorable is the view widely held by those who feel that the issue should be settled amicably. But what can be a suitable basis for such settlement is difficult to see. There are two solutions open to the problem, one of which is that the Madras City should be made a centrally-administered area, as Bombay is proposed to be done, and the other is to refer the issue to a boundary commission. The former is regarded by moderate sections of opinion, both in Tamilnad and Andhra, as the best way out of the impasse, because despite the JVP Committee's finding, that Madras is a city with provincial affiliations, it has really a cosmopolitan population, and the recent extensive growth of the city's population only emphasises the composite and cosmopolitan character of it. Making it a centrally administered area would probably be the ultimate solution to the city's problem; but in the meantime, that solution is apparently not acceptable to either side. Those who have been observing the trends of opinion in Madras, however, feel that opposition to that solution is only skin deep and is being kept up for bargaining purposes, and that if it is officially suggested by the Central authorities, it will be accepted.

It is becoming increasingly evident that in the present temper of the southern presidency, the constitution of a separate Andhra province cannot be further deferred. Things have reached a stage when further postponement of the issue will only aggravate the bitterness and exacerbate feelings between the two sections. There is a growing feeling that the Working Committee of the Congress and the Government of India should arrive at a final decision about the province issue and announce it at an early date. It should be in terms of the JVP. Report and the suggestions put forward by the Andhra Mahasabha deputation to the Prime Minister, namely, the constitution of the province out of the eleven undisputed Telugu districts and the leaving of the city's problem to be settled along with that of Bombay. In the meantime, Madras would remain the capital of both the Tamil and Andhra provinces. This kind of decision by the Centre will give a quietus to the agitation and provide an atmosphere favourable to the calm consideration of the respective claims to Madras city and how they can be adjusted. It is being ardently hoped that the Central authorities will act without delay.

ONE YEAR OF PROHIBITION

Not Much Improvement

October 2 marked the first anniversary of the introduction of province-wide prohibition in Madras and the occasion was taken by the Madras Premier to make a review of the manner in which the experiment had worked. There may be critics—there are critics—of the policy of prohibition who are never tired of pointing out that, whereas it has resulted in the provincial Government sacrificing about Rs. 16 crores of revenue, it has not brought about any great improvement in the conditions of the people in the villages. In fact a recent survey conducted by some students of the Annamalai university on the efforts of prohibition in select villages is reported to have revealed that the economic conditions of the ex-addicts had not very much improved on account of prohibition and that the savings movement among them was not a great success.

The Premier however, in his review presented a different picture of the effects of prohibition. According to him, the experiment was an unqualified success. In fact "what has been achieved had confounded critics", and during the last twelve months they missed in the province certain scenes which bore testimony to the evils of drink. He referred, for example, to the fact that anyone who was seen in public drunk was held up to ridicule and exposed himself to the penalties of law, so that everyone was ashamed to be ping and drinking of liquor. There were a great moral victory. He was not unaware of the existence of illicit tapping and drinking of liquor. There wtre during the past year, about 2800 cases of illicit distillation, 300 cases of illicit tapping, 70 of smuggling liquor and 130 relating to illicit possession of intoxicating drugs, on an average per month. But considering the total population of the province, which is more than 50 millions, it was a negligible proportion of crime.

Referring to the ameliorative aspects of prohibition policy, Mr. Kumaraswami Raja pointed out that 1.63 lakhs of ex-tappers were absorbed during the year in other occupations; about 1,500 jaggery manufacturing societies, 120 milk supply societies, 20 cottage industries societies on a co-operative basis were functioning today for the benefit of ex-tappers. Land colonisation societies were formed in different places and ex-tappers and ex-addicts had been assigned 2,300 acres of land, of which nearly 1200 acres had already been brought under the plough. The major portion of the capital for starting these societies had come from ex-tappers amid ex-addicts themselves.

As regards the direct economic benefits to the ex-addicts, the Premier stated that savings to the extent of about Rs. 4.62 lakhs were affected through hundi-boxes distributed to the families of ex-addicts through the ameliorative staff. One indisputable fact, he concluded, that no critic could ignore was that "there was a tangible increase in domestic happiness and social harmony to an unprecedented extent today. More than anybody else, the women-folk who sufferd a lot at the hands of ex-addicts know the benefits of prohibition and they could not forget the benefits that the Congress Government conferred on them by banning liquor."

GIRLS SCHOOL STRIKE CONTINUES

Deputation To Wait On Education Minister

(From A Correspondent)

JAMNAGAR, Oct. 4.

Girls of Sajuba English School are still on strike as their grievances have not been redressed. The staff of teachers being insufficient the full course of the term has not been completed. Today is the seventh day of the strike.

It is alleged the Education Department authorities are adamant, and the strikers will wait in deputation on the Education Minister led by Seth Fulchandbhai, President of the City Congress and Municipality. It is believed this move will enable them to get justice.

The Government Municipality was inaugurated at 10 a.m. yesterday by the Secretary, Sjt. Virendra Mehta.

Gandhi Jayanti was celebrated here with enthusiasm.

PAK BUSINESSMEN TO FOREGO PROFITS

Undertaking To Help Monetary Policy

KARACHI, October 4. (PTI-Reuter): The business community of Pakistan has assured the Government that they would "stand by it" to ensure that the value of the country's rupee is maintained, states the Associated Press of Pakistan.

The Government of Pakistan recently appointed a "Business Facilities Committee, with representatives of private business as its members, to advise them on trade matters. These representatives, according to the news agency, have "voluntarily given a solemn undertaking" that they would rather forgo their profits than pursue a line of action prejudicial to the larger interests of Pakistan.

The A.P.P. also reported that "high level talks" were still proceeding in Karachi last night to formulate Government's policy to promote jute exports to the world markets and to stabilise prices at a level ensuring reasonable returns to the cultivator.

Commercial circles in the capital believed that the price of loose jute in Pakistan would be argund rupees 25 per maund, the news agency added.

'DUAL POSSESSION' IN PAKISTAN

Evacuee Businessmen's Grievances

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The West Pakistan Evacuee-Business Association has appealed to the Bombay Government to apply the Indian Evacuee Property Ordinance "exactly in the same form "as the law relating to evacuee property is applied by the Pakistan Government.

A deputation on behalf of the Association, which consists of traders whose business in West Pakistan has been sealed, seized or confiscated, placed before the Custodian of Evacuee Uroperty of the Bombay Government today a memorandum giving details of the working of the Pakistan Ordinance. The deputationists pointed out that under the Ordinance the Pakistan authorities were taking "dual possession" of Hindu business, then enforced "Muslim partnership confiscation and sealed Hindu business and property."

The Custodian of Evacuee Property it is understood, assured the deputationists that he would consider the various points raised in the memorandum.

ANOTHER BARRAGE FOR SIND

Pakistan Government's Bahawalpur Scheme

SUKKUR, Oct. 3. (PTI-Reuter): The Pakistan Government had under consideration a scheme for a third barrage for Sind, somewhere near Bahawalpur, the Pakistan Minister for Food and Agriculture, Pirzada Abdus Sattar, said here today.

The Minister told pressmen that when this scheme materialised, it was hoped that the land still lying waste in Upper Sind would be irrigated and brought under cultivation.

Speaking of the rice crop in Sind, he said that due to an early fall in the river Indus inear Sukkur, the rice crop in Sukkur and Jacobabad districts had been "slightly damaged". He, however, hoped that despite this damage, Sind was expected to yield at least two lakh maunds of rice in surplus as against one and a half lakhs maunds last year. This surplus rice from Sind had been earmarked for Eastern Pakistan, the Minister added.

GANDHI JAYANTI IN LAHORE

LAHORE, Oct. 3. (PTI-Reuter): "Gandhi Jayanti"—birthday anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi—was celebrated in Lahore on Sunday at the residence of the Deputy High Commissioner for India in Pakistan. The function was attended by Indian nationals and admirers of Mahatma Gandhi.

The proceedings started with community singing of "Ramdhun". Selections from the scriptures of different religions were recited.

Dr. Mrs. Ruth C. Wright, an American educationist, addressing the gathering, referred to the unanimous passage of a resolution in both houses of the American Legislature to erect a Gandhi Memorial in Washington, "as a unique tribute to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi".

Mr. D. R. Kohli, in charge of the Indian Mission, observed: "It was fortunate for India that the foundations of its freedom were laid by the great soul whose spirit will guide its destinies on the right path".

INDORE CITY AND MAHATMA JAYANTI

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE CITY, Oct. 4

Under instructions from the Government of Malwa Union Gandhi's birthday was celebrated today (Monday) by the staffs of Education and other Departments of the State.

It is reported this was done due to the decision of the Union's Rajpramukh (the Ruler of Gwalior) to hold Dusserah darbar on October 2 (Sunday).

PALUDRINE for protection against malaria

Now...one tablet instead of three
'PALUDRINE' WEEKLY TABLET for protection against malaria
AT LAST! The new, large 0.3 Gm 'Paludrine' tablet ..... just one tablet only a week—will protect you against Malaria. Presented in sealed, transparent strips of eight, specially designed to withstand tropical conditions.
DOSAGE FOR PROTECTION AGAINST MALARIA ONE TABLET A WEEK
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SMALLER DOSAGE FOR CHILDREN ACCORDING TO DOCTORS PRESCRIPTION
8 ANNAS PER STRIP ..... OR
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IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LTD.

G.I.P. Railway Register A Sensational Win In Rovers Cup

BEST'S UNEXPECTED EXIT FROM DAS CUP

Goalkeeper's Lapse Leads To Defeat

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

B.E.S.T. Sports Club, who a few days back won the Second Division of the Harwood League made an unexpected exit from the Das Cup when they were surprised by Kohinoor Mills 'A and succumbed by the only goal of the match scored in the second half of play by Jacob this evening at the St. Xaviers Ground Parel.

Their defeat was due mainly to a lapse on the part of their custodian Prabhakar whose over-confidence led to his handling the ball carelessly and allowing it to slip from his hands over the goal-line. Credit must also be given to the Mill defenders, who allowed their redoubtable opponents no chance of getting close enough to do any damage.

B.E.S.T. commenced the game in storming fashion and had their opponents on the defensive for the major portion of the first half and the defenders found their hands overburdened and the forwards had to drop back to help them out of many a dangerous suitation. They packed the goalmouth affording the rival attackers little chance of having a direct and close shot at goal. They had recourse to long shooting but the rival custodian was equal to all the calls made on him.

A few minutes before the change of ends the tramwaymen lost a glorious chance of obtaining a vital goal when they were awarded a penalty in their favour but Sawant who was entrusted with the kick failed to beat the opposing custodian who stopped the ball and from the rebound the same player shot again but wide of the mark.

After the resumption Kohinoor took over the initiative and the rival goal had some near escapes and it was only in the eight minute that Jacob scored the only goal of the match when he chased a clearance and drove the ball feebly into the goal which goalkeeper Prabhakar thought he could fool about with and the result was that the ball slipped out of his hands and went over the goal line to give the millmen a lucky goal which turned out to the winning goal.

After this the tramwaymen made determined attempts to equalise but all their efforts were all foiled by a sturdy defence of the opposition whose work enabled their team to retire ultimate winners by a solitary goal.

MYSORE WINS INTER 'VARSITY FOOTBALL

MADRAS, October 4 (P.T.I.): Mysore won the Sir Ashutosh Mukherjee Shield, beating the Patna University by two goals to one in the final of the Inter-University Football Tournament here today. But it was Patna that led by one goal at halftime.

Mysore were South Zone finalists while Patna had own the North Zone final.

Both teams looked well matched in all departments of the game except in the goal where Patna's custodian outshone his Mysore opposite. In fact, but for him, Mysore might have won by a much bigger margins. Similarly deep defenders Gundappa and Nagaraj proved impregnable for Mysore while pivot Meccai was, as usual, very competent in his dual role.

During the first ten minutes it was all Patna that was attacking. Mysore had warmed up by then and exerted such pressure in the next 20 minutes that Patna's goal had many narrow escapes. Yet it was Patna that scored against the run of play. Five minutes before the breather right-extreme Amendu Sen took a shot at the goal. Left-inner Subodh Kanjilal, a member of the Indian Football Team that visited Kabul some time ago, touched the ball before it entered the net.

On crossing over Mysore went all out for the equaliser and got it in the sixteenth minute when left-back Nagaraj headed in a flag kick taken by left-Inner Gangadhar. Three minutes before close Gangadhar scored the winning goal off a fine centre from right-extreme Philip.

Teams were as follows:—

MYSORE:—Baliga; Gundappa and Nagaraj; Ramaswamy, Meccai and Narayan; Philip, Subramaniam, Mathen, Gangadhar and Ranganathan.

PATNA:—Zain-ul-Abedin; P. Datta and Sahay; S. Bannerjee, N. Singh and S. P. Singh; Amalendu Sen, Sudhir Tirkey, Shyam Sunder, Subodh Kanjilal and Shafi.

Referee:—T. P. Kesavan.

Cricket Fielding Competition

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Cricket Club of India will be holding an open cricket fielding competition in the end of the month. The Tournament which will be held for two days, Saturday the 29th. and Sunday the 30th. at the Brabourne Stadium and is open to all affiliated clubs who can send two players to take part in the same.

The tournament will consist of three items the slip fielding, middle fielding and out-fitlding. The entries close on 14th. October.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL
Cooperage

5-15 p.m. Trades vs. East India Railway (Rovers Cup quarter-final replay).

St. Xavier's Parel

4-20 p.m. G. I. P. "B" vs. Reserve Bank of India (H. V. M. Cup).

5-20 p.m. G. B. Police vs. Bombay City "B" (H. V. M. Cup).

ST. FRANCIS GOANS LOSE BY FOUR GOALS TO ONE

Tambe Scores All Four Goals In Quarter Final

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The G.I.P. Railway have to thank the diminutive Tambe for carrying them into the semi-final round of the Rovers Cup Football Tournament, when they beat St. Francis Goans by four goals to one. Tambe scored all four goals for his side in a hectic ten minutes of delightful football in a game which was otherwise mediocre.

Tambe was literally the proudest man on the field and everyones eyes were glued on the little man as he sensationally ran through the St. Francis side with four marvellous goals. He is indeed a great opportunist.

St. Francis Goans exerted pressure in the opening stages and gained a solitary goal advantage just two minutes before half time, but that was as far as they went and when all seemed sure that they would prevail as the Railway were unimpressive, though they have earned for themselves the reputation of being the shock team of the season, the last ten minutes carried them through to victory.

B. Duncan, Jones, Pavey, Almeida were stalwarts in defence for the Railway while Shiva and Tambe impressed in the attack. For the St. Francis Goans little can be said except for Rebeiro who gave a very account as centre half.

St. Francis Goans took the field with nine men, but they were having the better of the exchanges and made too fine efforts. Eusebio shot on both occasions. Puthoo, the Railway goalie intervened to save well.

When the game was five minutes old another player strengthened the side and it was rather unfortunate that though he was an addition he spoilt a golden opportunity of his side going into the lead when C. Braganza was well placed to score and had just to push it past a helpless goalie he put his foot in and drove the ball out of play. Soon Walter D'Souza joined the team and made it complete.

The Railway were able to transfer play into the St. Francis' area but though they took advantage of a corner kick rebound which Duncan headed in from a pass by Jones but Christopher collected and cleared well.

Once again the teams were making rival attempts which were none too dangerous on each others goals and it was a pity to see the Goan side player Laetao as a right outer who was most erratic and seemed to have a very poor idea of the game. Twice he was well placed in the Railway goal area and he sent the ball wide or when he should have passed he shot into goal from a very difficult angle and the ball went wide.

The Railway were having a fewer scoring opportunities or chances to try a shot at goal and it was never easy for them to make capital of scoring chances.

Somehow N. Laetao the right outer made amends for his early lapses by scoring St. Francis Goans opening goal just two minutes before the end of the first session. Eusebio the end of the first session. Eusebio sent across to the right extreme a pass at the corner of the box and Laetao had only Puthoo the goalie to beat and he did it with a powerful high one.

The Goans were on the offensive in the succeeding session and were giving the goal of the Railway quite a look over. Puthoo had his hands quite full. C. Braganza made a good attempt but the ball went wide. Then the goalie in trying to clear by throwing the ball hit it against Eusebio's head but it was lucky to be safely out of reach of the same player and was cleared by a defender.

The Railway tried hard for the equalizer and several attempt were made and it only due to an off side goal that they gained the equalizer in the 22nd minute of play and it was the diminutive Tambe who was unsighted already in goalmouth who scored from close range. Shiva passed the ball to him after a clearance by Reggie Rodrigues.

Five minutes later Tambe proved a great opportunist and accepting a fine through pass from the right outer James he had Christopher beaten all ends up to score his sides second goal as well as his own.

Five minutes later Tambe was able to perform the hat-trick of a fine header when he put the ball past Christopher after a pass from James just down the goal line and close in. Proceeding this the Goan goal had a miraculous escape when Shiva tried a shot which found Christopher beaten by the high left and luckily Walter D'Souza sent it away from goal line.

The Railway were now virtually creating new life into a game that had been replete with dullness. It was rather a feeling that a quarter final in this Rovers Cup Tournament was a complete wash out, but the Railway had turned the corner and experienced a piece of good luck due to the grand opportunism of Tambe who was now in charge of the attack having shifted over from the right in position. The "little man" was proving dangerous and it was difficult to check him as he was rather elusive.

Sensational football was witnessed in the last five minutes of play when the Goan goal was suddenly under a spell and it seemed as though an orgy of goals was to follow. Tambe sent in another good ground shot off a pass from James and scored his sides fourth goal as well as his own. The half filled stands greeted the "small man" Tambe with tremendous applause as he performed a herculian task single handed.

The Railway won by four goals to one and they will play East Bengal on October 6 in the semi-final round.

The Teams:—

G.I.P. RAILWAY:— Puthoo; Pavey, Almeida; Jones, B. Duncan, A. Duncan; James, Tambe, M. D'Souza, Shiva, Bhickoo.

ST. FRANCIS GOANS: Christopher, St. Anney, Reggie Rodrigues; W. D'Souza, F. Rebeiro, V. D'Souza; N. Laetao, C. Braganza, Eusebio, J. Fernandes, A. Fernandes.

Referee:— T. S. Mani.

CONTRACT BRIDGE TOURNAMENT

Port Trust Sports Club To Hold Open Event

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An Open Contract Bridge Tournament is being organised by the Bombay Port Trust Sports Club in the second week of this month. The tournament which commences on the 9th will be run according to the existing international rules. All matches will be decided by 36 deals in the initial rounds, and by 40 and 48 deals in the semi-finals and final respectively.

The grand total of points will be the deciding factor, irrespective of the rubbers or games won or lost by each partnership. Special prizes will be awarded for Grand Slams bid and made.

The entries which close on the 8th should be sent to the Secretary along with an entrance fee of Rs. 5 per partnership.

JUNIOR ROVERS' CUP FOOTBALL

Tournament Draw

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Junior Rovers Cup Football Tournament which is held for Second Division sides at Parel will commence on Monday, October 10.

Eighteen teams have been included in the draw which is as follows:—

UPPER HALF:—General Motors, S. C. (Bye); Wimco vs India Culture League; Khandala Vijay vs Rainbow "A" (Bye); Tata S. C. "A" vs Globe S C. "A" (Bye); St. Francis Goans "B" vs Indian Gymkhana.

LOWER HALF:—Bombay City "A" vs Khatau S. C. (Bye); Dockyard "A" vs Volkart Bros (Bye); R.I.N. vs Kohinoor Mills (Bye); Goan S. C. "B" vs Elphinstone Mills; B.E.S.T. (Bye).

Diving And Swimming Demonstration In Kanpur

KANPUR, Oct. 3 (PTI): Miss Betty Slade, diving champion of Europe, and Mr. Johnny Johnson, who at one time earned the title of England's leading water comedian, gave a demonstration of diving and swimming here today before a gathering of leading citizens.

Aga Khan's Somali Does To Break Record

NOTTINGHAM, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter): **The Aga Khan's Somali by Nasrullah out of Sonibai broke the previous course record when he won the 700 sterling Trial Handicap over one mile at Nottingham race course today. Somali covered the distance in one minute 36.6 seconds to improve on the old figures by two-fifths of a second.**

Somali who carries seven stone eight pounds in the Cambridgeshire beat Red Ranger by a neck with Prince Rupert third of the five runners.

KUMAR GHOSH BEATS CHANDARANA

Exhibition Table Tennis At Mysore Association

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Uttam Chandarana, the national table tennis champion and undefeated so far over a number of seasons in local table tennis, was beaten this evening by another international player Kumar Ghosn in an exhibition game held at the Mysore Association premises at Matunga this evening.

A thrilling encounter in which Kumar Ghosh rose to very great heights had the crowds spell-bound during the four games that were played. Hitting with his brilliant backhand flicks all over the table, Kumar invariably confounded all critics as well as Uttam by smashing with strokes which left Uttam standing gaping at the strokes.

This is the second time Uttam has lost in exhibition game in recent year. Last year in Calcutta, Ranbir Bhandari had the rare distinction of lowering the colours of the Bombay's pride of Indian table tennis.

The following were the results of the matches played today.

Kumar Ghosh beat Khanchand by two games to one; Ranbir Bhandari beat Ossie Dyer by two games to nil; O. Dyer and Mrs. Rajagopolan beat Kumar Ghosh and Mrs. Ghosh by two games to one; Khanchand beat Ranbir Bhandari by two games to one; Khanchand and Dyer beat Kumar Ghosh and Ranbir Bhandari by two games to one; Kumar Ghosh beat U. M. Chandarana, 21-15, 21-18, 20-22, 21-17; U. M. Chandarana and Ranbir Bhandari beat Khanchand and Dyer.

BIGGEST ENTRIES FOR EMPIRE GAMES

Countries To Send Full Teams: Shortage Of Funds Denied

AUCKLAND, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter).

C. L. Cleal, Organising Secretary of the Empire Games to be held here in February, said today that the entry is likely to be the biggest ever for this event.

He was replying to a suggestion that shortage of funds might prevent some countries from sending full teams.

Nine countries have advised that they are sending teams totalling 349, plus officials, and New Zealand's entry is expected to number 160—an aggregate of 509 £. Seven other countries have reported that they will send teams without giving number of their competitors.

The highest entry for previous Empire Games was 507 to the last meeting in Sydney in 1938.

Entries close on October 31.

"A NEW SET OF PLAYERS NEEDED IN BRITAIN'S TENNIS," SAYS FRED PERRY

Plenty Of Sunshine And Climate Reported To Be Reason For American Supremacy

LONDON, Oct. 3, (PTI-Reuter).

A reason often given for the elevated place the Americans hold in the world of lawn tennis is the sunshine. This is supported by the evidence that the Californians dominate American tennis, for California has perhaps better climatic conditions than any other state in the United States, or any country in the world.

The Californian climate helps lawn tennis players in two respects. First, the sunnine gives them health and fitness. Second, the long spells of fine weather enable the players to put in longer hours of practice than is possible elsewhere.

If there is any truth that sunshine can improve the ability of players, then there should be some improvement in the standard of the game in Britain, which has had five full months of beatiful weather.

Any betterment, however slight, would be most welcome for the past season, despite the fine weather, has been one of the gloomiest in British tennis since the war.

Unfortunately, however, the weather can be said to be only an aid to better tennis and until British players possess, through proper coaching, the latent skill all the sun in the world will not make them champions.

Back in the United States after his trip to Europe to coach the British Davis Cup team, among other things, Fred Perry is not very optimistic about the immediate future of British lawn tennis.

Perry who before becoming an American subject won three Wimbledon titles for Britain, said "a new set of players is needed. British coaches must find some eighteen years olds and teach them the game."

This remark is significant in that Perry obviously did not see any players in Britain during his coaching trip who caught his eye and he must think those older than that age have little chance of showing sufficient improvement to reach the top of the tree.

However the Lawn Tennis Association are perserving and twenty young players have been picked out from a recent junior tournament at Wimbledon for special coaching by the leading British professional Dan Maskell. So these youngsters are going to have the chance if they are good enough, and if they can spare the time for the necessary practice.

There are those who believe that lawn tennis champions are born and not made. While this may to some extent be true and players like John Bromwich are quite unorthodox the only hope a country has which has not natural champions is to try and make them. That is what the Lawn Tennis Association has set out to do and if a player of real promise is found Maskel is not likely to take away from him or her any match winning stroke even though it may not be in the textbook.

Well Cleared!

The incident in the Chelsea versus Burnley match played at Stanford Bridge on Saturday last. Bentley, the Chelsea centre-forward collides with Strong, the Burnley goalkeeper as the latter makes a save during the match.

TWO TITLES FOR MRS. LEWIS IN W. I. A. A. BADMINTON

Henry Ferreira And Talyarkhan Win Keen Doubles

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A very pleasant evening's programme marked the successful conclusion of the first open badminton tournament held by the Western India Automobile Association Club House Ltd., this evening when the finals of all the three doubles events were decided in the presence of a highly appreciative crowd.

This latest addition to the ranks of open badminton tournaments was confined purely to the doubles events this year, and the energetic organisers were rewarded when all the leading players both among men as well as women took part in this their first venture.

The proceedings opened with the women's doubles final between Miss Mumtaz Chinoy and Mrs. Nobina Lewis, the leading combination in India today, and the young collegians Miss Tehmi Vakeel and Miss Betty Farias. With the first game won by the champions very comfortably few thought that the college girls would give the older players hard time in the second, which is only an understatement of what actually happened in the second game. Tehmi and Betty made Mumtaz and Nobina fight for every point and matters came to a head when they equalled the scores at thirteen all, and going level after that till sixteen all, the junior players had an advantage over their rivals but a series of bad luck and added to that a few bad judgments made a present of the game to Mumtaz and Nobina and also the title with it, which otherwise would certainly have to be fought over the third game.

A thrill-packed men's doubles final followed, and opposed to each other on the two sides were Henry Ferreira and Homi Talyarkhan and the new combination of D. G. Mugwe and the promising youngster Bhopardikar. As Bala Ullal was not playing in this tournament for reasons of health, Mugwe had chosen the Bombay Colleges champion as his partner.

The final which was characterised by the hard-hitting game in which all the four whole-heartedly took part was very keenly contested. Mugwe and Bhopardikar made a definitely good combination, as Bhopardikar constantly attacked from the baseline with his whipping smashes he suited as an ideal partner to Mugwe. The only difference however between Bala Ullal and Bhopardikar was however very much noticeable. While Bala's smashes were more effective due to it being directed downwards towards the feet of the opponent, Bhopardikar's smashes though more consistent than Bala's lacked the angle, and were wont to go outside the baseline very often. After leading 8—3, and then 13—9, Mugwe and Bhopardikar got the true test of their opponents determination. Henry and Homi won four points to level at thirteen all, and when umpire asked Mugwe for choice from the extra points, Mugwe had no hesitation in calling for straight two. A decision that was very wisely taken but had the misfortune to miscarry. Homi and Henry were serving with one service already out, and it was a question of only breaking through the service and scoring two points with their two services in tact. This bold step on the part of Mugwe went unrewarded, and Henry and Homi won the first game. In the second there were many exciting exchanges, but Homi and Henry won the game for the loss of only seven points.

In the mixed doubles final that followed, George Lewis and Mrs. Lewis won against G. P. Shirke and Miss Sumitra Nigudkar in two straight games.

A four-a-side exhibition match between Mr. Vithal Mehta's team and Mr. Shushil Ruia's team brought the function to a close. Mr. J. M. Kamdar, Vice-President of the W.I.A.A. Club presided and distributed the prizes.

The following were the results:—

Women's Doubles (Final)

Miss Mumtaz Chinoy and Mrs. Nobina Lewis beat Miss Tehmi Vakeel and Miss Betty Farias, 15—2, 18—16.

Men's Doubles (Final)

H. K. Talyarkhan and Henry Ferreira beat D. G. Mugwe and M. K. Bhopardikar, 15—13, 15—7.

Mixed Doubles (Final)

George Lewis and Mrs. Nobina Lewis beat G. P. Shirke and Miss Sumitra Nigudkar, 15—8, 15—10.

ORTIZ OUTPOINTED BY CLAYTON

World Bantam Weight Champion Beaten In Non-Title Bout

MANCHESTER, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter): Manuel Ortiz, Mexican holder of the world bantamweight title, was outpointed over ten rounds here by Ronnie Clayton, British featherweight champion, in a non-title bout tonight.

It was a fine all-action contest in which Clayton's superior boxing skill made him master almost throughout.

The 32-year-old Mexican, making his first appearance i nan English ring never really upset Clayton except in the last dying seconds of the bout.

In the early rounds Clayton, six years Younger than his formidable opponent, used his left beautifully and when Ortiz tried to get to close quarters he would pepper him about the head and face at long and short range most effectively.

A cut which appeared on the side of Clayton's right eye in the fifth round caused him some trouble as the fight progressed but it did not prevent him from keeping right at the top of his form.

In a thrill-packed last round Clayton and Ortiz stood toe to toe and slammed punches at each other without once letting up, it was Clayton who had the better of the exchanges until just before the bell when the Mexican swung a vicious right to the jaw which shook the British champion.

"We have no complaints to make" said Ortiz afterwards "I could not seem to be able to get going properly.

On the same programme Earl Wals, 21-years old coloured Canadian heavyweight, took only 87 seconds to defeat Piet Wilde, Belgian champion, by a knockout in the first round of their ten rounder.

Allan Tanner of British Guiana outpointed Jimmy Towel South African lightweight champion over ten rounds but the verdict caused a burst of booing from the crowd. Towel did most of the attacking.

Delhi's Threat To Our Three-Year-Old Champs

By Our Racing Correspondent

POONA Monday.

Capt. Saulez. owner of Serenade, Ooks, winner of 1948 is reported to have in training in Delhi a huge colt, Masquerade, by Illuminate out of Green Jade, a half-brother of Serenade. From all accounts the colt is likely to provide the greatest threat to Western India's best three-year olds in the coming classics. In fact, there is already a flutter among owners who are in the know of it.

It appears that fabulous offers were made for the purchase of that potential champion but Capt. Saulez is reported to have firmly turned down all of them.

"Brown Bomber" Hits Out

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): Joe Louis, retired world Heavyweight Champion, slammed Abel Cestac, Argentine Heavy-weight, round the ring here in the first of a series of exhibition matches.

Louis, though he appeared flabby around the waist weighed only eleven pounds more than when he knocked out Jersey Joe Walcott in June 1948.

He brought blood from Cestac's nose in the third round. Using his right hand only twice he kept Cestac in retreat with his left.

NOTTS' BID TO REGAIN LOST GLORY

League Soccer In England

LONDON, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): Notts County, who claim the honour of being the oldest League Club in England, are making a splendid effort this season to regain their former glory. With 17 points from ten matches they not only lead the League Three Southern Table, but have games in hand over their nearest rivals.

In recent years a determined bid has been made to put county back on the football map. It began with the signing of England centre-forward Tommy Lawton, from Chelsea three seasons ago. Other big money deals followed and now that enterprise is bringing results. The 20,000 sterling spent on Lawton in paying dividends for the centre-forward is in brilliant form and may well recapture his place in the England side.

Notts county have scored 29 goals in ten games this season, more than any other team in the four leagues, except Gateshead, who have the same number at the same stage last season. County had scored an equivalent number of goals and eventually collected 102—the highest in all four leagues.

Of these 27 were scored by Sewell, 26 by Johnston and 23 by Lawton. The county also headed the Third Division Southern for the best average attendance which topped 30,000.

Formed in 1862, Notts County joined the League when it came into existence in 1887. Their best performance was in the 1890-91 season when they finished third in the First Division. They were relegated to the third division in 1935 and have remained.

Wilson's Attempt To Break World-Speed Record

PICTON, ONTARIO, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): Harold Wilson, of Ingersoll, Ontario will try again today to break the late Sir Malcolm Campbell's world speed-boat record of 141.7 miles an hour with his 35,714 sterling Miss Canada Four.

Last night Miss Canada Four roared over the measured mile here at an unofficial 142.8 miles an hour. Wilson's bid was held up temporarily after the speed-boat failed to make its second lap over the course within 20 minutes, as required by American Speedboat Association rules.

Between sunrise and sunset tonight Mr. Wilson will make three two-way runs over the measured mile.

Attempt To Beat World 1,000 M. Time Trial Cycling Record

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter): J. C. Geochan, President of the Mayville Cycling Club, Durban, has applied to the International Cycling Union for permission to stage an attempt on the world 1,000 metres time trial record at Kimberley on November 5.

He said that if permission was granted Sir Patterson of Australia, world amateur sprint champion, Jack Heid of the United States, third in the world championship this year, and the South African cyclist George Eatman would take part in the bid.

The world record is held by Battersent of Italy at one minute 10.2 seconds.

French Bantamweight Champion Retains Title

PARIS, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter): Theo Medina, French bantamweight champion, retained his title here tonight by knocking out Louis Skena in the eleventh round of their 15 rounds title fight.

Skena had been down for a count of nine earlier in the round.

The Bombay Chronicle

When you say that you agree to a thing in principle, you mean that you have not the slightest intention of carrying it out in practice.

—BISMARCK

SOCIAL CONSCRIPTION

Speaking in New Delhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru suggested the adoption by India of social conscription, making it necessary for every individual to do some kind of work involving ordinary manual labour. As it happens Pandit Jawaharlal's insistence on ordinary manual labour is itself the outcome of the old prejudice against manual labour and the artificial distinction between manual work and other work to the detriment of manual labour. He is trying to correct the prevailing state of affairs by over-emphasis on the other side but it is hardly a wise step. Pandit Jawaharlal had obviously two objectives: To increase production and to raise the productive capacity of the nation, and to develop a more normal, adequately equipped Indian whose hands will be skilled and whose intellect will be sharpened. It is with the hope of helping the nation and the individual simultaneously that Pandit Jawaharlal has laid his stress on everyone doing manual work. We take it that by the use of the word "ordinary", the Prime Minister meant work involving no special skill. But that as a rule is done by most people except those in the vanishing upper strata of society. It would have been more profitable if Pandit Jawaharlal had asked for some work from everyone which required concentration, study and some degree of devotion. He was very clear in this so far as displaced persons were concerned. Their work, he said, should be of practical value and also of some artistic value. This applies equally to the ordinary citizen.

If we might venture a suggestion, it would be more fitting to postulate that no person should be tied down to doing "ordinary manual labour" alone. Ideally, it would be best if each of us were able to do his own ordinary chores, but the next best is that no caste or class or person should be condemned to the drudgery of monotonous action for all his life, every day, and every hour of his working day. There is also a confusion of thought in calling this insistence on "ordinary manual labour" which we would prefer to see as a drive for the abolition of "ordinary manual work" or its reduction to the minimum, social conscription. Military service is for a limited period, under the most rigorous conscription. Social Conscription too cannot be for all the life of a citizen but for part of it. But the exhortation to do manual labour is not for a short or long period but for all time. Pandit Jawaharlal wants the willingness to do manual labour, even eagerness, to be ingrained in every national. This is not social conscription. Social conscription must mean a definite purpose—training to some end, a directive to work for some tangible result. You can conscript for education, you can conscript for social work. That means that for a fixed period every one who claims the protection of the State and the benefits of citizenship should render back some service to the community. The Nazi Labour Camps were of this nature. And they did much to promote feelings of solidarity amongst different classes. Something like that would be of great assistance at the present period of Indian development.

So far as the prejudice against manual work goes, it can be best broken down in our educational institutions. We have for too long a period accepted the differences between vocational education and learning the humanities. There is no reason why this purely artificial barrier should not be entirely broken down. It should be the aim of all true education to achieve the all round development of those who come under its influence. And this naturally involves the breaking of all snobbery. Like many other social problems of ours, these prejudices will yield more readily to all-sided progress than to direct onslaughts.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter).—President Truman and Democratic leaders today agreed that Congress should postpone consideration of his Civil Rights measures until the session beginning in January.

Mr. Truman's Civil Rights programme calls for legislation against racial discrimination including provision of Federal Legislation against lynching.

* * *

According to a report received at Srinagar, Pakistan troops stationed in the outskirts of Kargil in Ladakh area diverted a few days ago waters of a canal, which was the only means of irrigation in Kaksar village which is on the Indian side of the border.

Objectionable, yes. But better not report it to General Delvoie.

* * *

BANGALORE (PTI).—Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, today stressed the need for a change of Government at the centre and for an effective All-India Opposition Party.

Both at one and the same time?

* * *

We are not surprised to learn that M. Chambon, Commissioner for the French Settlements in India, made a hurried visit to Mahe and held discussions with officials and non-officials on the offer of autonomous status for French India Settlements made recently by the French Government.

The French Government and their representatives and agents will give everything and do everything to keep the people of the settlements away from just one thing.

* * *

CANTON: The Chinese Nationalist Government decided at a Cabinet meeting, today, to sever relations with Russia.

Sensation.

The Russians asked for it and they will have themselves to blame for the consequences.

* * *

France too has, like others, developed a revised attitude towards Italian colonies, so that the French delegate proposed in the U. N. Political Committee the setting up of Governments in Cyrenaica, Tripolitania and the Fezzan "with independence for these countries as soon as possible."

But what is delightful about the French proposal is the permanent transformation of one Libya into three "countries". And, of course, "as soon as possible" is modified "never".? Which is even more delightful.

* * *

The new Chinese Government formed by Mao Tse-tung is, it is announced, solidly aligned with the Soviet Union and the people's democracies of Eastern Europe.

That's the solid trouble about it.

* * *

THE HAGUE: The International Court of Justice will meet on November 17 to fix the indemnity to be paid by Albania for the mining of two British destroyers in the Corfu Channel three years ago.

—News item.

We shall look forward with keen interest to non-developments following the fixing of the amount.

* * *

The Soviet Union, says a London message, is stated to be working to create a "black proletariat" throughout the continent of Africa.

Create a "black proletariat?" Nonsense. Nothing of the kind. The Soviet Union, in that case, is only trying to pinch the long-established achievement of European Imperialism and the White settlers in Africa.

DEVALUATION AND AFTER

By R. J. Mhatre

WITH the devaluation of British Pound, we have devalued the Rupee in terms of American Dollar. Everybody is asking the question, "Are we benefitted by this arrangement or have we to lose"? Well, the answer is, 'We will be losers.'

Britain will certainly benefit by the devaluation as she is in a position to supply finished goods and articles to Dollar countries and she is in a position to step-up this supply or in other words she can export more to Dollar countries and counter-balance the Dollar shortage. We cannot do the same way as our main supply or export to Dollar countries is (1) Hides (2) Jute products and not actual Jute (3) Tea (4) Mica (5) Cashew Nuts (6) Seeds and (7) Manganese.

Sir Stafford Cripps has asked Britains to tighten their belts and stepup the production to enable Britain to exploit the Dollar markets and sell her goods in the Dollar markets at much cheaper rates than hitherto done and get the full advantage of devaluation. However, on the other hand, there is no possibility of our steppingup the export of above referred seven commodities, however, we may tighten our belts and our dollar earning power must necessarily drop down, as we have nothing to supply other than the above raw materials and every available such materials were being exported before devaluation.

BAD REPUTATION

Here again we have a worst reputation in America as businessmen. The export goods compared with the samples sent for approval is much inferior than the samples. In the Hides business so much of epsom salt is added to the Hides and inside the packing, that Americans have always to refer back from Under-writers claiming the difference in actual weight of Hides caused by excessive additional weight of Epsom Salt which is added in too much quantities under the guise of preservatives. If we, therefore, do not establish our reputation as fair businessmen and send genuine raw materials as per sample, Americans will be forced to seek other markets than ours. It is high time, therefore, that Government sets up some sort of supervisory machinery to inspect and supervise the export goods to America. Once, the good reputation is established, America will always prefer Indian products than others.

BAD TRADE UNIONISM

As regards the production which should at least make us self-sufficient internally without having to depend on imports, and thus cutting down our requirements to a bare minimum from Dollar and Sterling area, we have a sad story. The production with all the appeals is not going-up. If the Statistics of our Industrial concerns are taken into account, it will be revealed with double the hands than before, the production is going down. The cause of this debacle is due to our trade unions not being run on the same lines as everywhere in the world. In our country, the trade unions and the leaders who put forth demands on behalf of labour classes are only trying to increase the wage earning capacity of the labour class and promising them easy time at work. In other words what they promise is less work and more wages, whereas everywhere else outside India, the trade unions also see that their members and labour class in general is efficient.

No inefficient worker is allowed to remain in the trade union. In fact the employers outside India approach the trade unions, if they have any vacancies and the trade unions supply the required efficient labour. If the trade unions find that the labour so supplied is inefficient, the trade unions themselves approach the employer asking the employer to dismiss the labour on the grounds of inefficiency. The labour so dismissed is never recommended by the Unions. When the trade unions are run on these lines and when the labour knows, that besides listening to their grievances, if any, the trade union also wants them to be efficient, the production does not suffer.

In our country, therefore, the issue of labour is one-sided, presumably so done by the leaders with an eye on the elections. But the leaders who agitate the labour this way forget that if tomorrow they capture the power as a result of labour vote so obtained, they will also feel the same difficulty of producing more and it will be then too late to inculcate the spirit of efficiency amongst the labour.

IN NATION'S INTEREST

No great nations were built by promising easy living to its toiling millions. Hitler had to enforce the efficiency ruthlessly for seven years when he made Germany from nothing to a great power till at last he lost it by his greed of more power. Just the same it cannot be forgotten what efficiency could do. Mr. Churchill who assumed power in dark days of war and when he found Britain was too weak, he promised nothing but blood, tears and toil. Blood and tears because of war and toil for making Britain stronger. Turning to the main point unless our Trade Unions are re-organised and run in the interest of the nation, the problem of production will not be solved to make India self-sufficient. In some countries, the Bradaux system of fixing the wage is followed. By this system, every individual's efficiency-count is taken into account and the wage is fixed according to individual efficiency.

CLASS ORDER CHANGES

With the inflated wages now prevailing in the country, the order of our class of people has changed. Formerly the order was as follows:—

Rich, Middle, lower-middle and labour. Now the Order is as follows:—

Rich, labour, middle and lower-middle.

In the families of Middle and lower-middle class, only one member or at the most two of the entire family is earning, whereas in the labour class almost all members are earning. With the inflated wages, the total earning capacity of labour class per family has so much increased that it has taken the second place as above. The buying power of the labour has also increased as a direct result and hence there has been inflatory tendency prevailing in the country.

NEW OUTLOOK

The middle and lower-middle class has so much suffered during the last 9 years that these classes now await total extinction or merging with labour. From these classes, we have been drawing our cream of clerical and secretarial staff, unless something is done by our leaders inside the Government and the leaders opposing the Government to better these conditions, we as a nation, will take very long time to come to the stand of big nations. The leaders who agitate with only one object of elections must necessarily take into account the interests of the Nation as a whole and inculcate a spirit of efficiency in labour class instead of constantly making the capital of exploitation bogey.

Pakistan News Letter

Action Against Parallel League

(BY OUR CORRESPONDENT)

The Government of N. W. F. P., against whom the public discontent and dissatisfaction is rising, has now externed Khan Ghulam Mohomed Khan, the General Secretary of the Awami (Parallel) Muslim League set up by Pir Manki Shariff, from the province for a period of six months under the Safety Act.

Khan Ghulam Mohomed Khan, who accordingly has arrived in the Pakistan Capital for shelter, said in an interview that "about 50 Awami League Leaders are now in the prisons in N.W.F.P. The purpose of his visit to Karachi is to acquaint the public with the curbing of civil liberties now going on in the province and to meet leaders of all shades of opinion who are dissatisfied with the present policy of the Pakistan Muslim League.

SIND'S NEW CAPITAL

The special committees set up by the Sind Legislative Assembly has, it is learnt, finally approved the site for Sind's new Capital about 100 sq. miles of level land falling in the triangle of Jungshahi, Jimpir and Makli Hills, which have historical back-ground.

A member of the Committee revealed that the site was the most suitable for a modern capital. With three lakes around and a canal passing through the heart of the town, this future capital can be called 'Vienna of Sind'.

URDU AS LINGUA FRANCA

Following in the footsteps of India which has declared Hindi as its national language, Pakistan has also decided to make Urdu as the lingua franca of this new Dominion. This announcement, though made by the Prime Minister Liaqat Ali Khan while declaring open the Central Urdu Library here recently, lacks official confirmation which, most probably will be accorded during the next session of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly.

In the meantime, the Prime Minister who also holds the Defence Portfolio, has issued instructions for giving instructions to the Armed forces in Urdu language alone.

MASS EDUCATION

With a view to make the masses literate, the Government of Sind have prepared a ten-year plan for mass education in the province.

Under this plan, which will finally be approved by the forthcoming session of the Sind Legislative Assembly, elementary education will be compulsory for every one (males as well as females) upto the age of 50. For this purpose, special Adult Education Schools will be established all over the province including the prisons.

At present, the scheme of compulsory education for children between 5 and 12 years of age is in vague in only 26 districts while with the introduction of this new plan, the scheme will be applicable to every district of the province.

HOMOEOPATHS CONVENTION

A demand to recognise 'Homoeopathy at par with Alopathy' was made by the first Convention of Homoeopaths from all over Pakistan which held its sittings in the Capital last week.

The Convention was inaugurated by Miss Fatima Jinnah and presided by Kazi Fazlullah, Health Minister of Sind. Miss Jinnah, addressing the Conference, stressed the need of setting up an upto-date and well-organised institution to impart training to students in Homoeopathy and to provide facilities for research as also to grant diplomas and degrees. By such means the prejudice that exists against Homoeopathy in the minds of the people or the authorities can be allayed."

The Convention was called following the Pakistan authorities banning Homoeopaths from using the word 'Doctor' in front of their names.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Wrong Approach

One fails to understand why the Government adopts economic measures which it cannot enforce rigidly. The sugar could be had at a reasonable price a few weeks ago and then it dawned upon our leaders that the price is too high and they took steps to fix its price without ensuring that it should not rise. The sugar which about ten days back could be had at about 7 to 8 annas a lb. has disappeared and if it is available the price charged is twelve annas to a rupee per lb.

Our business community, unfortunately, cares more for its profits than for the welfare of the people and does not mind pursuing anti-national and anti-social activities. Our economic condition is precarious and all those who manipulated rise in prices are working for the ruin of the nation and thus are the enemies of the people. They deserve severest punishment and it is high time that the Government should become conscious of the reality that the prices cannot be kept at a desired level by negotiations or consultations with the business magnates. As long as the 'Raj Danda' does not fall upon the black marketeers and hoarders, they will continue to pursue their criminal activities to make more and more profits.

S. L. TANDON

Undeserved

I am sorry to say that the compliments paid by your Mr. Taurus are wholly undeserved by the B.E.S.T. and its intrusion into Greater Bombay. The Undertaking has certainly bit off more than it can chew. Whatever you might plead against the Bandra Bus Company, their buses "adjusted to demand" as it were. If any officer of the Company saw a huge queue at one of the stops, the running of extra buses soon solved the trouble. Can the B.E.S.T. with its operating Centre at Electric House do this? I have waited for seven buses to pass without getting accommodation, and this only because I am at an intermediate station. After all, the train service is the only reliable conveyance if you have to keep any time schedule. But please do not print too many compliments lest the bus agency gets a swollen head.

—K. PESTONJI

A Wrong Test

In 1947 more than 3,000 hands were recruited by the Post and Telegraph Department and since then these hands have been working efficiently on the posts allotted to them. These hands consisted of Telephone Operators, Telegraphists, R. M. S. Clerks and Postal Clerks. At the time of recruitment there was no condition attached to their appointments although this is true that they were appointed temporarily. Owing to the expansion of the Postal scheme the Government of India proposes to hold a qualifying examination of these hands in English, Mathematics and Geography to qualify them for permanent jobs.

It is really hard that these hands who have worked efficiently for two years should be asked to sit for an examination in the subjects with which they have been out of touch for so many years. When these hands have proved their worth to the Department there appears to be no no sense in holding a qualifying examination in the subjects which are not necessary for the efficiency of work. Those who are not capable in discharging their duties should have been removed by the Government and those who have been found fit should be confirmed as permanent hands. I would like to invite the attention of the Minister of Communication to their inadvisability and inexpediency of holding any examination as contemplated by the Government. If the Government wants to test the efficiency of these hands then these hands may be tested in the work which they are doing at present. The Government should be sufficiently liberal, as the justice demands, that these employees have helped the Government in a time of crisis.

—KAMATA PRASAD
President.
All-India Telephone and Telegraph (Eng.) Union
Aligarh Branch,
ALIGARH.

Yoshida's Hope And Fear

The Prime Minister of Japan M. Shigeru Yoshida, is reported to have said that he hopes the Allies will sign a peace treaty with Japan as soon as possible but, if it occurs during next year, he does not see how American Occupation forces can be withdrawn quickly without leaving Japan defenceless and in chaos. Neither the hope nor the fear of the Japanese Premier is likely to be realised. At any rate there is no possibility of a peace treaty being concluded in a year. The actual situation, in fact, is that there is no agreement among the Big allied powers even as to what countries should participate in a peace conference. Like any other deadlock between the Western Powers and the Soviet Union, this deadlock too cannot be expected to be resolved soon. And this is only the preliminary obstacle beyond which there will be several and bigger which will take a pretty long period of time to be negotiated, if at all. It will, therefore, be appreciably more than a year before American military occupation of Japan comes to an end. Thus, if Japan's protection against external aggression and internal chaos depends on the presence for another year or so of American occupation forces, M. Shigeru Yoshida need not worry overmuch. But the question is whether such protection does really guarantee Japan's present or future.

The answer to that question can only be a "no". A defeated people inevitably develops a feeling of bitterness against the conqueror. And that bitterness only increases by the continued humiliation involved in the presence of the conqueror's military forces and in the administration of the country by the conqueror. This bitterness is also powerfully sustained by the material sufferings which the people have to experience. There lies the danger to Japan more specially in the new situation that has been created in the Far East. Mr. Yoshida is reported to have said that Chinese Communism would affect Communism in Japan but not immediately. The occupation forces may keep Communism suppressed in Japan. But now Japan is the nearest neighbour of the two most powerful Communist States, which fact is bound to give a tremendous fillip to Japanese Communism. The latter can be controlled not by American military forces but by winning the good will of the people of Japan for democracy. And goodwill can be won only by enabling the people of Japan to live a life of national self-respect and material prosperity.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Tara Singh

The report that Master Tara Singh is to be released—by the time these words are in print it will be an established fact,—is a tribute to the sanity of the Sikh community as a whole and the anxiety of the Government to avoid resort to repression as far as is reasonably possible. Master Tara Singh's arrest followed on his defiance of the law and in spite of considerable inspired agitation conditions stayed fairly tranquil. The Government sought as far as it could to avert the necessity of detaining the Sikh leader but had to yield to his rising excesses. We trust that Master Tara Singh will have had time to ponder over his action and will return to freedom in a mood that will help the national cause and build up a better and stronger common effort. There is much that the Sikh community and its leaders can teach the rest of India in discipline and organization but they will have to keep their work along the main current of national life.

Jute Prices

Pakistan's action in lowering jute prices 30 per cent will have the effect of bringing things, so far as the devalued currencies are concerned, very nearly where they were before the devaluation. It is only the dollar and other undevalued currencies which will benefit by the drastic cut. For some time economists have been worried about the state of the jute industry. Prices were so high that the search for substitutes was going on with great enthusiasm. Though packages had increased, it had not meant by any means a commensurate increase in jute purchases. There had been hints that jute would be cut drastically and the forecast has been borne out. Possibly it was intended as a gesture to India to compensate for the refusal to devalue the Pakistan rupee but it will not be taken in that light. If the jute price forecast is an index of the export trade policy of Pakistan, it will be interesting to see how far it will be carried. There is a wistful note in Sir Stafford Cripps' congratulatory message at a London function. Apparently he admires the Pakistan Government for doing what he failed to do in regard to his own national currency.

The Brazil Embassy

Some newspapers have set up a demand for an inquiry into the Brazilian embassy which seems to have gone up in a general air of recriminations between the now-resigned Ambassador, Mr. M. R. Masani and his staff. From the accounts, it seems that there is an intention to institute a departmental inquiry and that Mr. Masani's friends and champions desire to have an impartial inquiry. Whatever this might imply, we think that something far more fundamental is called for. The Foreign Service seems to be riddled with persons who tend on the slightest provocation to rush to the press. No diplomatic corps can be formed on this condition. The Government of India ought to institute a wider inquiry to get at all those who have blabbed to the press, and throw them out of the Foreign Service without ceremony. Luckily we are still in the infant stage so far as this service goes and it will be all gain if the corps is rid of its gossiping element. There are many embassies which will have to be stripped to the bone to correct this evil but it will be well worth it. If a hundredth of the reports of Mr. Masani's staff at Brazil is true, the men do not deserve to be in any position of responsibility in India or abroad. If what has been appearing as emanating from the topmost persons in the Indian Embassy at Brazil is in any way traceable to those individuals, then there could be no more serious indictment of those persons. It was their duty to abstain scrupulously from exposing the Ambassador's foibles to the public whilst their remedies were open to them departmentally. By too much lack of reticence, they have injured themselves as much they have hurt Mr. Masani and they have done serious harm to India's fair name abroad. It is necessary that the Foreign Service be made more permanent and stable, on the one hand, and more exacting on the other.

Useful Proposal

The intervention of the Indian delegation in the problem of settling the future of Italian Colonies is both timely and useful. We have noticed how the Big Powers have altered their attitude since the question was postponed last year. Now, every important power—and even Italy itself—has come out in favour of freedom for the colonies, with, of course, modifications. The Indian delegation has introduced a proposal, which has now the effect of consolidating all the proposals in a compromise. It asks for a special commission to supervise the creation of a constituent Assembly in Libya—which will also itself decide about the character of relationship between Cyrenaica, Tripolitania and the Fezzan—and to investigate conditions in Eritrea and Italian Somaliland. The value of this proposal is that it meets all views and is also eminently practical. The Soviet Union objected to it on the ground that it delayed the conferment of independence on the colonies. It does not do that. What, in fact, it does is to make denial of independence and procrastination impossible.

OPEN AIR

The first week in September saw the return of the Indian Oriole from its sojourn inland, for this bird leaves us towards the end of April, nests and brings up its young inland, and returns to us when the worst of the monsoon is over. The male is a very striking bird, with vivid, golden yellow plumage set off by the glossy black of the wings and tail. As in the case of so many of our beautiful birds, the female and the young ones are much duller in colour, and their greenish yellow plumage is very misleading to the budding bird-watcher. I wasted quite a long time over trying to identify them when I saw them for the first time. Closely related to the Indian Oriole is the Black-headed Oriole, which remains with us all through the year. This bird is similar in appearance and habits to the former, but may be distinguished by its jet black head, neck and throat. Both these Orioles are essentially arboreal birds. They eat figs and berries of all sorts, relish the nectar from flowers like the silk cotton and coral, and as a variation they eat a variety of insects.

—D R

INDIAN ORIOLE.

SOCIALISTS SWEAR BY DEMOCRATIC MEANS

"Left Unity Impossible"

BANGALORE, Oct. 4, (PTI).

THE Socialist Party of India in a policy statement declared today that taking into account the entire situation in the country and the future possibilities, democratic means appeared to be the only correct means to follow the only means that can be effective."

The policy statement, which also makes it clear that unity is impossible between the two main groups of Left parties in India. Says: "In India, the course towards Socialism seems to be fairly set. The frame work of Indian democracy is nearly complete, and though the picture is not that of full political democracy, there is a large scope for democratic functioning. There is going to be adult franchise, and though there are limitations, civil liberties under the new constitution shall exist to a degree where the Socialist movement may grow steadily.

"The existing restrictions on the people's liberties are no doubt an impediment, but their effect can be exaggerated. Further enlargement of democracy is dependant largely on the growth of the Socialist movement itself. The stronger this movement grows the fuller shall be our democracy."

NO MERE TOOL

"The Socialist Party is thus no more tool in the hands of circumstances. Rather, the party is itself a considerable factor in the shaping of circumstances. Taking into account the entire situation in the country and the future possibilities, democratic means appear to be the only correct means to follow, the only means that can be effective. It is possible that events, beyond our control, might conspire to transform radically the existing situation, making democratic means impossible to follow and rendering them ineffective. Even in that eventuality, though it appears to be highly unlikely, the present means in the present circumstances would so strengthen the forces of Socialism and give it such a mass basis and such a broadbased organisational instrument, that it would be easy for the movement to adjust itself to the new situation and adopt even insurrectionary means effectively.

TWO METHODS

The policy statement analyses and defines the two methods that may be used to capture state power—insurrectionary overthrow of the state in existence and the democratic means. "Insurrectionary means must be distinguished from terroristic action". "Putschism" or conspirational violence. Insurrectionary means become inevitable when a small class of privileged and vested interests rules by force over the entire people who cannot be rid of the rulers except through a violent overthrow. Insurrection is an armed rising of the people, rather than the sporadic violence of a band of conspirators and it succeeds only when it has the backing of the people and the active participation of at least the awakened among them.

LEFT UNITY

The policy statement includes a new chapter on Left Unity which examines the Left parties in India to show that between the main groups, unity is impossible.

The Left parties in India can be divided mainly in two groups. One group is of those parties, which do not accept democratic means nor believe that Democracy and Socialism are inter-related. They believe that of the two power blocs in the world, the Russian bloc represents the forces of social revolution and Socialism and therefore they are opposed to the idea of a third camp and neutrality as between these blocs and want India to line up definitely with Soviet Russia. On the other hand, are Left parties which believe that in the objective conditions of the present day India, democratic means are the only means to follow and further that a Socialist society in which there is no democracy, is a fraud on Socialism. It is clear between these two main groups unity is impossible.

The chapter concludes by extending to all democratic Socialist forces in this country, welcome to join the Socialist Party in building up a United Socialist Movement.

"BADLI" LABOUR IN C. P.

NAGPUR, Oct. 4, (PTI): The Standing Committee on Textile Industry, set up by the Provincial Government accepted a scheme to absorb in permanent employment in textile mills textile workers engaged on temporary basis, known as Badli Labour.

Co-operation In Food Drive

SOCIALIST PLEDGE

BANGALORE, October 4 (P.T.I.): The Socialist Party today offered its "complete and ready" co-operation to Government in its drive to achieve self-sufficiency in food.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, in his presidential address to the three-day session of the General Council of Party, said the question had to be "lifted out of the realm of party politics and treated as a national emergency".

The session, held in the Town Hall, was attended by about 150 delegates.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally said the Congress had suffered "a great loss in popularity". It was apart from "other reasons", largely due to their "unpreparedness to deal with the burning problems of the day in a bold and realistic way". He said "events are making it amply clear that there is no other solution but Socialism".

LEFT UNITY

Referring to "Left Unity", he said, since "all Left groups" had accepted "Socialist conclusions", it was desirable the entire movement should be integrated into a single party".

Mr. Yusuf Meherally invited all Leftists to come into the Party and added that the Party had now opened its doors to all. He said three organisations had so far joined the party.

Mr. Meherally said the Socialist Party should build "adequate Cultural Front". There was a tendency among Socialists, he said, to concentrate on Trade Unions and Kisan Sabhas. The literary and cultural activities of the Party should be given "high priority".

Concluding, he called on Socialists to develop "a powerful political organisation competent to carry the burden of responsibility, if called upon to do so at any time".

UNSATISFACTORY PROGRESS

Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan, General Secretary of the Party, in his organisational report to the Council admitted that the progress since the party met at Patna last year, had been "very unsatisfactory". Although it was decided that the Party should cease to be an organisation of the select and become one of the masses of the people, the programme could not be pushed through owing to one reason or other, he said. This was particularly so in the south, where party development had been fairly recent. Mr. Jaya Prakash attributed this to the lack of sufficient workers.

NEW LINE-UP

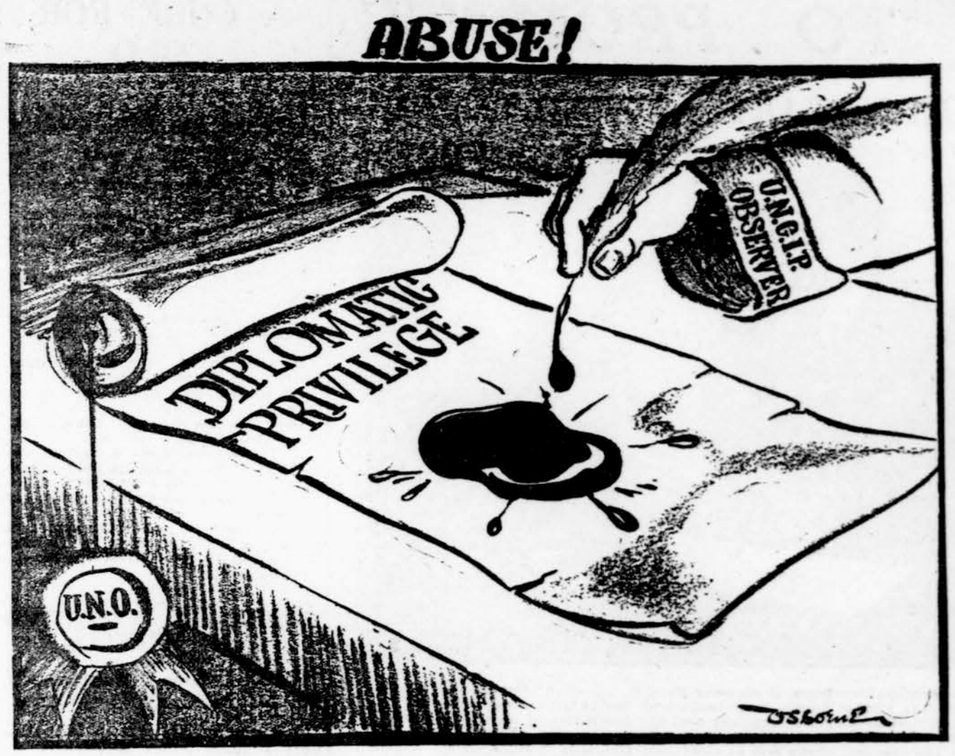
He announced that unlike in the past when the party functioned on a linguistic basis, it had now been declared that the various branches of the party should henceforth function more on an administrative basis. Under the new set-up, there would be eighteen provincial branches.

Commenting on the Party's success in Bombay bye-elections and the defeat it sustained in the District Board elections in the Madras Province, Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan said the Bombay party had given proof that if they worked harder, it was possible to win the affections of the people. Some of them were always doubtful whether democratic processes would enable the party to capture power in this country. Every failure to win an election was held forth as proof that power could not be captured through the ballot box. This was the mood following the defeat the party suffered in the United Provinces.

"I have not the least doubt that we will be able to achieve our object if we work harder, systematically and efficiently enough. The people are with us; whether we are able to deliver the goods depends entirely on us".

The General Council adopted the policy with regard to states as finalised by the National Council.

SANITATION ROUND: The Congress Corporators from 'D' Ward and Congress Workers will assemble at Tribhuvan Road Naka, Goodman Restaurant and will visit the locality of that area today at 8 a.m. Residents of that locality having civic grievances are requested to be present in time.



NIZAM'S BID TO RECOVER HIS MONEY

Moin Nawaz Jung Evading Reply?

LONDON, October 4 (P.T.I.).

A LONDON firm of solicitors is awaiting a reply from Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, former Finance and Foreign Minister of Hyderabad, on whom it wishes to serve a writ, on behalf of the Nizam, for the repayment of about £431,000.

The firm wrote to Nawab Moin, who is in New York, suggesting that he should name a firm of London Solicitors to act for him, thus obviating the need to serve a writ on him personally, in a country which is outside the jurisdiction of the British High Court.

PTI understands that Nawab Moin's reply is overdue, and that the Nizam's solicitors have been waiting some days for it.

LEGAL FORMALITIES

Before a British writ can be served in the United States, the British High Court must first grant leave. Legal circles in London believe there will be no difficulty about this once the High Court resumes its sittings on October 12, but for the moment it is on vacation.

Once the leave of the High Court has been obtained, the writ would pass between the British Foreign Office and the United States State Department. An American official would serve it.

The money with which the writ is concerned is at Barclay"s Bank, London, who for the purposes of the action for repayment are joined with Nawab Moin as defendants.

There is a third defendant, Mr. Zahir Ahmad, former Secretary of the Hyderabad External Affairs Department. For some time he has been at India House, London.

NIZAM'S CASE

The Nizam's case is that Nawab Moin was entrusted with the money in September 1948 and that Mr. Zahir Ahmad was associated with him in a joint account.

At this time Hyderabad had a "complaint" against India before the United Nations. Nawab Moin and Mr. H. Ahmed formed a delegation which flew from Hyderabad to Paris to attend the United Nations' Assembly there.

Eventually, however, the Nizam withdrew his "complaint" against India, repudiated the delegation and authorised legal proceedings for the "recovery" of more than £1,000,000 stated to have been transferred from the Hyderabad State Account to another account in London.

The present writ against Nawab Moin, however, is not concerned with this million, but with another £431,000.

Moin Jung Repeats Old Plea

NEW YORK, October 4 (P.T.I.): Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, former Finance and Foreign Affairs Minister of Hyderabad State, said here today he had not yet received a writ for repayment of money, said to have been taken out against him by a firm of London Solicitors on behalf of the Nizam.

He told th e"P.T.I." correspondent: "The position I have all along taken is that the transfer of the amount concerned was made in view of the sudden emergency that had arisen on account of the invasion of Hyderabad, territory by Indian forces.

"I cannot re-transfer the funds to the present regime in Hyderabad because I do not regard it as the lawful government of Hyderabad as the Nizam has been acting under pressure. "Otherwise, the funds are intact"

Nawaz Moin Nawaz Jung said he had nothing more to add, "as the matter has now gone before a Court of Law".

OCCASIONAL VISIT TO U.N.

The Nawab, has been living in New York for some months, visits United Nations headquarters at Lake Success occasionally.

Last month, he circulated to members of the Security Council a letter about administration of justice in Hyderabad.

He said today he had "no reaction" to this letter.

Asked whether he had any 'immediate plans, he replied: "I don't know what my plans will be, but I am here for the time being".

THE INTEREST WOULD BE RUINOUS

Australian Premier On Loan From U. S.

CANBERRA, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter)—Mr. Johseph Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, said tonight that a loan could be floated on the public market in America "only at a ruinous rate of interest".

He had hoped there would be no depreciation of the Australian Pound, but Australia had become the "victim of inexorable circumstances."

Island And 900 Year-Old Mansion For Sale

LONDON—The Orkney Island of Gairsay and its 900 year-old Manor House, once a Norse Earl's Castle, is being offered for sale.

The Island, which occupies an area of some 1,000 acres is inhabited by only two people. They are caretaker of the manor and his wife who have lived there for over 21 years.

Another Orkney Island, Copinsay, on which is situated Orkney's newest and most powerful lighthouse, has been offered for let.—PTI-Reuters

He Fasted For The Poor

COLOMBO. A man here undertook a fast unto death because nothing was being done for the poor people. He refused to give it up until a Minister promised to look into his "grievance"

The han told the Minister that he had been fasting for three days in protest against the neglect of the downtrodden, whom he himself had tried to help.

The Minister advised him not to despair but to summon courage and go on with the good work he had done. He then gave up his fast.—P.T.I.—Reuter.

A DAMPER FOR OPPOSITION!

No Recognition Says Speaker

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4, (PTI): The Social Democratic Party, formed as Parliamentary Opposition under the leadership of Prof. K. T. Shah, may not receive recognition, it was learnt here today.

The Secretary of the Party, Sardar Hukam Singh, today met the Speaker of the Indian Parliament, Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, who is reported to have expressed the view that while the Party's present strength of 13 might have been sufficient for recognition in the old Legislative Assembly consisting of about 140 members, a strength of at least 24 would be more appropriate in the present Constituent Assembly (Legislative) with a membership of about 300.

Recognition of an Opposition involves certain privileges, including consultation with the leader of the Opposition by Government on important matters of policy.

Prof. Shah will meet the Speaker tomorrow, when the question is expected to be decided finally.

The Party was formed with a initial membership of twelve. It has since increased its strength to 13, the latest addition being Sardar Mohamad Latifur Rahman, a member from Bihar.

TARA SINGH RELEASED

(Continued from page 1)

mora and Sitapur jails in the United Provinces.

Master Tara Singh, who was released from the Sitapur Jail in the United Provinces this evening, was taken into custody "in the interests of public security" under the orders of the Central Government on February 19, 1949, when he attempted to come to Delhi to hold a Political Conference of the Shiromani Akali Dal in the Gurudwara Akabganj, New Delhi.

The Central Government had prohibited the use of religious places for political gatherings but Master Tara Singh and his followers attempted to defy this ban. Jathas of Akalis were coming to Delhi in defiance of the ban. The Government took steps "in order to maintain tranquillity of the capital."

After his arrest under the Bengal Regulations of 1818, Master Tara Singh was lodged in the Meerut Jail.

FACILITIES IN JAIL

Master Tara Singh was removed to Almora during the hot weather and again brought back to Sitapur in August. During his detention, he was provided with "every convenience" and a lump sum allowance of Rs. 800 was sanctioned for him at the time of his arrest. He was also given a monthly allowance of Rs. 250 in addition to a daily diet allowance of Rs. 7/8.

The main demands of Master Tara Singh's Akali Party were in respect of the formation of a separate Punjabi-speaking Province and separate representation and safeguards for Sikhs. Some extremists even demanded a separate Sikh State.

The Indian Constituent Assembly decided last summer against separate representation for religious minorities but included Sikh Scheduled Castes in the list of Scheduled Castes for whom there will be reservation of seats for a period of 10 years.

UNCONDITIONAL RELEASE

The United Press adds:— It is learnt from official quarters here that Master Tara Singh has been released unconditionally. Immediately before his release, there was no correspondence between the Government of India and Master Tara Singh regarding his release nor any negotiations through other channels in this connection.

Circles close to the Ministry at Lucknow presume that his release followed the easing of the situation in East Punjab and the dissolution of the issues on which Master Tara Singh was carrying on an agitation at the time of his arrest, namely the language question and the question of representation in Legislatures and services.

SACHAR "VERY HAPPY"

Asked about his reaction to the release of Master Tara Singh, the East Punjab Premier, Mr. Bhimsen Sachar told UPI: "I am very happy at the news. This again shows that the conditions of the province have been recognised to be happy enough for his release."

Mr. Sachar hoped that by his presence among the people, Master Tara Singh, would be able to use his influence for further improvement in the conditions in the province.

Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary-General, External Affairs Department, snapped on his departure to U. K.

People IN THE NEWS

RAJKUMARI AMRIT KAUR

NAGPUR, October 4: Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister of India, left Nagpur by air this morning for New Delhi. Before leaving, she visited the new Medical College of Nagpur under construction and other hospitals in the city.

DR. AMBEDKAR

POONA, October 4: Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Law Minister, Government of India, has been elected as President of the 18th session of the All Maharashtra Physical Educational Conference to be held in Poona on December 30 and 31.

MR. K. SANTHANAM

NEW DELHI, October 4: Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Railways, Government of India returned to Delhi this evening from Simla.

SHEIKH ABDULLAH

SRINAKAR, October 4: Kashmir Premier Sheikh Abdullah arrived here this morning to participate in the Id prayers. He will leave for Delhi tomorrow for further consultations with the Government of India before Pandit Nehru leaves for the United States. General Delvoie U. N. Military Adviser also returned to Srinagar today after discussions with Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Secretary General, External Affairs Ministry.

MR. K. M. PANNIKAR

SHANGHAI, October 4: The Indian Ambassador to Nanking, Mr. K. M. Pannikar, who is due to return to New Delhi for consultations, is expected to come to Shanghai in a week's time and go on to India in the first available ship.

So far he has no definite plans because of the uncertain shipping situation.

SIR GIRJA SHANKAR BAJPAI

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary General to the External Affairs Ministry, Government of India, who arrived here from Delhi, last evening, left for London in the afternoon by an Air India International plane "en route" to America.

Sir Girja will meet Pandit Nehru, in London when the latter arrives there on October 8, and will accompany him to the United States.

M. CHAMBON

PONDICHERRY, October 4: M. Jean Georges Chambon, Commissioner of the French India Settlements returned here yesterday after a visit to Mahe.

SAVARKAR TO BE SABHA CHIEF

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, former President of the Hindu Mahasabha, has agreed to become the President of the Mahasabha again.

This was disclosed to the UPI by Mr. V. G. Deshpande, General Secretary of the Hindu Mahasabha, prior to his departure for Delhi last night.

No Funds To Establish New Capital

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4, (UPI): Chowdhary Lehri Singh, Minister of Public Works Department, East Punjab, disclosed here today that the East Punjab Government could not carry out, for the present, the scheme to establish the permanent capital of the Province at Chandigarh.

The scheme to be worked out, he said, required about Rs. 10 crores, whereas "we have not got even one crore".

INDIA LEANS TOWARDS THE WEST

America's Analysis Of Our Foreign Policy

NEW YORK, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter).

INDIA'S place in world politics is defined in the principal article published in "Far Eastern Survey", the American Institute of Public Relations publication.

The article by Mr. Lawrence K. Rosinger, said that "in the shadow of two giants—(the United States and Soviet Russia) India declares independence from both power blocs, but leans toward the west on some important issues".

The article declared that in judging Indian foreign policy it was essential to appreciate the temper of Indian public opinion. "The following generalisations are intended to suggest the overall outlook of politically conscious India in the past few years", Mr. Rosinger added, "although each observer is likely to have his own modifications and additions:

"1. The vast majority of politically conscious Indians are deeply afraid of India's being involved in another war.

FOREIGN CAPITAL

"2 Most politically conscious Indians believe that industrialisation of their country is essential and that considerable foreign capital will be required to achieve this purpose. At the same time, they fear the possible implications of outside economic assistance.

"3. Most politically conscious Indians lean far more toward the prevailing Anglo-American theory of Government and politics than toward the prevailing Soviet theory.

"4. Modifying the preceding point is the fact that most politically conscious Indians are suspicious of certain aspects of English and American institutions and politics. While broadly preferring the Anglo-American way to the Soviet way. They are far from being uncritical admirers of the former.

"For example they are aware of racial discrimination in the United States. And, whatever their individual economic outlook; they do not consider the American emphasis on 'free enterprise' appropriate for an underdeveloped country like their own. In short, their approach to the world is an "Indian" one.

"5. A small but significant Indian minority supports or leans toward the Soviet view of the world.

"6. Fear of imperialism is a powerful element in Indian thinking about world affairs, and there is a widespread apprehension—often unspoken, perhaps often sub conscious—that the formal independence which was won in 1947 after so much suffering and sacrifice might be subtly undermined by great-power manoeuvres."

Amendment To C. P. Public Safety Act

NAGPUR, Oct. 4, (UPI): A Bill amending the Central Provinces and Berar Public Safety Act 1948 providing for an Advisory Council to review the grounds of detention in cases in which representations have been received from Detenus, is to be introduced shortly.

RED GUERILLAS ATTACK SOUTH KOREAN CITY

SEOUL (KOREA), October 4 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

SOUTH KOREAN Army headquarters here today reported that over 100 Communist guerillas" had attacked Posong City, near Korea's south coast on Sunday.

The army has not yet released casualty figures.

Saboteurs today derailed a Seoul-bound Korean freight train, 30 miles north of the south coast port of Pusan, the Ministry of Transport stated.

The Ministry spokesman said the engineer and two members of the crew were scalded when the engine and first two carriags overturned. Investigators reported that spikes were removed from sleepers and rails placed out of line.

CUTTACK, Oct. 4 (UPI).—A special session of the Orissa Legislative Assembly will be held for the first time at Bhubaneshwar, the new capital of Orissa, from October 10 to October 13.

The Premier, Mr. Harekrishna Mahetab, will leave for Bhubaneshwar on October 9 to attend the session

On October 15, the Premier will inspect the first annual camps of the Orissa Battalion at Chowdar.

RUSH TO CASH CERTIFICATES

Nanda Seeks Labour Leader's Help

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 4, (PTI): Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Bombay's Labour Minister, conferred today with the representatives of the Textile Labour Association and Mr. K. R. Mehta, National Savings Commissioner, with regard to the rush of the textile workers for the encasnment of the National Savings Certificates received by them as part payment of their bonus under the bonus ordinance.

The representatives of the Textile Labour Association agreed to carry on propaganda among the workers in order to prevent further encashment of Savings certificates.

Stop Press

LIBYA RESOLUTION

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): Sir B. Narsing Rau, India's Permanent United Nations Delegate, today introduced in the Political Committee a resolution to appoint a United Nations Commission for granting independence "to the territories of Libya."

FORTY KILLED IN FLOODS IN ITALY

Crops Over 1,000 Square Miles Ruined

NAPLES, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter).

OFFICIALS Estimated today that nearly 40 people were killed in cloudbursts and floods which devastated 1,000 square miles of Southern Italy on Sunday.

In the city of Benevento, 40 miles inland from Naples, the damage, estimated at half a million sterling, is reported to have wiped out the value of all reconstruction carried out in the five years since war swept over the town.

Here, and in many other towns of the stricken region, there was an acute shortage of bread and drinking water. Army columns today continued to struggle slowly through seas of mud with relief supplies.

BUSES SWEPT OFF

A bus driver today reported that his and another passenger bus were swept off the road near Benevento and carried three and a half miles over fields.

Crops over an area of 1,000 square miles were ruined and some idustrial centres almost entirely out of action.

REDUCE PRICES TO PROMOTE EXPORT

Our Goods Too Dear Abroad

NEW DELHI. October 4 (P.T.I.).

THE Export Promotion Committee, appointed by the Government of India states that reduction in general prices in the country is a condition precedent to the promotion of exports and without this all efforts must be in vain.

The Committee, in its report submitted to the Government of India recently, holds that disparity in the movements of internal prices and prices abroad are largely responsible for India's present adverse balance of trade.

"So long as a more reasonable relationship between these two price levels is not established, or resort cannot in the alternative be had to exchange depreciation, continuous control of foreign trade and watching of the balance of payments situation becomes imperative", the Committee adds.

The Committee was appointed in July 1949 by the Government of India under the chairmanship of Mr. A. D. Gorwala and included as its members representatives of Government, traders, industrialists, labour and primary producers.

DIVERSION OF EXPORTS

The Committee in its report regrets that the Government's anti-inflationary drive launched in 1948, does not seem to have produced any results. "Some of our goods", it states, "price themselves out of all markets—even more so from hard currency markets. A feature of the recent export trends has accordingly been the diversion of exports from hard to soft currency areas."

The Committee's main recommendations are the laying down of a judicious agricultural policy for the future, curbing speculative activity and hoarding of stocks in exportable commodities, review of export control with a view to liberalising this as far as possible, establishment of an Export Promotion Department, standardisation of goods and removal of dangerous or undesirable elements from the export trade, abolition of sales-tax over exports, allowing a draw-back of import duty on goods processed in the country and re-exported, refund of income-tax on a percentage of the profits made from exports, provision of special facilities to industry in regard to supply of raw materials, elimination of official delay in formalities connected with the shipment of goods, and fixing of reasonable shipping rates.

A DISSERVICE TO COUNTRY

Undue Desire For Profit

Industry on this part, the Committee hopes, will not only become export-minded, but will see to it that its products are export-worthy. "To the extent that by shoddy work or undue desire for profit it disappoints the customer, it turns away foreign exchange and is doing a distinct disservice to the country", it adds.

Dealing with India's future agricultural policy— a problem affecting export — the Committee questions the wisdom of India becoming self-sufficient in food at the cost of diverting land from other higher value cash crops. "Wisdom would lie", it says, "in attempting to obtain from the soil, besides a certain minimum of cereals, those crops which would benefit our agriculturists as well as our foreign exchange position most.

Particularly is this desirable when at the present time foodgrains are available in large quantities and at not excessive prices from abroad".

JUTE POSITION

Raw jute is a case in point, the report states. The position of this country vis-a-vis Pakistan would be greatly improved in this matter if, instead of 30 lakh bales of raw jute, she grew 50, lakhs "which is possible only at the expense of rice".

Similarly, the indiscriminate stoppage of cattle slaughter by certain Provincial and Local Bodies "is a wasteful policy, likely to have a detrimental effect not only on the export trade in hides but also on the economic position of the country", the Committee adds.

The Committee feels it is paradoxical that, while Government has been aiming at an export drive, elaborate machinery to exercise control over the majority of exports still exists. "In the long run interests of the country's foreign trade," it states, "manufactured goods as a class must be freed from export control; and, indeed, it should be our policy to encourage such exports in every possible way".

LICENSING RESTRICTIONS

Some of the items which, in the Committee's opinion, should be removed from licensing restrictions are: belting for machinery, manufactured articles made wholly or mainly of metal, arsenic sulphide, acids, gases and crude glycerine, crude drugs, lamps, matches, paints, varnishes and enamels, soaps and washing powders, stationary and electrical goods of indigenous manufacture.

The report states that except in respect of goods from hard currency countries, there is no reason to place obstacles on re-exports, unless the goods are in such world-wide short supply that difficulties are expected in replacing them from soft currency areas. No one would export goods which he has imported from outside unless he makes a profit on them. Nor should there be any objection to the free export of processed articles, the hard currency element in the price of which is not more than half.

POLITICAL HINDRANCE

As regards Indo-Pakistan trade, the Committee thinks that political reasons should not hinder the flow of trade between the two Dominions. The report says: "Relations between two nations may be strained. They may quite often be extremely difficult; yet trade is generally unaffected".

A recent example, mentioned by the Committee, is that of Russia's selling manganese ore to the U.S.A., "in spite of the cold war between them". It, therefore, recommends that in future there should, in general, be no export restriction on goods going to Pakistan, particularly manufactured goods.

PROPOSALS ON CONTROL OF QUALITY

Fix The Standards

The Committee sums up its recommendations on quality controls as follows:—

(1) Quality control in the sense of preventing by enforcement the export of anything which does not conform to certain fixed standards should be applied in the case of those commodities where the laws of the importing countries are such that importation of anything below standard is forbidden. Examples are the various laws prescribed by the Public Health Authorities in the U. S. A., and Canada governing edibles such as oilseeds and spices.

(2) As a rule, arbitration should be relied upon for ensuring that the quality of goods exported conforms to buyers' specifications.

(3) Where there is a distinct attempt to cheat the buyer, or the practice of selling below standard is established, or where the exporter refuses to carry out any award made by the arbitrators, prompt inquiry resulting in black-listing should follow.

(4) Standards which would facilitate the transaction of business by enabling quotations to be made with reference to them, provided they are equally well understood by buyer and seller, should be prescribed as a means of reference, and

(5) Standardisation or quality control should not as a rule be applied to commodities in which markets or buyers have their own particular preferences.

NO FUTURES IN JUTE

A part of the report is devoted to specific recommendations regarding the more important of India's export commodities, such as jute manufactures, tea, cotton piecegoods, raw jute, oils and oilseeds, raw cotton, hides and skins, mica, shellac, sugar, coal, spices, manganese and other ores, cottage industries, fruits, nuts and vegetables, horns, hoofs and pieces thereof, crushed bones, tyres and tubes, manufactures of wood and timber, pharmaceutical products, tobacco, chillies, magnesium chloride, vegetable products and myrabolan.

To sell jute goods at reasonable and competitive prices, the Committee, besides recommending prohibition of all futures trading in jute manufactures, suggests that the Indian Jute Mills' Association should buy all the jute required for the mills, using such agencies as it thinks necessary and distributing its purchases to its constituents in accordance with a plan drawn up after consideration of their needs.

"When the supply of a commodity is either just sufficient to meet its need or a little less", it is argued, "nothing can so easily push up the price as purchases by individuals, each trying to do his best for himself.

COMPETITION IN TEA

In regard to the export of tea, the Committee warns against competition from Indonesia in a couple of years. It is well that both Government and the tea industry, it adds, should be prepared to face that competition when it comes by reducing costs as much as possible at the present time and even by selling to foreign markets at reasonable prices rather than attempting to obtain everything that the foreigner will bear.

The Committee is opposed to the levy of an export duty on tea, and suggests that this should be removed at any opportune time. Although there has been a considerable increase in tea production, the internal consumption of tea has also increased, and therefore the increase in the volume of exports has not been as large as that in production.

This can only be achieved by further increase of production or curtailment of domestic consumption, neither of which can be pressed too far in view of the imminence of revival of competition from Indonesia.

COTTON PIECEGOODS

Regarding cotton piecegoods the Committee estimates that India can safely export a total of 800 million yards during 1949-50 and 1950-51. It recommends that this should therefore be the target of export in the next two years.

It also recommends that machinery should be devised to avoid export of Indian cloth of indifferent quality and packing of unsatisfactory nature. In addition to piecegoods, the report suggests that the export of cotton yarn should be increased. It is estimated that the surplus available for export is 200,000 bales.

Referring to oils and oilseeds, the Committee says: "The main difficulty in exporting these to the extent that they are surplus to internal requirements is the disparity between internal and external prices. The Committee therefore suggests imposition of effective control over prices of groundnut and linseed. Other measures recommended are removal of inter-Provincial restrictions on movement and better transport to ports.

The Committee recommends abolition of speculation and control over the quality of exports of shellac. These, together with increased production, should result in a large and steady export trade, particularly with the United States.

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES

Dealing with cottage industries, the Committee says: Brass work, wood and ivory carving, certain types of jewellery and gold brocade are some items which, with modern methods of salesmanship and methods of production adapted to yield a steady flow of standardised goods having an artistic appeal, might find a ready market, especially in the United States.

Advantage should be taken of international exhibitions for the display of such goods. Attractive advertisements in foreign periodicals are another suggestion. At home, the establishment of these industries on an organised basis, with regular hours, modern business methods and standardisation of designs, is recommended.

A few modern technicians or business executives should be asked to study patterns of production and "their adaptation to the production of utilities."

INVISIBLE EXPORTS

Under the head "invisible exports", the report deals briefly with shipping, banking, insurance and tourist traffic. "Measures to increase our earnings from these must include development of these services as well as increasing use of them by Indian trade", the report states. But, it adds, in the case of shipping "compulsion of any kind may have undesirable repercussions on the volume of export trade."

"Performance will bring its reward. If Indian ships are able to offer as good or better service than foreign ships there is no doubt that they will not lack cargo."

MONETARY CONSULTATION

Representatives from 48 member nations attended the fourth annual meeting of the Boards of Governors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Monetary Fund, at the Shoreham Hotel in Washington, D.C. The photograph, taken at one of the sessions, shows left to right: Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Indian Governor of Monetary Fund, and Eugene R. Black of the United States, president of the International Bank.—USIS PHOTO.

PROMOTION COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS

NEHRU'S PROPOSED VISIT CAUSES STIR IN U. S.

Indians In New York Preparing For Big Reception

NEW YORK, Oct. 3 (PTI): The Indian community in the Greater New York area is preparing to give a great welcome to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when he arrives in this city on October 15, cables D. P. Wagle PTI Correspondent.

With only a few more days left for the Prime Minister's departure from India, interest in the visit is mounting.

When members of the Indian community met for the celebration of Dusserah during the week end and again for the Gandhi birthday anniversary yesterday, the common topic of discussion was the impending visit of Pandit Nehru.

GREAT STIR

No event of Asian interest has created a greater stir among the Indian community here. They have been receiving a large number of enquiries from their countrymen living in the outlying cities such as Boston, Massachusetts and Philadelphia. It is expected that there will be a considerable influx of Indians, particularly students, when Pandit Nehru is due in Washington and New York.

A representative committee of Indians of New York, under Mr. R. R. Saksena, the Consul General, is putting the final touches to the programme that has been drawn up to welcome Pandit Nehru.

At La Guardia airport, on October 15, the Prime Minister will be welcomed by the Indian Community and by the Municipality of New York separately.

There will first be a gun salute on behalf of the municipality when Pandit Nehru leaves the plane.

The American and Indian national anthems will be played.

A group of Indian women will garland Pandit Nehru and members of his party.

Meanwhile, another group of Indian women, carrying a huge banner inscribed "WELCOME NEHRU", will take their stand near the fringe of the airport. Behind them will be members of the Indian community present to welcome Nehru.

The welcome on behalf of the Municipality will follow.

NEW CHAPTER IN PAK FOREIGN POLICY

LAHORE, Oct. 3, (PTI-Reuter): The view that Pakistan Prime Minister, Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan's coming visit to Moscow would open a new chapter in Pakistan's foreign policy, was expressed in a resolution adopted by the Lahore Socialist Party at a meeting held under the presidentship of Mr. Ghulam Mohammed.

The resolution further expressed the hope that Pakistan would continue to adhere to its independent foreign policy and "will establish political and trade relations with the Soviet Union on friendly terms so far as these are consistent with the interests, stability and prosperity of Pakistan."

The Lahore Socialist Party, the resolution added, felt that the Pakistan Prime Minister should avail himself of the opportunity to make it quite clear to the Government and people of the U.S.S.R. that Pakistan was "not a camp follower of the Anglo-American bloc" and to dispel the "totally wrong notion that appears to prevail in certain quarters that in a future world war. Pakistan would serve as a military base in the interests of the Anglo-American bloc against Russia."

A CURE FOR COLD

American Discovery

NEW YORK, Oct. 4. (UPI): The common cold cure, which the U. S. navy announced yesterday, is a red tablet worth about 4d.

Its name is Coricidin—cold killer.

The tablet is aspirin with "something new"—a drug named chlortrimeton added.

Coricidin is not yet on sale in chemists' shops, but doctors can prescribe.

It was discovered by Captain John Brewster at the U. S. Naval Hospital at Great Lakes, Illinois.

He tried it first as a cure for hayfever, then found his patients lost their sniffles and other cold symptoms.

In seven months, he treated 572 people with colds.

He found that where a patient was given corocidin within an hour of the onset of a cold all symptoms disappeared in 24 hours in 90 per cent of the cases.

A two-hour-old cold was cured in 87 per cent of the cases, a 12-hour-old cold in 74 per cent of the cases.

GUERILLAS EXECUTED IN GREECE

Poland Draws Attention Of U. N. Political Committee

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter): Poland's Julius Katz-Suchy today alleged that the Greek Government had broken a promise to suspend all death sentences on guerillas.

He told the United Nations Political Committee that a Greek Trade Union leader had been shot by a firing squad on Saturday.

M. Dmitri Manuilsky (Ukraine), said: "Every night dozens are being condemned to death and executed.

He added that if these executions continued the Conciliation Committee, set up recently by the United Nations to compose differences between Greece and her northern neighbours, would become "a Committee conniving with the present Greek Government in its campaign of terror, which reproduces the practice of the German Nazis".

M. Alexis Kyrou (Greece), said the two previous statements illustrated how political subjects and political needs were brought into discussion "under the cover of humanitarianism"

Mr. Lester Pearson, (Canada) the Committee Chairman, after undertaking to try to find out about the Trade Union Leader mentioned by M. Katz-Suchy, declared the matter closed.

Drug Control In C. P.

NAGPUR, Oct. 4 (PTI).—The Governor of Central Provinces and Berar has promulgated an Ordinance to provide for the control of the price, supply and distribution of drugs in the province, including requisitioning of stocks, if necessary.

Maximum retail prices for notified drugs and the quantities that could be possessed by a dealer or sold to any person have been fixed by the Ordinance.

Contravention of the provisions of the Ordinance is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

RIDDING MALAYA OF RED TERRORISM

15,000 Eliminated From Active Participation In Banditry

KUALA LUMPUR, Oct. 4 (PTI).—In a reference to Communist terrorism in Malaya, the High Commissioner for Malaya, Sir Henry Gurney, told the Federal Legislative Council here that over 15,000 people had been eliminated from active participation in banditry during the past year.

Of these, nearly 10,000 had been repatriated to China, being foreign-born Chinese.

SURGICAL OPERATION

Sir Henry added: "In most parts of the country we are now nearing the end of this surgical operation to cut out the sources of poison. In these parts, our main task is now to build up confidence and strength among the elements who have suffered under this Communist threat, to equip them with protection both moral and physical which will fortify their power of resistance against any recurrence of this menace and to give full play to the natural forces of recovery to political health which are instinct in all reasonable men."

In those parts of the country where "the surgical treatment must continue," the High Commissioner said, the security forces had recently had greater success than ever before. This was due to better information and the ability to concentrate stronger forces in those areas. There had been a modest number of surrenders since the offer of surrender terms was made. "But nobody supposes that the final elimination of the trouble from these dense jungle areas is going to be quick or easy," concluded His Excellency

Move For Tamil State In Ceylon

COLOMBO, October 4 (PTI-Reuter): A group of prominent Ceylon Tamils are forming a new political party aiming to establish an autonomous Tamil state within the framework of a Federal Ceylon Government.

The new party led by Mr. J. S. V. Chelvanayagum, member of Parliament, resulted from a split in the all-Ceylon Tamil Congress, one section favouring co-operation with the predominantly Sinhalese Government and the Chelvanayagum group wanting federal autonomy. The Tamils, numbering about 700,000 are the largest and oldest minority group in Ceylon, and came originally from the Indian mainland.

Defend Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, Oct. 3, (PTI-Reuter): Posters calling citizens to arms to defend Jerusalem for Israel appeared throughout the city tonight after the day of atonement fast.

They read "America for Americans, England for the English, and Israel for the Israeli as far as the river Euphrates".

They were believed to have been posted by a Stern Gang Splinter Group.

ADS BY THE UNBORNS!

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON (By Air Mail).

HAVE you ever heard of unborn babies inserting advertisements? But this one has just appeared in a London newspaper. It says: "Baby starting life in October wants somewhere to live with parents. Write to Box....."

Reconstruction In China

RUSSIA'S PLEDGE

HONGKONG, Oct. 3, (PTI-Reuter): Hwang Ching, Communist Mayor of Tientsin, told a rally of 300,000 people here that "The aggressors, headed by United States imperialism" were "crying for war".

The vast gathering, which was celebrating yesterday the establishment of the Communist Government and "International Peace Day", heard Soviet Cultural Delegate A. Fadeyev, pledge Russian aid in reconstruction.

Mayor Hwang said the "Chinese Revolution" would have been impossible but for the "mighty role played by the Soviet Union in safeguarding world peace.

Civil Rights Bill Shelved

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman and Democratic leaders today agreed that Congress should postpone consideration of his civil rights measure until the session beginning in January.

Mr. Truman's civil rights programme calls for legislation against racial discrimination, including provision of federal legislation against lynching.

OPPOSITION

The programme was fiercely opposed in the Southern States during the presidential election campaign last year.

Senator Scott Lucas, of Illinois, Democratic Floor Leader said after a conference with the President today "It seems doubtful that a prolonged discussion of any Civil Rights Bill at this session would be helpful."

He thought the present session of Congress would be ended in two or three weeks, he added.

Pakistan Invites Scots To Start Jute Mills

LONDON, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, Pakistan's High Commissioner to Britain, during his recent first official tour of Scotland said Pakistan would always be prepared to shoulder the responsibility for world peace together with the other members of the Commonwealth.

Mr. Rahimtoola who was replying to an address of welcome by the Lord Provost of Glasgow, Mr. Victor Warren, at the city chambers, generally invited Scottish industries to invest and establish themselves in Pakistan.

"Scotsmen were the first to go to Calcutta and start jute factories there. They are equally welcome to come to Chittagong. They can certainly be assured of a fair deal," he added.

NO DISBANDMENT OF U. N. KOREA COMMISSION

Soviet Proposal Defeated

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter).—The United Nations Political Committee against Soviet opposition, today decided to keep in being the United Nations Commission on Korea to "observe and report on any developments which might lead to, or otherwise involve military conflict in Korea."

Countries to be represented on the Commission will be India, Australia, China, France, Philippines, El Salvador and Turkey. Turkey thus replaces Syria on the Seven-Nation-Commission.

The resolution was adopted by 44 votes to six, with five nations abstaining.

The Russian proposal to end the Commission and leave unification to the people of Korea themselves was defeated by 44 votes to six, with five abstensions.

The Committee approved the strengthening of the Commission by granting it power to appoint military observers.

A resolution proposed by the United States, Australia, China and the Philippines empowered the commission to "verify the withdrawal of Soviet occupation forces in so far as it is in a position to do so."

Yugoslavia voted in favour of the Soviet proposal.

Dr. Anup Singh (India), supported an amendment by Guatemala that the unification of Korea was paramount. He said it should not be relegated to a secondary position. The Committee should not create the impression in Korea that the United Nations had given up in this task.

The resolution made the terms of the Commission too vague, said Dr. Singh. The members would become mere spectators, instead of taking an active role in the development of representative Government.

SPECIAL DIET FOR RED HUNGERSTRIKERS

Forced Feeding In East Punjab Jails

AMBALA, Oct. 4 (PTI).—Communist detenus who have been on hunger-strike in East Punjab jails since Sept. 20 are in a satisfactory state of health, according to the Inspector General of Prisons, Rai Bahadur Benichand Katoch.

He said in an interview that they were being forcibly fed daily with two seers of milk, two ounces of cream, one egg and glucose.

About 150 Communist detenus have been on hungertsrike in various jails in the Province as a protest against what they call "non-implementation of the promises made by the Government" regarding their demands.

Mr. Katoch said that the Communist detenus were being supplied with special class prisoner's diet. The scale of issue of clothing and other efftcts had been recently increased by the Government. A monthly allowance of Rs. 5-8 each had also been sanctioned for the purchase of tooth paste, soap and oil.

Pondicherry Press Strike

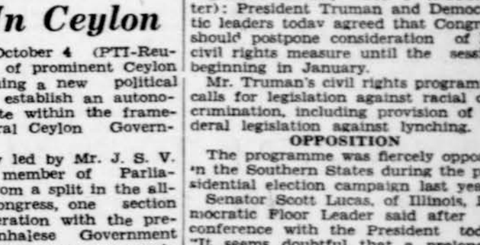
PONDICHERRY, Oct. 4. (PTI): The week-old strike of press workers in Pondicherry has been declared "illegal" by the Labour Inspector of French India. The strike, it is stated, has been started without proper notice. Police are patrolling the town.

Chief Administrator For Sindhri

CUTTACK, Oct. 4 (UPI).—The United Press reliably learns that Mr. B. C. Mukherjee, Food Commissioner of Orissa, has been appointed as the Chief Administrator of Sindhri (Bihar), where ammonium—sulphate manufacture has recently been started.

The Provincial Government, it is learnt, have received a communication about the appointment.

GOLDEN
SANDALWOOD
THE SOAP OF THE GENTRY



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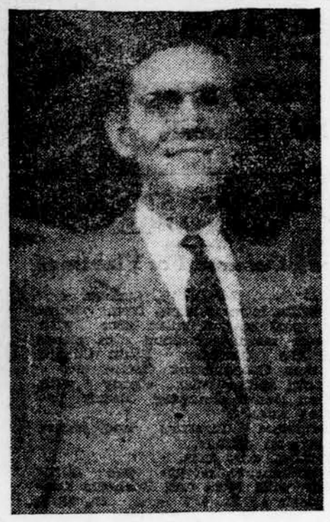

Dr. Field Horine, Deputy Chief of U.N. Information, W. H. O. left for Geneva by Air-India International.

BRITAIN HOPES TO OUTLAW A-BOMB

HYTHE, Kent Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Michael Stewart, British Under-Secretary for War, said today that Britain hoped to outlaw the atom bomb. It had no place in civilised life, which could not continue in its company, he added.

Deprecating excessive fear or worship of the atom bomb, Mr. Stewart told an army small arms school here that problems of living now could not be solved "if we sat mesmerised by the bomb like a rabbit by a snake.".

IRAQ PLANS TRADE PACT WITH INDIA

Need For Smooth Flow Of Commodities Stressed

BAGHDAD, Oct. 3, (PTI): THE Iraqi Government is understood to have been studying the question of reaching a trade and economic agreement with India.

The Iraqi Government have welcomed a proposal made by the Government of India for an agreement owing to the very close friendly relations between the two countries.

Dr. Nadim Al-Pachachi, Director-General of Economics, Ministry of Economics, said that the annual statistics index of trade between Iraq and India showed that during the last three years Iraq had imported from India goods worth Rs. 5,40,00,000 for each year, or about 21 per cent of its foreign trade, while Iraq had exported to India during the same period Rs. 2,70,00,000 worth of dates and cereals a year.

"The agreement is essetial for both countries, as it will help the exchange of surplus goods fodstuffs and other items for the use of the two countries," he said.

"During the last three months the Government of India has approached the Iraqi Government in an effort to purchase certain quantities of wheat and barley from this country's surplus. Negotiations are proceeding well in a very friendly atmosphere.

"A trade agreement between Iraq and India will, without doubt put an end to the restriction and help the smooth flow of trade back to where it was for more than a century."

Legal and economic authorities are busy in examining the proposals and studying the matter carefully before taking any final decision.

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 4.

News has reached here from Mangrol that two brothers of the Shaikh of Mangrol have been arrested by Saurashtra police, as they overstayed in Mangrol though their permit period had expired.

SMUGGLERS' BOAT CAUGHT IN JAVA

Operating From Secret Malayan Base

BATAVIA, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter)—Dutch naval authorities at Medan, Sumatra, said today that a Dutch corvette had arrested a motorboat belonging to a Chinese who was reported to be the most notorious smuggler in Java waters.

The announcement said the motorboat, operating from a secret bace in Malaya, was caught after an exiciting 90-minute chase.

It quoted the Javanese captain of the motorboat as saying he was carrying a cargo of contraband goods, including motor cycles, as well as 16 Indonesians from Thailand. He had hoped to land his cargo in Republican territory in North Sumatra.

The statement said the boat was detected by radar. When it failed to reply to an order to halt, the corvette opened fire with Gerlikon guns, raking her deck. Before the motorboat eventually surrendered, the crew had thrown documents overboard.

FREE MARKET VALUE OF PESO

47 Per Cent Reduction

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 3, (PTI-Reuter): The Argentine Central Bank today reduced its free market value of the peso by 47 per cent.

This free market rate was not mentioned when the Central Bank announced on Saturday some details of the new multirate exchange structure —which came into force today, following devaluation of the pound.

The Bank today gave further details of the various rates for different categories of imports and exports, confirming the decision not to devalue the peso so far as Britain's meat exports are concerned.

Its announcement added that the Bank "will in due course make known the regulations governing imports covered by recent trade agreements with other countries."

Hungary Denounces West German Govt.

BUDAPEST, October 3, (PTI-Reuter): Hungary tonight followed Russia in denouncing the formation of the West German Government as a violation of the Potsdam Agreement.

A note, sent to the British, American, French and Russian Governments, demands establishment of a United Germany, the Hungarian Foreign Ministry announced.

AIRY TALKS!

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON (By Air Mail). WOMEN are safer than men as dispensers of medicine and dangerous drugs, is the opinion of London doctors. It is said that they have natural aptitude for delicate work and women's neat and careful methods, specially where poisons are concerned, make them more suited for the job than men. But the dispensers must go through a nine-month course which includes translation of Latin prescriptions and the preparation of catchets, capsules, emulsions, liniments, pastes and pills. Dispensers in London earn from six to eight guineas a week.

SATYAGRAHA BASED ON TRUTH & AHIMSA

Mahatma's Weapon For Downtrodden

MEERUT, Oct. 3, (PTI): Mr. Pyarelal, Mahatma Gandhi's Secretary said here yesterday that Gandhi's message to the downtrodden was satyagraha based on truth and ahimsa.

Mr. Pyarelal was addressing a public meeting which concluded the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations in Meerut.

He said that satyagraha was a weapon to be used by the individual in accordance with the dictates of his conscience. The Government help would not be available for satyagraha. There was no point in the complaint that though the Government claimed to adhere to Gandhian principles, it did not support satyagraha.

He reminded the meeting of Gandhiji's message of communal unity and exhorted the people to remain firm in their faith in it.

Recounting how Gandhiji placed great reliance on women as guardians of peace, he said that if violence swayed the world, it was the women who would, suffer most.

Gandhiji, leading a poor man's life as he did all his life had bequeathed to the poor the charkha which was their symbol and hope, he concluded.

Rajen Babu Not To Visit Rajkot

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, (By Air Mail): Keen disappointment was felt by the inhabitants of Rajkot at the news of the enforced inability of Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, to pay a visit to Rajkot in response to Mahatma Gandhi's nephew, Mr. Narandas Gandhi's invitation.

Decision has been taken by the local leaders in Saurashtra to offer mass prayers on the 80th anniversary of Thakkar Baba's birth on November 29.

They hope to contribute their mite towards defraying the cost of publishing the Thakkar Baba souvenir volume estimated at Rs. 25,000. The volume will be presented to him on November 29.

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 4, (UPI): Hyderabad Stat e exported 2,50,000 bales of cotton in 1948-49 for use by the Indian textile mills,. it is learnt.

The stock position in Hyderabad is satisfactory and the textile mills in the State are sufficiently provided.

News BRIEFS

REQUISITION HOUSES

The West Bengal Urban Tenants' Association has urged the Government of West Bengal to "requisition all available housing accommodation for the floating, homeless and ejected tenants in the urban areas" in the province.

C. P. STATES MEMBERS

All the 17 members, nominated to the Central Provinces and Berar Legislative Assembly from the C.P. states have formally joined the Congress Parliamentary Party in the Provincial Legislature.

ANTI-MALARIAL CAMPAIGN

The Saurashtra Government have earmarked a sum of Rs. 1,48,000 to fight malaria and phylaria in the state and a scheme has been worked out for the same.

SIX BILLS A DAY

Six bills will be moved every day during the autumn session of the East Punjab Assembly which commences on October 10, according to the official programme.

UNEMPOYMENT IN U. P.

Within six weeks, the number of unemployed textile workers at Kanpur has risen from 2,000 to 5,000 and by the middle of this month it will rise by another 1,000 as the management of the Victoria Mills has given a 15-day notice to about 750 workers on the first of October.

ENGLISH COMES

English will take the place of Russian as second language in Yugoslav schools from October 12.

DOES 400 MEN'S JOBS

A special bulldozer for railway construction work has been put on the conveyor at the Tula Engineering Works, says Moscow radio. This new machine mechanises ballast and snow removing jobs and does the work of 400 men.

ABORIGINES FOR PARLIAMENT

Three aborigines are expected to be among the candidates at the Australian Federal Elections, to be held on December 12. The New South Wales branch of the Australian Aborigines League announced that the League had been depending for 20 years on politicians who had promised better conditions for the aborigines, but nothing has happened.

Communists Arrested In Malabar

CALICUT, Oct. 4. (UPI): Several prominent Communists of Ottapalem have been arrested.

At Pattambi, Parameswaran Nambudri and three other Communists have been arrested. The Labour Union office at Shoranur was searched and sealed by the police.

At various other centres in Malabar, Communists have been rounded up in large numbers following the ban on the Communist Party.

CZECHS DENOUNCE PACT WITH TITO

Diplomats Accused Of "Industrial Spying"

PRAGUE, Oct. 4. (P. T. I-Reuter): Czechoslovakia today denounced its treaty of friendship with Yugoslavia, accusing Tito's diplomats of "industrial spying", and demanded the recall of the Yugoslav Ambassador.

Czechoslovakia accused "many officials" of the Yugoslav Embassy here with being "systematically busy with subversive activity which can be directly labelled as showing criminal intentions against Czechoslovakia".

Czechoslovakia's denunciation of her treaty with Yugoslavia, signed in May 1946, followed the exampie of the Soviet Union, Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland and Rumania.

DRIVE FOR ARMS

PATIALA, Oct. 4. (PTI): Six hundred and eighty-seven cases have been registered under the Arms Act following a drive by the police for recovery of illicit arms in the rural areas of Bhatinda District. A number of handgrenades, rifles and shotguns were recovered.

Sardar Malik Presents His Credentials

PARIS, October 4 (P.T.I.-Reuter): India's first Ambassador to France, Sardar H S. Malik, today presented his credentials to President Vincent Auriol.

Mr. Malik said India had "high regard and deep admiration for the People of France, for their great traditions of culture and art and for the glorious contribution that France has made to the cause of political and social justice.

ONE CHANGE IN WELSH SOCCER TEAM

International Match Against England

CARDIFF, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter): The Welsh International Soccer Team to meet England here on October 15 contains only one new "cap" in spite of their three defeats on the close-season continental tour last May. Swansea Town's 24 years old inside-left Scrine is the new international players

The team is as follows:—

Sidlow of Liverpool, Barnes (Arsenal) and Sherwood (Cardiff City), Paul (Swansea Town), Jones Everton and Burgess (Tottenham Hotspur), Griffith (Leicester City), Lucas (Swansea Town), Ford (Aston Villa), Scrine (Swansea Town) anl Edwards (Cardiff City).

Just received a consignment of wrist watches (Centre Second) from Switzerland. Very strong durable and accurate timekeeper with latest design. A fine thing for presents with a long-lasting 5 Jewels lever machine. Enamelled dial, medium size and looks beautiful. Radium on each point. Once winded, gives time for 36 hours. Longlasting and durable glass. The red centre second looks very nice when taking a round of the dial.

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A MACHINE TO PREDICT THE WORLD'S FUTURE!

Scientist Describes Wonder Brain

LONDON, Oct. 4. (UPI). A WORLD in which a mechanical brain would work out all the economic and social problems of nations and give accurate forecasts of things to come was described at a Bristol Rotary meeting by Dr. Grey Walter, of the Burden Neurological Institute.

The building of such an electronic brain with 10,000 cells, he said, had been discussed by British scientists, and he understood preliminary consultations had begun.

This mechanical "seer" he said would be capable of giving accurate forecasts of the effect of, say, the devaluation of the pound in five years' time.

PROPHET OF WAR!

It could forecast the year in which war between any two nations was most probable, market prices of the future and their effect upon world economy.

"In the hands of an unscrupulous nation its power to foretell the future might be disastrous and lead to self-destruction by a nation seeking world power," he said.

Explaining the working of such a mechanical brain, Dr. Grey Walter said it would be tested by feeding into it all the figures relating to food production, prices, church-going, economics, taxation, unemployment, and a hundred-and-one other factors which govern our lives.

"All we have to do then", said Dr. Grey Walter, "is to keep on turning the handle for the mechanical brain to forecast the future."

Python Swallows Goat

JAMUI (Monghyr) Oct 3 (PTI)—A twelve-foot long Python which had devoured a goat weighing about ten seers was killed near village Daulatpur on Saturday last.

The villager, it is stated who had lost his goat met the Python during his search on a hill near the village. He raised a hue and cry and collected a large number of his co-villagers who speared the Python.

The Python was disembowelled and the dead goat was found in its belly.

"Radiation Tolerance" Of Human Beings

ONTARIO, Oct. 3. (UPI): Nuclear experts from Britain, Canada and the USA who will shortly meet at the Canadian Atomic Energy Establishment in Ontario, will discuss how much radio-activity human beings and animals can bear without danger.

The primary purpose of the conference is to lay down uniform standards for "radiation tolerance".

The Girl And The Braces

BIRMINGHAM— Norris Stanley, leader of the Birmingham Symphony Orchestra, is so obliging that he could not refuse when a strange girl dashed up to him in the street and asked him to hand over his braces.

Stanley unbuttoned, let her have them, and went home uneasily with hands in pockets keeping his trousers up.

Reason for the strange request was that the girl was competing in a treasure hunt. One of the things competitors had to produce was a pair of men's braces. —PTI-Reuters.

Dog Made Club Member

SINGAPORE—A building, named "Pharach", has been made an associate member of the Royal Singapore Gold Club. Pharach was presented to the club last year.

Recently, a member wrote in complaining that Pharach had privileges not extended to other dogs, which are not allowed on the club's premises.

Pharach was then proposed and seconded as an associate. He was introduced to the Club Committee and was duly elected, but is not allowed to play "around" over the club's course?

REFORM WAGE STRUCTURE

Advice To Lancashire Cotton Industry

LONDON, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter): Given efficient methods, new machinery and a wage structure with piece rates directly related to effort, the Lancashire cotton industry could increase production beyond any targets so far suggested, a Government appointed commission reported today.

The commission has spent three years investigating conditions in the British cotton industry, which is in the front rank of Britain's export drive.

Saying the present piece rate lists were out of date the commission urged this "final word" to the industry:

"Get on with the vital task of reforming the wage structure which is an essential part of all plans to increase production."

Message Rate In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4 (PTI): The message rate for use of telephones will come into effect in Delhi from Oct. 16, 1949. the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs announced today.

The rates have been reduced, the charges for a fixed line being Rs. 10 per month and the call fees Re. 1 for 12 calls with a rebate of 12 1-2 per cent for prompt payment or 1-1|6 annas per call.

The reduced rates have been extended with effect from the same day to Poona, Kanpur and Amritsar where the rate existing is Rs. 12 per month for a fixed line and the call fees Rs. 1|8 for 14 calls with a rebate of 12-1|2 per cent for prompt payment or 1-1|2 annas per call.

Vandenberg Operated On

ANN ARBOR MICHIGAN, Oct 3, (PTI-Reuter): Senator Arthur Vandenberg, Republican Party Foreign Affairs expert, spent more than six hours on the operating table here today.

Doctors said half his left lung had ben removed, but described his condition as "excellent".

U. P. Ministers Acquire "Bhumidari" Rights

ZAMINDARI FUND COLLECTS RS. 75 LAKHS IN 2 DAYS

LUCKNOW, Oct 3 (PTI): In the Province-wide Zamindari Abolition Fund drive which commenced yesterday Mr. Thakur Hukamsingh, Revenue Minister of the U.P. Government, who sponsored the Zamindari Abolition Bill in the Provincial Legislature, deposited Rs. 1,841|6|6, equivalent to 10 times the rent in respect of his holdings at the Kaisergunj Tehsil in Bahraich District to acquire "Bhumidari" rights.

The Minister yesterday led a procession of Kisans to the Tehsil where the money was deposited. The Deputy Commissioner of Bahraich presented "sanads" to the Minister and others who paid their contributions entitling them to "Bhumidari" rights. The "sanad" certified the holder that he would not be ejected and his rent would be halved with immerdiate effect. It laid down that he would be declared a "Bhumidar" when U.P. Zaminadari Abolition and Land Reforms Bill, now under consideration of a Joint Select Committee, became an Act.

Two more Ministers of the U.P. Government who are likely to acquire 'bhumidari" rights are Mr. A. G. Kher and Mr. N. A. Sherwani.

RS 75 LAKHS COLLECTED

More than 400 treasuries and subtreasuries remained open for the first time on a Sunday to enable tenants to contribute to the 170-crore Zamindari Abolition Fund.

The first two days' collections, according to reports received here, may well exceed Rs. 75 lakhs.

Saurashtra Consembly Members

RAJKOT, October 4, (PTI): All the five members of the Indian Constituent Assembly from Saurashtra, Mr. B. G Mehta, Minister for Communications, Mr. Samaldas Gandhi, Revenue Minister, Mr. A. V. Thakar, Mr. Jayasukh Lal Hathi and Mr. C. C. Shah will attend the forthcoming session of the Assembly on October 6, at New Delhi.

During this session of the Assembly the draft constitution for States to be included in the constitution of the Indian Union will be taken up for consideration.

FUTURE OF CRIMINAL TRIBES

Committee To Issue Questionnaire

TIRUPATI, Oct. 4. (UPI): "Damning a section of our countrymen permanently as criminal tribes is opposed to all principles of justice and no civilised country could tolerate it," said Mr. M. Ananthasayanam Ayangar, Deputy Speaker of the Indian Parliament and Chairman of the Criminal Tribes Enquiry Committee in an interview here.

Mr. Ayangar added that members of these tribes should be educated and made to shed their criminal propensities by engaging them in some useful occupations.

The conditions of these tribes, he said, varied from province to province and the function of the Committee was to study them in detail. In some provinces the Criminal Tribes Act had been repealed and in certain others like Bombay other laws such as the Habitual Offenders Act had been enacted to deal with habitual offenders. The Committee would examine their effects and also scrutinise the results obtained by the settlements working for the benefit of these tribes.

Mr. Ayangar further said that he had a preliminary meeting with the members present at Delhi last month to discuss the procedure of enquiry. The Committee would shortly issue a questionnaire to elicit information regarding these tribes, he added.

Keen Tussle For Honours In British Racing

(From VERNON MORGAN, Reuter's Sports Editor). LONDON, Oct. 2, (PTI-Reuter): A fine tussle is ensuing between the two crack racing establishments, Beckhampton in the West County presided over by the youthful Noel Murless, and Fitzroy House, Newmarket run by the veteran Frank Butters.

Both stables have won over £60,000 this season and it is hard to say which will be on top at the finish. At present there is only a matter of one valuable race between them and the lead changes hands from day to day. At the time of writing the Butters stable is in front by just over £ 5,000.

Both stables have had some notable successes recently. Frank Butters has won valuable races for the Aga Khan with Tabraz, Diableretta, Kisaki, Dust Devil and Palestine. Wat Tyler and Arc en Ciel have helped to boost the Beckhampton winners.

A great deal will depend on the result of the King George the Sixth akes at Ascot and the Champion Stakes at Newmarket. Both should be worth well over £ 5,000.

In the former race the St. Leger winner Ridge Wood, will be backed to beat the Chief Fitzroy House hope, Moondust, while Krakatao will be fancied to win the Champion Stakes.

But there are many other fairly rich prizes such as the Cambridgeshire and Cesarewitch to name but two and even were Beckhampton to win both the King George the Sixth and Champion Stakes it would be no good thing for Murless to repeat his success of last year when he topped the list with £ 66,542.

Butters has been leading trainer on no fewer than seven occasions, his best year being 1934 when he won over 88,000 pounds sterling for his patrons.

Whatever the outcome of this season's duel Butters should be in for a wonderful season next year for he holds in his hand four "aces" among the best two years old, the colts Palestine and Tabriz, both greys and the fillies Diableretta and Kisaki.

As far as one can say Beckhampton has no juvenile of either sex to touch this quartet, who between them, should on this season's running win many valuable prizes next year for Butters and the Aga Khan who is the fortunate owner of all four.

They have already between them won him sixteen races and just under forty thousand pounds sterling.

Tabriz by Tehran won over a mile at Ascot last week like a real champion and he will probably be winter favourite for the Derby.

Indeed, it may be a "greay" year for the book-makers if Tabriz and Palestine fulfil their early promise.

Scattered Liquidation In Steel Shares

MARKET QUIET WITH RESTRICTED BUSINESS

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

There being no new development during the Holidays, the local Share Bazar failed to mark any important departure. There was only routine business and price movement was confined to a narrow range: Neither buyers nor sellers were anxious to increase their risks.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1475| against the cast close at Rs. 1485. After opening the market drifted down on scattered selling and Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1460|- But thereafter short covering appeared and the quotation improved at Rs. 1470|- Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 293|- and after declining at Rs. 289|- steadied at Rs. 290|- Indian Irons opened at Rs. 31|- and after declining at Rs. 30|7 rallied at Rs. 30|13. Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 22|8 and after declining at Rs. 22|6 improved at Rs. 22|8.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1047|- and improved at Rs. 1052|- under scattered buying. At this level offerings increased and Dyeings declined at Rs. 1042|- but again improved at Rs. 1047|- Kohinoors opened at Rs. 283|- and after declining at Rs. 280|- Steadied at Rs. 281|- Svadeshi Bill Shares opened at Rs. 265|- and after losing 2 points at Rs. 263| rallied at Rs. 265|-. Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 15|8 and quietened at Rs. 15|5

Thereafter there was scattered selling and Defds. were done at Rs. 1465 and Ordinary Shares changed hands at Rs. 288/8. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1043/12. Central Indias were quoted at Rs. 216/12 and Gokaks were done at Rs. 269/6. Simplexes were placed at Rs. 186/8.

Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 142/8. Belapurs were placed at Rs. 195 and Bombay Burmas came in business at Rs. 366/4. Scindias were quoted at Rs. 15/4.

Towards the close there was increased selling and Tata Steel Defds. declined at Rs. 1450 and Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 287. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1043/12. The market is inclined to await the Finance Member's speech tomorrow.

TATA STEEL DEFTS

After the close of the market Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1457/8 to Rs. 1460.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES		
Bombay Dyeing (10-8) XD	1043	2
Kohinoor Mills (3-2)	278	8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	263	0
Central India Mills (4)	216	8
Simplex Mills (6-8)	184	8
New Great Eastern (8)	147	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	121	4
Gokak Mills (12)	269	0
Century Spinning (16)	222	8
Swan Mills (2)	303	0
Finlay Mills (15)	266	0
Morarji Goculdas	436	4
Edward Sassoon (30)	225	0
Meyer (12)	115	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 13	6
India United Ord. (10-3-6)	11	11
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1	14
Madhusudan Mills (15)	166	4
Podar (S)	136	4
Khatau Makanji (5)	170	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (14) XD	287	0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13) XD	1450	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-2) XD	139	0
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (6)	142	0
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-3)	366	4
Belapur Sugar (9)	195	8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (0-3)	32	8
Scindia Steam (0-3)	15	1
Premier Construction	102	0
Tata Chemical	12	10
Tata Oil (2) XD	55	0
Indian Iron (0-12)	30	9
Bengal Steel (0-8-2)	22	2
British India Corp. (0-9)	8	14
Indian Copper	2 9	6
Wimco	185	0
Alcock	260	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Power (25)	1512	8
Andhra Valley (30)	1415	0
Tata Hydro (3)	151	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (9)	58	4
Phoenix (50)	131	4
Indian Mfg.	925	0
Kurla XD	107	8
Colaba	130	8
New City (11)	152	8
Minerva (12)	130	10
Bradbury	435	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4	5
Bharat Mills (2)	31	4
Mysore Spg. Mills (4)	167	8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	8
Model Mills (12-8)	193	12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	612	8
Vishnu Cotton (8)	220	0
Western India (40)	2925	0
Standard (15)	220	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3100	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16	0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	0
Tata Mills (2-4)	51	0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	255	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	36	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15	8
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35	0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162	8
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67	0
Berar Mills	237	8
Victoria Mills	225	0
ELECTRIC (CASH)		
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	125	10
Ahmedabad New	74	8
Surat Electric (2-8)	145	0
Karachi Electric (2)	136	14
Broach (0-5)	6	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7	2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	133	12
Bombay Suburban XR	147	8
Bombay Suburban New	58	0
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1767	8
Imperial Bank P.P. (8-12)	437	8
Central Bank (1-8)	79	4
New Central Bank	79	0
Bank of India (4) XD	173	4
Union (0-5)	7	3
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	120	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40	8
United Commercial (8)	49	0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	12
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125)	4125	0
Empire (10)	625	0
New India (7)	51	0
Jupiter (1-4)	12	12
Vulcan (9-10)	11	13
Indian Mercantile (21)	37	0
Universal (9-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	15	0
Industrial and Prudential	26	12
Neptune	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	11	14
RAILWAY SHARES		
C. P. (1-14) X D	113	8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Steamer (10)	255	0
Bombay Burma New (5)	130	0
Burma Petrol	1 9	3
Bombay Burma New (5)	128	12
Burma Petrol	1 10	0
Mackenzie (6)	65	0
Port Canning (7)	60	12
Kemp & Co. (30)	395	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	38	8
Mukund Iron	13	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16	0
Alembic (10)	161	4
Supreme India X.R.	78	12
New Issue	73	8
Jam Wire (6)	67	4
Bombay Uganda	67	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30	0
Indian Cement (1937)	171	4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	152	8
United Motor	28	0
Associated Cement New (3)	138	8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	28	0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrella Batteries	32	2
Manmad Press	120	0
National Rayon	36	8
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	198	2
Andhra Valley (7)	1235	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1340	0
Hydro Electric (7)	132	8
Bombay Steamer (6)	235	0
Central India (5)	625	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)		
Lakshmi Mills	260	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220	0
Podar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316	4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137	8
Pre. Construction First	101	14
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	99	8
Amalgamated	115	0
Habib	72	9
Tata Chemical	116	4
Walchandnagar	130	0
Jupiter	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	110	0
Mackenzie (1st)	85	0
Mackenzie (2)	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mill	50	0
Standard	99	0
Madhusudan	12	0
Khatau	100	12
Morarji	94	8
National Rayon	74	8
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952	103	8
Gula Kajamsingh	8	9
Rubber Planting	17	0
Bombay Steamer	97	0
Indian Hume Pipe	101	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	11
New Victoria	2	10
New Victoria 2 (Pref)	4	12
Paltan (8)	97	8
Gold Mohor	282	8
New Kaiser Hind	420	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155	0
Osmanshahi (16)	235	0
Azamshahi	255	0
Air Services	5	12
Air India Tata	72	0
Hind Motor	5 7	6
Indian Steam	8	10

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

The decision of the Board of Directors to call deposits on open business on Gold and Silver created some nervous feeling in the market and the prices at the opening were lower. But there being scarcity of supplies prices soon advanced on short covering and renewed buying.

It seems that the Board found some traces of manipulation and took necessary steps to avoid any anxious situation. However if the Board intends once for all to put the trade on sound lines and discourage manipulation, the Badlas must be effectively checked by allowing only 6 per cent interest.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 400 bars Silver at Rs. 166/6 to Rs. 166/7 and has invited tenders for 400 bars for tomorrow.

In the local market Aso delivery Silver opened easy at Rs. 165/8 and firmed up at Rs. 167/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 167/8.

Aso delivery Gold opened at Rs. 114/8 and improved at Rs. 116/4. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 118/- and Sovereigns were priced at Rs. 77. Next settlement for Gold was quoted at a discount of Rs. 2/8.

Later on there was increased liquidation on Silver and the market closed at under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	165	8	0
Aso dely.	165	8	0
Ready Gold	118	0	0
Aso dely.	116	2	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	2	0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96	0	0
3 per cent non terminable	97	7	0
3 per cent Con.	97	7	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	11	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	5	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	13	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent Bom. Muni. K.P.T. 1956	113	12	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

Tata Ordinary 287; Tata Deferred 1450; Indian Iron 30-9; Steel Corpn. 22-2; Bombay Dyeing 1043-12; Central India 216-14; Gokak 269-6; Kohinoor 278-12; Simplex 184-8; Swadeshi 263-12; Tata Power 1525; Associated Cement 142-8; Belapur 195-10; Bombay Burma (Old) 366-4; Scindia 15-1; Central Bank 79-4; New India 51; Tata 2nd Pref. 138.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

Bengal	505
Bengal Old	485
Jarilla	705
Jarilla Old	650
N. T.	1050
289 F.	1100
Vijay	745
Kala Gin	645

PEPPER PRICES

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

Aso dely.	2560 to 2580
Maggar dely.	2140 to 2160

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

The local produce market was quietly steady with restricted business. It appears that a new association will come in existence in due course with powers to do forward business. Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	45	0	0
Madras	44	4	0
Oil local mills	25	4	0
Bold	44	4	0
Oil up country mills	24	8	0
LINSEED—			
Bold	33	9	0
Small	32	9	0
Oil	20	4	0
Castorseeds	26	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

There was no trading in this local market today.

It is said that some 15 members were called by the police for enquiry of doing business in new crop months and they are reported to have confessed of their business.

Cotton Committee To Meet Mr. V. L. Mehta

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

A special meeting of the Board of Directors of the East India was held today and it was decided to appoint a committee of five to the Finance Minister Mr. V. L. Mehta in connection with the present situation. The members of the committee are as under:—

Mr. Bhavanji A. Khimji.
Mr. Ramnath Podar.
Mr. Madanmodan Ruig.
Mr. Hiralal Dave.
Mr. Venilal Patina.

Cotton Crop Outlook

BENGALS: East Punjab: Weather favourable. Small arrivals started. Quality of first arrivals not attractive, may turn out fully good. Rajasthan: Bolls started bursting. Rains now will be injurious. First pickings begun on a small scale.

BROACH|SURAT: Crop progressed owing to break of rain. Condition of crop generally good. Weather favourable.

DHOLLERAS|MATHIAS: Recent rains beneficial to crops.

OOMRAS: C. P. Clear weather needed for agricultural operations. Berar: Rains general, likely to affect crop to some extent. Central India: Crop condition excellent. Rainfall general, clear weather needed. Moglais: Crops around the Godavari River suffered owing to heavy floods. Loss in yield apprehended.

COMPTA|DHARWAR: Rains favourable to the standing Kharif crops also for sowing Upland cotton.

WESTERNS|NORTHERNS: Heavy downpour caused damage to Mungari crop. Districts require bright clear weather.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

Cotton Bales	13771
Groundnuts Cwts.	2298
Linseed Cwts.	8990
Castorseed Cwts.	10
Tilseed Cwts.	470
Cottonseed Cwts.	8432
Poppyseed Cwts.	320
Mahura Cwts.	30
Sugar Cwts.	1553
Rice Cwts.	8425
Gram Cwts.	5602 5602

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

120 Ready Japan	3	14	0
150 Ready Japan	4	1	0
120 Ready Italy	3	8	0
150 Ready Italy	4	1	0
150 D. Box October	813	0	0
150 D. Box November	824	0	0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 3.

T. T. London on on:—
New York Selling 2.7987. Buying 2.8012; Montreal Selling 3.0775. Buying 3.0825; Zurich Selling 12.11. Buying 12.13; Sweden 14.47 to 14.50.

LONDON BULLION

London, Oct. 3.

London: Silver Spot and Forward both 63-1/4d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £12/8.

LONDON WHEAT

London, Oct. 3.

Australian Wheat 89/7-1/2 Oct.-Nov.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

MILLS

Apollo 2|14 2|13 2|13|6
Bharat 31 31¼
B. Dyeing 1047|8 55 42|8 55 43|2
C. India 216 17 16|8 17 16|8
Century 222|8
Colaba 130|8
E. Textiles 264/4 25 26/4 27
Elphinstone Ord. 58|4
Finlay 264 66 64 66
Gokak 269/8 88 89
I. U. Defd 1|15 1|14
I.U. Ord. 11|13 11|15 11|11
Indore 122/8 25 21/4
Khatau 170
Kohinoor 283 81 82 80|8 81|8 78|8
Meyer 115
Model 193|12
Mysore 167|8
New Great 150 47
Podar 137|8 36|4
Simplex 188 84|8
Svadeshi 264 65 63|8 65 62|8 64 63
Swan 303
Tata Mills 50
Vishnu 217|8 20
Western India 2925 (Ex Div.)

STEAMER

B. Steam 255
Scindia 15-9 15-10 15-3-6 15-5 15-1

BANKS

Central 79 79-8 79-4
Central New 79-8 79
Imperial Old 1767-8
Imperial New 437-8
India 173 72 73
Union 7-2 7-3
U. Commercial 49

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 125-10
Hydro 151
Power 1525 20 28-12 22-8 25

INSURANCE

New India 51-8 51

STEEL

B. Steel 22-10 22-7 22-8 22-2
I. Iron 31 30-12 31 30-9
Tata Defd. 1477-8 60 70 50
Tata Ord 292 89-8 90 88-8 89-8 87
Tata IInd Pref. 139.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 262/8 60.
A. C- C. Old 143 41/8 42 41/12 42/4 42.
A. C. C. New 138/8.
Belapur 200 195 96/8 95/8.
B. B. Old 367 8 65/10 68/12 66/4 70 66/4.
B. B. New 130.
B. B. Petrol 1/9/9 1/9/3.
B. I. C. 8/14.
I. Copper 2/9/6.
I. I. Trust 85.
P. Const. 104 2 3 2.
Shivrajpur 33/8 31/8 32/8.
Tata Chem. 13 13/1 12/10.
Tata Pref. 117/8.
Tata Oil 53 52 53/8 53 56 55.
Wimco 186/4 85.

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 74/4 75 74/8.
Berar Mfg. 237/8.
Coorla Mills 107/8.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Months.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4, Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4, Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 474 3/4, Montreal 431 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2, Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250.
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 89 1/2.
Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 1/2.
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2.

New York/London Cross Rate $2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70. London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 13/16-1/2 29/32. London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20. London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70. London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35. London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65. London Montreal Cross Rate $3.07 3/4-3.08 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate $2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate Kr. 141. London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4-2/4 1/8. London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12-11/12-13.

London Discts. 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos. 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent, 12 Mos 1-1/2 per cent.
Tone: Firm.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

ARRIVALS

S.S. DUNDEE (Forbes Forbes) from Newport News U. S. A. with 5,239 tons general cargo on Oct. 4.

S. S. GENL. WALTER (Dominion Trdg. Co.) from Calcutta with 4,600 tons general cargo on Oct. 3.

S.S. BROOMPARK (Anchor Line) from Sydney with 9,050 tons flour on Oct. 4.

S.S. HENRY PURIDAS (S V. Oil Co.) from Singapore with 14,992 tons oil on Oct. 3.

DEPARTURES

S.S. RIGOLETTO for Liverpool with general cargo on Oct. 1.

S.S. WAVE MONARCH for Tricomalee with 10,387 tons Petrolum on Oct. 3.

S.S. PROTECTOR for Colombo with general cargo on Oct. 3.

S.S. OGOLINO VIVALDI for Genoa with general cargo on Oct. 2.

N.Y. PEPPER STEADY

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

The market of black pepper was steady today with limited amount of business done at 1.18 for spots, sellers for October arrival at 1.16, November arrival at 1.14, and December delivery at 1.12 dollars per pound. The postponement of the dock strike for at least 30 days removed some anxiety over nearby supply and encouraged many buyers to adhere to a waiting policy. Following are today's closing quotations: Black Pepper: spot 1.18 bid, October 1.15 bid, 1.23 asked, December 1.11 nominal, January 1.10 nominal, March 95 nominal, July 0.66 bid. White Pepper spot 1.70 asked.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Malabar was steady with 860 shillings per cwt., paid for afloat. Sellers of Sept/October repeated 835 shillings while there were bids of 825 shillings c.i.f., Unkingdom. In the absence of eastern advices, black lampong was quoted nominally at 8s. 6d. per pound and white muntok and Sarawak at 11s. c.i.f., basis ports.

LONDON STOCKS

London, Oct. 3.

	£
2-1/2 p.c. British Consols	73-1/8
3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	96-5/8
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960/90	108-1/4
3-1/2 p.c. War Loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	96-3/8
Chartered Bank of India	10-3/8
National Bank of India	33-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 9,883.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Oct. 3.

All sections closed showing small losses with exceptions to the general trend rare.

Trade Buying And Hedging In N. Y. Cotton

WALL STREET STEADY DESPITE STEEL AND COAL STRIKE

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

Following opening irregularity prices moved narrowly in fairly active dealings with good mill and trade buying of nearbys tending to offset weekend hedges and other scattered selling. Later the entire list steadied influenced by persistent mill demand for nearbys. On the other hand next crops were relatively quiet, evidently awaiting farm legislation developments. The market persistent dribbles of trade buying offsetting hedges. Otherwise it was featureless apparently awaiting Washington developments. The close was steady with sales approximately 100,000 oales.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 3.

October	29.74+07
December	29.61+06
March	29.62+10
May	29.52+09
July	29.04+09
Middling Spot	30.35+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct. 3.

October	29.75+09
December	29.56+06
March	29.55+10
May	29.48+11
zMiddling Spot	29.35+

New York December Highest 29.65 at 12-19 hours, Lowest 29.53 at 10-19 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

The market continued to give a rather good account of itself although nearly one million steel and coal workers are on strike for pension benefits and the labour outlook in some other important industries is not too bright. Trading was considerably restricted by the Jewish holiday with prices showing mostly fractional variations either way with losses slightly predominant. The issues showing declines included lead, steel, motors, rails, oils and minings. Some covering enabled most of the earlier declines to be reduced or cancelled but losses still claimed a minor advantage as the market swung sluggishly into the final hour. Airlines were a little higher on average aided by estimates that major carriers will report sharp gains for the third quarter over the same period last year as a result of the spurt in September traffic. The ability of the market to withstand the impact of the steel strike attracted some new support in late dealings. Led by steels motors, oils and chemicals prices developed a predominance of mostly fractional gains with allied chemical an exception moving two points higher to 188. The market close very steady.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

American Telephone and Telegraph	142-1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	30-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	26-3/4
Chase National Bank	36
Firestone Tyre	46
General Electric	37-1/8
Lngersol Land bid	67-1/4
Ingersol Rand bid	67-1/4
Canada "A"	29-1/4
National City Bank of New York	41-1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.	10-3/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-3/8
Sinclair Oil	23-1/2
Texas Corporation	60-5/8
Union Carbide	40-1/8
U. S. Smelting and Refining	34-3/8
U. S. Steel Common	23-3/8
Western Union	15-3/4

Volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 760,000 shares Highest and Lowest U. S. Steel trading prices were 23-3/8 and 22-5/8 respectively.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.

GRAINS: Prices advanced under the leadership of maize and soyabeans reflecting light to heavy rainfall over the main producing areas which will delay harvesting. Maize was also aided by the strength of the cash market where industrial users are reported to be buyers. In wheat, northwest elevator interests were credited with buying around half a million bushels December contracts, presumably hedge-lifting against sales of cash wheat.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.

December 2.14-1/4.
March 2.14-3/4.
May 2.09-5/8.
July 1.93-3/8.

N.Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

SILVER: Sales approximated 200,000 ounces plus 50,000 ounces were offered by Banco Mexico. The price continued at unchanged level.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 3.

No importance was given to the trading in sterling bonds which was allowed here from today and prices practically were unquoted. Elsewhere, the market was quiet but with occasional firm features. Tobaccos were prominent on firmness at Friday's Amsterdam sale and rayons improved following reports of good prospects for rayon a broad.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS: Oct. 3.

BOURSE:—Domestic issues gave ground through out the list following Government's latest economic decisions. Goldminings although allow generally above parity with London made further upward progress. Dutch, Argentine and most other foreign issues were irregular. Rentes were steady although 5 per cent 1949 finnished lower.

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

Good Demand For Plantings

MADRAS, October 4.

Despite lower advices from Bombay, local market ruled firm with interest mainly confined to plantings like Chembra Peaks Cochin Malabar Consolidated Coffee etc.

Banks shares ruler steady with Indian Banks changing hands at quoted rates.

Insurance Electrics and sugars showed no change.

Textiles were firm.

Miscellaneous section was fairly steady with facts and Spencers noting deals at Rs. 4/7 and Rs. 10/8 respectively.

The market closed steady.

Following are todays quotations:—

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOANS three per cent paper 97/- three per cent 1986 97/7 three per cent. 1970/75 100/- three per cent. 1966/68 100/2.

Government of Travancore three per cent. 1952/54 100/12. Government of Madras three per cent. 1956 100/8 three per cent 1960 100/-.

BANKS: Travancore 13/4.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 15/10. Mysore 39/8. Plantings Chandra Malai ed. 1/6. Peermade 40/8, Pullangode 1/3, Thirumbadi 1/12, Vaikundam 4/14, Waterfall 2/6.

PLANTINGS: Thirumbadi 1/12. T R and T Co. 5/3. Vaikundam 4/14. Waterfall 2/6.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 38/4. Bangalore Woollen 206/- Buckingham 140/8, Cambodia 10/8. Coimbatore cm. 117/8, Coimbatore Pioneer 126/8. Janardhan 50/-, Lakshmi 61/-. Madura 38/4, Mettur 308/-, Mysore Spun 5/11, Pankaja 86/6. Radhakrishna 144/-, Rajalakshmi 56/8, Ranga Vilas 45/8. Trav. Rayons 4/6. Trichinopoly 10/-, Vassantha 100/-.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 69/8, F R C T 6/11, Mettur Chem. 6/4, Mysore Chem. and Ferts 7/12, Mysore Paper 10/8, Spencer 10/8.

A Sounding drama of LOVE.. Gopinath

Peace of mind

Inspite of what philosophers say money does give your mind some peace—but only when you know it is safe.

Our depositors enjoy that peace. You can verify.

BENGAL CENTRAL BANK LTD.

Head Office : 67A, Netaji Subhas Rd., Calcutta.

Bombay Branch

10, Churchgate Street

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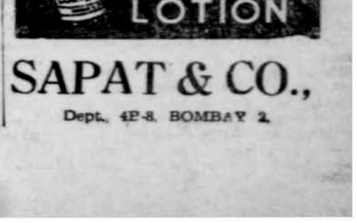

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BOMBAY'S HOMAGE TO LATE MR. NARIMAN

Services To City & Country Recalled At Meeting

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

BOMBAY paid its homage at a public meeting today to the memory of the late Mr. K. F. Nariman, the hero of the Harvey Case and described by India's Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Patel, as the "one-time uncrowned king of Bombay". The meeting which was held at the Jinnah Hall was in commemoration of the first death anniversary of the late Mr. Nariman and was presided over by Mr. Nagindas T. Master.

The extremely poor attendance at the meeting called forth the crisp remark from some of those present that "public memory is very very short."

Speakers at the meeting eulogised the services rendered by the departed leader in his capacity as the President of the B.P.C.C., as the Mayor of the city, and as a fearless fighter in the cause of the freedom of his country.

HARVEY CASE

Mr. Nagindas Master recalled the hectic days of the Harvey-Nariman case, which established his deputation as one of the dauntless critics of the then alien government's malpractices. Mr. Nariman had exposed some of the scandals of the Bombay Government's Development Department with special reference to the Back Bay Reclamation scheme.

As a result he was charged with defamation by Mr. Harvey, Special Engineer, to the Government of Bombay. Mr. Nariman fought single-handed against the united might of the Government and ultimately scored a brilliant victory, being acquitted of the charge levelled against him. This won for him the title of "Vir" from his countrymen, and the popularity he enjoyed since then lasted him all his life.

Mr. Master stated that the late Mr. Nariman was a clean fighter and faced his opponents with a clean heart and open mind. Even after he had severed his conditions with the Congress organisation owing to certain misunderstanding that had arisen with the Congress High Command, he never did anything to hit the organisation in the back or to stultify its fair name, and preferred a total eclipse from the political field in the larger interest of the country. His return to the Congress after a long spell was hailed with delight by all, and had he been alive he would have proved himself to be a great asset to the Congress.

PEOPLE'S MAYOR

Miss Perin Nariman said that the late Mr. Nariman was the first Mayor of the city who could be strictly called a "People's Mayor". He used to say often to his friends that the Mayor was not the first citizen but the first servant of the city, and it was in the capacity of a true servant of the people that he had always acted.

Mr. Nariman, continued Miss Nariman, was instrumental in rousing the youth of the country from their lethargy and harness their energies in the service of the country. The Youth League that he had established had produced many enthusiastic workers who now served the city in various capacities.

Dr. G. Punjabi observed that courage, self-sacrifice and integrity of purpose were the three great qualities of the late Mr. Nariman.

GITA GOES TO AFRICA

BOMBAY, Oct. 4. (PTI): Five Sanyasins are leaving here on Saturday by S. S. Karanja for East Africa to propagate the teachings of Bhagwad Gita.

Swami Vidyanand, founder-president of the Gita Prachar Samiti, Ahmedabad, who is leading the party said today that they would tour East Africa for three months and establish branches of the Society there. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Indian Parliament is the vice-president of the Samiti which has branches all over India.

Swami Vidyanand said that after touring East Africa, his party proposed to go to South Africa, Europe and America.

PAKISTAN'S ACTIONS UNISLAMIC

Sheikh Abdullah's Assertion

SRINAGAR, Oct. 4. (UPI): Sheikh Abdullah asserted here today that Pakistan was not at all an Islamic State. Addressing a big post-prayer Id gathering in Srinagar this morning, Sheikh Abdullah said: "After all that devastation which Pakistan's regular troops and irregulars caused in Jammu and Kashmir, who can say that Pakistan is Islamic State.

"Her actions have all been unislamic which find no justification in any moral code in the world."

Stating that Kashmiri Muslims who carried on a crusade against the theory of hatred propounded by Mr. Jinnah, were true Muslims, Sheikh Abdullah said: "To us in Kashmir, Islam represents love and brotherhood among Muslims, Hindus, Sikhs and others. Pakistan has made a mockery of Islam by spreading hatred and violence through false and unislamic propaganda. Those who rule in Pakistan may speak in the name of Islam, but we all know that by doing so they are hiding their guilt".

The Premier referred to those Kashmiri Muslims who first went to Pakistan but were now pining to come back to Kashmir and said: "These people are now returning completely disillusioned about Pakistan and her affairs".

Saying that 40 lakh Kashmiris would never again allow their sacred land to be desecrated by Pakistan invaders, Sheikh Abdullah in conclusion said: "We Kashmiris have no territorial ambitions vis-a-vis other countries. We want to live in peace in our own country unmolested and undisturbed by others".

RECORD CROWD FOR DURGA CEREMONY

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 3, (P. T. I.): A record of about 1,50,000 people joined in a Durga immersion procession here yesterday. Under elaborate police protection the two-mile long procession wended its way through city's main streets peacefully with 16 images of goddes Durga. Ten persons were injured in the crowd.

PRODUCTION TO HALT INFLATION

Mr. M. A. Ayyangar's Suggestions

TIRUPATI, Oct. 4, (UPI): Mr. M. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, Deputy Speaker of the Indian Parliament said here that larger production of foodgrains alone, would help solve the problems of inflation and of rising prices, in India.

Mr. Ayyangar in the course of an interview with pressmen regretted the shortage of iron and steel and agricultural implements and suggested that 75 per cent of the iron and steel produced in the country should be utilised for manufacturing agricultural implements for the next year or two. "Factories must be encouraged to manufacture these implements and their distribution must be done through Village Committees". He added.

A DISPUTE WHICH IS 137-YEAR OLD

Britain Goes To Court Against Norway

LONDON, Oct. 4. (UPI): Britain is suing Norway for damages before the International Court of Justice at The Hague.

It is alleged that Norwegian fishery protection vessels have been interfering with British vessels fishing outside territorial water.

The court will be asked to define Norwegian waters which are out of bounds to foreign fishermen.

Britain is ready to accept an arrangement giving Norway exclusive rights up to four miles from her cost; normal limit of territorial waters is three miles.

The dispute began 137 years ago

BRITAIN MAKES SOME "EXTRA" PROFIT

Devaluation Off-Shoot

LONDON, Oct. 4, (UPI): One curious result of devaluation is that the Government will make an extra £18,000,000 from the silver coin now in circulation. The price of silver is now 5s. 2d. an oz. compared with 3s. 8-1/2d. before September 18.

It is learnt that there are nearly 2,000 million silver coins in circulation with a value of £110,000,000.

Market value of the silver content of these has risen during the past fortnight from £37,000,000 to £55,000,000.

All this goes as profit to the Government, when eventually silver has been replaced by cupro-nickel coin.

Yardley in The Baltimore Sun

BATTLE OF THE RUPEES CAUSES CONCERN

Will Cripps' Speech Pave The Way For A Solution?

MANCHESTER, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter)

THE speeches by Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Ghulam Mahommed, Pakistan's Finance Minister, yesterday, may bring a little nearer a solution to the deadlock between the two rupees, the Financial Editor of the "Manchester Guardian" said today.

In his financial column, he wrote: "Mr. Ghulam Mohammed explained that Pakistan had made the decision not to devalue with the aim of earning more dollars by her exports to America, and checking hard currency imports. The Dominion has no desire to leave the Sterling area or make things difficult for other Sterling countries. But the price of jute, which dominated Pakistan export proceeds, was dependent on the price of rice, especially in Eastern Bengal, and devaluation might lead to higher prices and hamper exports. Sir Stafford replied in general terms promising sympathy and understanding for Pakistan's special needs.

BEWILDERING

"This really does not make much sense. Jute has been too dear in the dollar markets for some time. If it was made 10 or 15 per cent cheaper, Pakistan could get a larger market and yet retain plenty of margin to absorb internal price rises. But it is by no means clear why the price of rice should rise if the Pakistan rupee was devalued. The whole thing is frankly bewildering. Bankers and merchants in London are perturbed by the India-Pakistan 'blockade'.

"Trade has been virtually suspended for over a fortnight and both sides remain stubborn.

"There was talk over the weekend that a compromise might be made and a common rate fixed for both rupees somewhere between the present rates of one shilling and six pence and two shillings and two pence. Many Bombay traders think one shilling and six pence is too low, but there have been no signs that political leaders in Pakistan are ready for even partial devaluation.

"Meanwhile, everyone in London seems agreed that business is extremely awkward with things as they are. There is no important market for rupees in London itself since rupees are normally only bought through the banks for specific transactions. It would be difficult to speculate either on devaluation by Pakistan or revaluation by India. But the continued 'holiday' in the two countries makes trade difficult.

"City people take the view that Pakistan will find it hard to maintain the rupee at two shillings and two pence. India refuses to buy. Dundee millowners are reported to be 'cautious' about committing themselves to any contract for Pakistan jute at present prices. The shortage of raw jute in India may tend to even prices out, but the price there at present is some 15 per cent lower than in Pakistan.

'The Indian Government announced maximum prices on Saturday and the Bombay police, who were called in on Thursday to check cotton sales, may soon be busy in the jute market.

"But this is not just a squabble over local issues. Paper and cotton containers have already begun to replace jute in America because jute is too dear. It will be neither in India's nor in Pakistan's interest to keep the price high. And meanwhile, trade is disrupted between the whole Sterling area and two of its most important members".

DEVALUATION WAS INEVITABLE

Congress Party Members Back Decision

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4 (PTI)—The Congress Assembly party today is reported to have suggested the setting up of an Ad Hoc Committee of Members or Parliament to advise Government on the effects that may flow from the devaluation of the rupee in terms of the dollar.

The party at its eve-of-the-session meeting is stated to have come to the conclusion that the devaluation of the sterling left India no choice in the matter.

The Finance Minister, Dr. John Matthai, analysing the circumstances that led India to fall in line with Britain said that they could not but devalue the rupee in the interest of the country. (adds the U.P.I.)

He is reported to have said that the Cabinet was also so advised by Mr. Chintamani Deshmukh and the Governor of the Reserve Bank, who specially flew from Bombay for this purpose.

Dr. Matthai is further reported to have told the party that it was too early to forecast the effect of devaluation and it would not be good to lay down hard and fast measures to meet the situation.

At today's meeting, the Prime Minister is stated to have made a reference to his forthcoming visit to the United States.

INDO-AUSTRIAN TRADE AGREEMENT

NEW DELHI, October 3.

Following is the text of the Indo-Austrian Trade Agreement which was signed in Vienna on September 28, 1949:

The Austrian Federal Government and the Government of India being desirous of establishing and extending direct trade relations between their respective countries have agreed as follows:—

Article I.—With respect to the items mentioned in Schedules 'A' and 'B', which are attached to this Agreement and which shall be taken to form an integral part of this Agreement, the contracting parties agree that, wherever necessary according to the laws and regulations applicable in their country, import and export licences shall be granted in accordance with such laws and regulations upto the yearly quantity or value mentioned against each item.

Article II.—The yearly quantity or value of any of the items mentioned in Schedules 'A' and 'B' can be altered or fresh items added by mutual agreement between the contracting parties.

Article III.—Articles I and II of this Agreement are without prejudice to the rights of nationals or firms of either country entering into business transactions in respect of goods and commodities not forming part of this Agreement subject to and in conformity with the laws and regulations of either contracting party for the time being in force.

Article IV.—During the currency of this Agreement the contracting parties agree, in order to facilitate the execution of the Agreement, to consult each other in respect of any matters arising from or in connection with the supply of goods between the two countries in accordance with this Agreement.

Article V.—This Agreement, having received the approval of both Governments, comes into force with immediate effect. It shall remain valid until the 30th June, 1950, and for such successive period as may be mutually agreed upon before its expiry.

The agreement was signed by Khub Chand, Major-General, Head of the Indian Military Mission, Berlin, for and on behalf of the Government of India and by Dr. Karl Gruberg, Foreign Minister, for and on behalf of the Government of the Austrian Federal Republic.

SCHEDULE 'A'

Austrian Imports from India for period ending 30 June, 1950.

Commodity	Quantity	
I Chemicals		
1 Gum, arabic	50	tons
2 Shellac	300	tons
II Textiles		
1 Cocoanut yarn	500	tons
2 Coir matting	Pro	Memoria
3 Cotton, short-staple	1,500	tons
4 Goat's hair and other animal hair	30	tons
5 Hemp	200	tons
6 Jute goods	Pro	Memoria
7 Raw Jute	3,500	tons
8 Raw Wool (Carpet wool)	1,000	tons
III Fibres & Bristles		
1 Bristles	100	tons
IV Ores		
1 Manganese (40-42% manganese content)	20,000	tons
V Mica		
1 Mica, blocks	8	tons
VI Hides & Skins		
1 Hides, cow (raw and dry), buffalo (dry and salted) skins, goat and bastard	600	tons
2 Myrabolams and extracts thereof	500	tons
VII Food & Agriculture Products		
1 Castor Oil	200	tons
2 Linseed oil	300	tons
3 Peanut oil	200	tons
4 Spices	100	tons
5 Tea	100	tons
6 Tobacco	600	tons
VIII Miscellaneous		
1 Sheep-gut, dried	3	tons
2 Medical herbs	100	tons

SCHEDULE 'B'

Austrian Exports to India for period ending 30 June, 1950

Commodity	Quantity	Value (in £. Sterling)
I Chemicals & Related Products		
1 Chemicals, including lithopone, Ultramarine dyes, insecticides, etc.		31,250
II Machinery & Metel Products		
1 Agricultural machinery including ploughs, cutters & cutter knives		75,000
2 Ball and roller bearings		12,500
3 Diesel engines		15,000
4 Diesel lorries	50 (in number)	
5 Electric machinery and apparatus including transformers, electro-motors, generators, telephone installation, electric measuring apparatus, etc.		250,000
6 Other machinery, apparatus, equipment, tools and parts thereof including pumps, elevators, valves, injectors, fittings, pneumatic tools, welding electrodes, files etc.		125,000
7 Motor Cycles	100 (in number)	
8 Tractors	100 (in number)	
III Textiles		100,000
1 Cotton piece-goods	125 tons	
2 Cotton yarn		Pro Memoria
3 Embroidered allovers & flouncings		25,000
4 Woollen piece-goods	100 tons	
5 Woollen yarn		
IV Paper	3,500 tons	
1 Newsprint	2,000 tons	
2 Paper other than Newsprint		
V Instruments & Apparatus		
1 Instruments & Apparatus including microscopes and other optical instruments, wireless sets and parts thereof, laboratory equipment, surgical instruments, etc.		37,500
VI Iron & Steel		
1 Steel (including a minimum of thick steel plate 5,000 tons, spring steel 3,000 tons and other fine steel and rails 2,000 tons)	15,000 tons	

RURAL SURVEY OF BOMBAY PROVINCE

Staff Under Training In Poona

BOMBAY, Tuesday (UPI).

DETAILS of the plan of surveying rural employment, income and expenditure in the Province of Bombay initiated, by the Bureau of Economics and Statistics, Government of Bombay, have been published in the latest issue of the bulletin issued by the Bureau.

As a preliminary to preparation, a pilot survey has been started in the Belgaum and Ratnagiri Districts and the survey staff is being trained in the Gokhale School of Economics and Politics Poona. Primary school teachers or the secretaries of the local co-operative societies will be employed as fieldmen for conducting the survey, the bulletin says.

The 35,000 villages of the Province, having a population of 5,000 each will be divided into 5 divisions for the purposes of the inquiry and a random sampling would be made in 10 villages which works out at a total of 500 villages, on a census basis. A sample of 28 families would then be selected and each family would be visited every week.

The schedule of information drawn for the purposes of the survey includes earnings through employment including self-employment type of labour remuneration from agricultural and non-agricultural and other occupations. The information thus collected would indicate the extent of the employment migration, conditions of supply or shortage of labour and other data.

The machinery of inquiry is to be established permanently, so that staff trained for the purpose could be employed for various special and 'ad hoc' inquiries which might be undertaken by the Government from time to time in future. The survey would also be maintained as a constant measure, which would enable the Government adequately to record the changes in the socio-economic conditions in the Province as they improve.

ADMINISTRATION OF NAVAL DOCKYARD

New Scheme To Be Tried

BOMBAY, Tuesday (UPI): In view of the long term project of the expansion of the HMIS Naval Dockyard in Bombay, the Dockyard Authorities have undertaken a scheme for total modernisation of the dockyard administration along the lines adopted in the latest modern dockyards in America and England, it is learnt here today.

The new scheme, which has been formulated according to the industrial system of dockyard administration which was first implemented in America, is a short term project for rendering the administration of the Naval Dockyard more systematised and efficient.

According to this scheme, the administration and the activities of the dockyard will be brought under a centralised system, so as to run the dockyard with better co-ordination among the various departments.

Till now the dockyard administration was carried on under the Admiralty System which made the departments more exclusive and disconnected in their functioning.

The full implementation of the new scheme is expected to be completed at the end of this year.

BURMA OFFICIALS UNDER ARREST

Sugar Purchase Scandal

RANGOON, Oct. 4, (UPI): U Khin Maung Lat, former Commissioner of Civil Supplies and U Tha Din, Secretary to the Commissioner, have been arrested. Their arrest is said to be in connection with the loss of approximately of Rs. 31 lakhs to the Government of Burma in respect of purchase of sugar from the Zeyawadi Sugar Factory a few months ago.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter): A sharp increase in profits for September brought no boom to South African gold shares today. Enthusiasm was dampened by today being the last of the trading period and although prices moved higher the Gilt was removed by profit-taking. Profit figures showed benefits received from the higher price of old and the promise entry on newcomers to the dividend paying list.

Other sections of the London Stock Exchange were quiet and price movements small. British Government Stocks were fractionally higher, a better tone was created by good support for short-dated issues. Gains were between one-eighth and quarter per cent.

Industrials were uncertain and a little mixed. Irons and steels came on offers and declined a few pence but slight improvements were shown by other groups. Current prices however were never really tested.

Oil shares were dull. Shares were sold at the opening and resultant declines were seldom recovered.

Foreign bonds and rails were idle and slightly irregular.

HAPUR MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, Oct. 4.

Maize 15/4, Guwar 12, Bejhar 13/4, Matar ready 14/12, Mangsir ' 14/8/6, Arhar ready 13/4, Mangsir 13/7, Urd 16, Moong 20, Masoor 13, 15, Gur ready 30 to 26 old 21, Shakkar crystal 32/8 to 60, Khandsari 50, Fagan opened 14/4/6, later 14/2/9, Erratic Sarson 32, Taraseed 27, 25, Ground nut 22/8, Cottonseed 16/8, Linseed oil 58, Oilcake 10/8, Oats 11.

Silver opened 167/8, later 167.

Gold opened 112/4, Quiet.

Bardana ready Red 115, White 130, Mangsir 114, March 127. Quiet.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.

Previous Closing	29.61
Today's Opening	29.62
Difference	+ 1
Today's Closing	29.75
Difference	+ 14

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.

General Motors 53

United States steel common unquoted.

United States Steel preference unquoted.

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, October 4.

Silver Forward	Rs. 164 8
Gold Forward	Rs. 115 0
Silver Bullion	Rs. 164 8
Silver Mint	Rs. 165 0
Gold Ready	Rs. 117 0
Sovereign	Rs. 77 0

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 4.

The local market displayed a firm undertone.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 272, lowest 269.

Arvind opened 779, highest 796.

Ambica opened 335, highest 336.

Deferred opened 1475, highest 1477, lowest 1450.

Closing quotations: Calico 271, Deferred 1451, Arvind 789 (XR), Ambica 335 Mahalaxmi 387/8, New Jahangir 940 Raipur 1517/8, Ashok 630.

INDORE SHARE MARKET.

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, Oct. 4.

Today's closing quotations:—

Indore Malwa 124, Hukumchand Mills 520, Bhandari Mill 625, Vinod Mills 365, Kalyan Mill 76, Kalyanmal pref 92, Rajkumar Mill 97, Indore Bank 60.

Our London Letter

MR. CHURCHILL DEVALUED

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON.

The three-day economic debate in the British Parliament was more political than economic. It was party competition in the apportionment of blame. Never a great parliament discussed a question of supreme importance with less sense of responsibility. If Mr. Bevan's performance was irresponsible, as the "Times" says, the performance of Mr. Churchill was even more so.

It was Mr. Churchill who asked for the special session to discuss the serious consequences of the devaluation, yet on this vital question he was the least illuminating. He diverted the debate from its real purpose and indulged in electioneering using the moment to appeal to the country to throw out the Labour Government at the next election. Even his supporters confessed that his speech was a political oration. The Tories of course cheered him as he unleashed his ferocious attack on Britain's Labour Government. But others only laughed at his infantile handling of an economic emergency. There is little doubt that in the eyes of serious people Mr. Churchill has definitely devalued himself.

MR. BEVAN HITS BACK

When Mr. Churchill sat down after an hour of rigmarole there was tense expectation that Mr. Bevan, Health Minister, the bitterest critic of Mr. Churchill would answer him in language which the ex-Prime Minister understands. But instead the Government reserved him for the next day. But when fiery Bevan entered the ring for sixty minutes he made a fierce onslaught on Mr. Churchill. The Labour benches felt deliriously happy while the Tories felt miserable. He "pricked the bloated bladder of lies" of Mr. Churchill's speech. Mr. Churchill's "effulgence", he suggested, was great only because of the twilight surrounding him. He attributed Mr. Churchill's constant belittling of the record of the country and the Government to the "bitterness of the thwarted ambitions of 1945 "Doesn't he (Mr. Churchill) realise the damage he is doing to his own country", asked Mr. Bevan looking straight at Mr. Churchill, "Isn't it better", he continued, "that rather than tarnish his reputation further he should retire from public life?" He recalled Tory treatment of Mr. Churchill before the war to the embarrassment of both Mr. Churchill and the Conservatives and these were the people the mediocrities, he went on, whom Mr. Churchill would lead back to office. They were still the same men he continued, "the guilty men, all of them. They would throw Mr. Churchill aside on regaining power like an old glove. When a Tory member sought to interrupt him Mr. Bevan waved him aside, "don't wince before the lash falls", he admonished the member amid an explosion of Labour laughter.

FURY OF CHEERING

When Mr. Bevin sat down there broke out, to quote the "Manchester Guardian", such a fury of cheering as has not been heard in the House even even during this somewhat noisy Parliament. It went on for minutes. Both Mr. Attlee and Sir Stafford Cripps slapped Bevan on the back affectionately. The debate ended as it was expected to end in the victory of the Government and the presentation of almost united front by the Socialists. There was no rebellion as the Tories had fondly honed. The session of Parliament provided many fireworks, but not a reasoned contribution to the solution of the economic difficulties.

Concession To Indian Tanners

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4.

The concession allowed to Indian tanners by which tanning extracts required for the tanning industry are free from the imposition of import duty continues to be in force.

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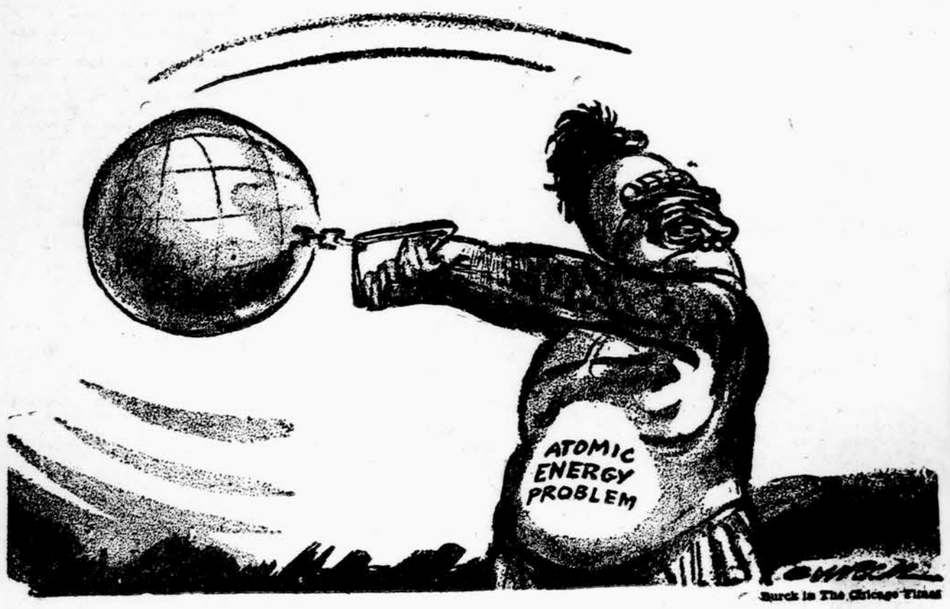
The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065



Burck in The Chicago Times

Brooks in The Birmingham News

CULTURAL CONTACT WITH GERMANY

India To Exchange Professors Soon

TUEBINGEN (French Zone), Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): India hopes the time is not far distant when she and Germany will be able to arrange regular exchanges of University Professors and students and to read each other's literature, Mr. A. Khan, Political Adviser to the Indian Mission in Berlin said here before a German audience.

Addressing the second post-war Congress of German Orientalists, Mr. Khan mentioned the racial and cultural ties that bound both branches of the Indo-Germanic stock. He said that during the 19th century, Germany led the western world in the study of Indian culture and had at the end of the century, no less than 21 professional chairs for Indian studies.

Mr. Khan said that it was especially important that future German students of India should learn the philosophy and the language in the country itself.

THE NEW EMPHASIS

"Hitherto the study of Vedic and classical Sanskrit literature has been the principal aim of German Indology, but with the dawn of freedom the modern Indian languages gain in importance".

Germans must in the future pay attention to Hindi, Bengali, Marathi and Tamil as well as to the classical languages, he said.

PORTUGUESE NATIONAL DAY

Pandit Nehru's Message

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4. (PTI): Prime Minister Pandit Nehru in a message to the Foreign Minister of Portugal on the occasion of the Anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Portugal which falls today (October 5) says:—

"On the anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Portugal, I wish to send Your Excellency and to the Government and people of Portugal the felicitations and good wishes of the Government and people of India to which I add my own".

BURMA GOVERNMENT'S SUCCESS

Rebels Beaten Off

RANGOON, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter): Government forces in Southeast Burma beat off an attack on Duyinzeik in Thaton District, killing 40 rebels, it was officially announced today. The rebels fled after a six-hour battle.

The Government have also recaptured, without resistance, the small town of Manaung in the Kyaukpyu District of the Arakan coast. In mopping up operations in the same area, four rebels were killed and several wounded.

INDIAN PROPOSAL ON LIBYA BEFORE U.N.

Many Delegations Promise Support

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 4. (PTI).

SIR B. N. Rau, India's permanent delegate to the United Nations, has put into the form of a resolution the proposals he placed before the Assembly's Political Committee yesterday for the final disposal of the Italian Colonies, cables PTI correspondent at U.N. headquarters.

The resolution will be submitted to the Committee either today or tomorrow.

Iraq has introduced a resolution calling upon the United Nations "to proclaim a United Sovereign state of Libya". The resolution proposed that the present administering powers in Libya, Britain and France, "take immediate steps to hand over sovereignty and all necessary powers of the State to a duly constituted Government in the territory (of Libya) within as short a period as practicable".

Until such transfer of power was effected, the Iraqi resolution said, the administering powers should present to the United Nations interim reports on the progress of the transfer of authority.

The Iraqi proposal made no reference to other Italian Colonies.

RUSSIAN RESOLUTION

It is the second resolution to be introduced on the Italian Colonies. The first resolution was that of the USSR. introduced on September 30. That resolution called for "immediate independence for Libya," withdrawal of foreign forces within three months, and the placing of Eritrea and Somaliland under United Nations trusteeship, with a view to eventual independence.

The Indian resolution is favoured by a number of delegations, including some Arab countries. Its main feature is that it is precise and it relies on a United Nations Commission to introduce organs of self-government in Libya through the machinery of a Constituent Assembly.

The United States Delegation, like that of India, is in favour of sending out a United Nations Commission to establish an independent government in Libya. The United States view is said to be that the Commission should be composed of the United States, Britain, France, an Arab country and two or three Libyan representatives.

The British Delegation however, is not thinking of sending out any kind of United Nations Commission to Libya. At present the British Government is administering Cyrenaica and Tripolitania while Fezzan, the third area of Libya, is administered by France.

The general feeling among the delegations, however, appears to be that a United Nations Commission should be sent out to Libya.

The Indian resolution gives practical form to this feeling and the fate of the resolution is being keenly watched.

PLEAS FOR "DIRECT HEARING"

Meanwhile Sir B. N. Rau has been elected Chairman of a Sub-Committee which will screen requests from political parties and organisations within the Italian Colonies for a direct hearing by the Political Committee.

From among the sub-committee a "working group" will be asked to make recommendations on the representative character of the applicant organisation.

These applicants include six bodies heard at the last session of the Assembly and two new ones, the Independence Party of Tripolitania and the Somaliland Conference.

The groups who have been heard previously will be heard again by the Political Committee only if they have new material to present.

'ARMY READY TO DEFEND NATION'

Marshal Tito's Claim

BELGRADE, Oct. 3 (PTI-Reuter). MARSHAL TITO, in a speech to 600 Yugoslav Generals and officers, said the Army was prepared to defend Yugoslavia "until the last breath and regardless when the attack came."

He was speaking at a luncheon yesterday to mark the end of large-scale army manoeuvres.

Marshal Tito said: "We have carried out these manoeuvres in exceptional situations—in a word, when attempts are being made to frighten our people, disrupt our unity and render impossible the successful building of socialism."

He added that manoeuvres were not carried out "because of various attempts to scare us" but simply because they were necessary to any modern army.

Marshal Tito

DON'T DEPEND TOO MUCH ON RICE

F.A.O. Wants Asians To Eat More Fruits

SINGAPORE, Oct. 4 (PTI): Countries of Asia and Far East must produce a better supply of fruits and vegetables, more crops which have greater protein content and more feed for livestock.

This is the view of the Food and Agriculture Organisation's Regional Committee on "forward programmes of present plans".

The Committee, which reports to the Plenary Regional Conference of F.A.O. has been examining upcoming programmes of nations in the region during the past two days. It considers that the people of this region should be educated and stimulated to appreciate such foods and eat more of them instead of depending so heavily on rice.

The Committee thinks that the agricultural plans and programmes of countries of the region still show certain weaknesses. "They are not planning enough increases in the production of high-yielding crops which can give greater calorie outputs per acre such as potatoes, sweet potatoes, cassawa and pulses".

The regional report of the F.A.O. Secretariat stated that the countries of the region were undertaking some programmes of expanding agricultural production irrespective of what was most economically and feasibly possible in the region as a whole.

The Committee has expressed the view on this, that nations of the region, in developing future programmes, should consider the possibility of coordinating their programmes wherever possible more fully on a regional basis, with the help of F.A.O.

Decline In World Rice Production

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4. (P.T.I.-Reuter) The United States Department of agriculture today predicted a decline of between two and four per cent in world rice production next year.

Principal decrease were expected in Asia, which produces more than 90 per cent of the world crop, because of unfavourable climatic conditions. Burma alone would produce only about 80 per cent of last year's crop.

European production was expected to be 25 per cent down.

July floods reduced China's production and dry weather cut Korea's prospects.

INDIA AND PAKISTAN

The Department pointed out, however, that India and Pakistan were encouraging increased acreage, and if average weather prevailed their production may increase over last year.

North American harvests increased about ten per cent because of extended acreages and favourable weather. There may be some increase in South American production next year, the department added."

Bulgaria Recognises New Chinese Regime

LONDON, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter).—Bulgaria has followed Soviet Russia in recognising the new Chinese People's Republic, proclaimed last month by the Chinese Communist leader, Mao Tse-Tung.

Like Russia, she will exchange diplomatic representatives with the new Chinese Government, according to an anouncement by the Bulgarian News Agency in Sofia last night.

In other capitals Government spokesmen were cautious in their comment on Russia's action.

In Washington the State Department said United States policy would be developed through consultations with "other friendly Governments" and Congress, while a Foreign Office spokesman in London said Britain would discuss the Communist request for recognition with Commonwealth and "other interested powers."

Sir Ralph Erskine Stevenson, British Ambassador in China, is being recalled to Hongkong and Singapore for consultations.

It was learned in New Delhi that the Indian Government had instructed its Ambassador in Nanking, K. M. Panikkar, to return to Delhi for discussions.

British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, now on a visit to Canada, yesterday discussed the situation with the Canadian Cabinet.

The Chinese Nationalist Government has also decided to sever relations with Russia.

Czechs To Reeognise Red China

PRAGUE, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): The Czech Government announced on Tuesday it would immediately make contact with the new People's Democratic Government of China.

The announcement said that Czechoslovak Government had cut relations with the Kuomintang Government, which, it said, exercised de facto power only over a "minute part" of China.

The Government also issued the text of a telegram to "the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of China" welcoming "the determined will of the Chinese people to create real freedom and independence".

Rumania Goes The Russian Way

BUCHAREST, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter). Rumania has agreed to establish diplomatic relations with the new Chinese Peoples Republic it was announced here.

A telegram from Mme. Anna Pauker, Rumanian Foreign Minister, to General Chou En-Lai, Prime Minister of the New Chinese Government, said Rumania was convinced that relations with Communist China "will powerfully contribute to the strengthening of the camp of democracy, peace and socialism, which is led by our great common friend the Soviet Union."

NATIONALISTS WARN FOREIGN POWERS

Recognition Of Red China An 'Unfriendly Act'

HONGKONG, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter) China's acting President, General Li Tsung Jen, said last night that the Canton Government would regard "any attempt" by foreign powers to recognise General Mao Tse-tung's Communist regime at Peiping as an unfriendly act, the official Chinese "Central News" reported today.

General Li's statement was believed to be aimed directly at western powers which might be contemplating early recognition of the Communist Government.

The Acting President urged "friendly powers" to consider the question of recognition carefully and asked them to view the Chinese Communist advance "in its true and proper perspective."

His statement was made "to the Chinese people and foreign nations" on the proclamation of the People's Republic at Peiping.

U. S. Shippers' S. O. S. To Truman

The New York Isbrandtsen Shipping Line said today it had sent a telegram to President Truman asking him for action "to resolve the present extremely urgent and desperate situation" of two of their ships detained by the Chinese Nationalists, says a New Yorko message.

The vessel the 'Flying Independent' (6,711 tons) and the 'Flying Clipper' (8,192 tons) were intercepted by Nationalist warships near Shanghai last week while bound for New York from Shanghai. They were ordered to jettison their cargoes and return to Shanghai.

A third vessel, the 7,607 ton 'Flying Trader', intercepted and threatened at the same time, escaped and reached Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday.

A THREAT

A radio message from the captain of the 'Independent' last week said he had refused to comply with Nationalist orders to surrender passengers and jettison his cargo. He said "a Chinese destroyer is alongside with her crew at battle stations, The Chinese Captain is threatening continually to fire on my crew and passengers."

Chinese Nationals In Burma Pledge Allegiance

RANGOON, Oct. 4, (PTI-Reuter): Fifty thousand Chinese nationals in Burma pledged allegiance to the "Peoples Republic of China," established in Peiping at a representative meeting held in the Chinese Chamber of Commerce here.

Thirty-seven Chinese Associations were represented.

The meeting decided to "align ourselves with the new order in China" and to hold a mass rally on "double tenth day" when they will hoist the golden starred flag of Communists China publicly and formally" swear allegiance to Communist leader Mao Tse-Tung.

Neutral observers here viewed with "grave concern" this turn of events and hoped the Chinese nationals would not create any disturbance but would observe the local laws and regulations.

Magistrate Stabbed

SINGAPORE, Oct. 4 (PTI-Reuter).—Police Magistrate A. M. MacDonald was stabbed in the stomach by an Asian as he walked into court here today. The man was arrested immediately. The Magistrate was taken to hospital.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

Monday was truly an eventful day. By one of those confusions which are always dogging Muslim holidays, the Government had declared Monday to be Bakr-Id. But the Muslims celebrated the day on Tuesday.

Two evening newspapers—they shall be nameless—announced that Muslims had prayed on Monday, one of them actually mentioning who led the prayers and what was prayed for.

This reminds me of the brighter days when reporters were men and sub-editors had more than a touch of the devil in them. That is, when I was young—or should I say younger? It was on a mofussil paper and the proprietor's daughter was being married in another town some eighty miles away. Something had to be put into the evening edition which was directed towards the city of wedding bells.

As we were thinking out the problem, a special messenger—the dignified term conceals the neglected nephew of the proprietor whose invitation to the wedding was more on utility grounds, rushed into the office. The wedding was, he said, at 4 p.m. The edition was to go to press at 2-30 in the afternoon. What were we to do? No one seemed to be anxious to undertake the job without the least knowledge of what was happening.

Then the juniormost sub-editor stepped into the breach. He called the stenographer who had supreme contempt for him and clearing his throat dictated: "Amidst scenes of more than Oriental splendour, etc. etc." There was much about elephants gaily caparisoned, boys tumbling and turning cart-wheels in the marriage procession and so on.

It was done. Next was to wait for confirmation and the authentic n ws. The sub-editor was not interested in the details. For him, his version was correct; the rest did not matter. All he wanted was to hear that the ceremony had taken place. Reading of it, he reached for his hat and jauntily walked off.

There was a sequel. A couple of newspapers, rather over-addicted to austerity, rebuked the proprietor for his extravangance in celebrating so gaudily. The Editor called the inevitable conference, had just put his finger on the offender and was getting ready to tick him off well and truly, when the phone rang. It was long-distance.

A few words fell from the angust lips at this end, then a laugh broke forth as the receiver was put back. Turning to the Sub-editor, he said, "You win. That was Z H himself. He says it was magnificent reporting only instead of six elephants, you had said eight but it had done him much good by raising his prestige."

It is hardly probable that any bouquet will be handed out for the Bakr-id "report" but it is about on a par with most anticipations: A narrow margin of luck divides intelligent anticipation from sheer imbecility.

BAO DAI NAMES HIS MEN

Delegates To UNECAFE

SAIGON, Oct. 4. (PTI-Reuter): The Vietnam Government headed by ex-emperor Bao Dai of Annam has appointed M. We Thang as its official representative at the Conference of the United Nations' Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East, due to open in Singapore on October 20.

M. Nguyen Van Ty, former Minister of Public Works and now Minister without Portfolio, left for Singapore yesterday as the Bao Dai Government's transport expert.

Both Bao Dai's Government and that of Dr. Ho Chi Minh, head of Vietmin (Annamese nationalist insurgents fighting the French) have applied for membership of the Economic Commission and the Singapore Conference will have to decide between them.

ARMS SMUGGLING INTO PALESTINE

Vast U.S. Ring Detected

LOS ANGELES, Oct. (PTI-Reuter): Operations of a vast smuggling ring said to have sent about two million dollars worth of arms to Palestine, have been disclosed by the United States Attorney's Office.

Seven men have been indicted on charges of having conspired to export arms and ammunition without a State Department permit.

A 26-year-old Californian Yachtsman, Leland Lewis, said he had been forced at gun-point on May 30, 1948, to take aboard his fast yacht 15 tons of machine guns, ammunition and other war material.

Leewis told the Attorneys office: "They made me sail the cargo to Acapulco, Mexico, where it was unloaded and consigned to Palestine by ship and plane."

Jury To Investigate Robeson Incident

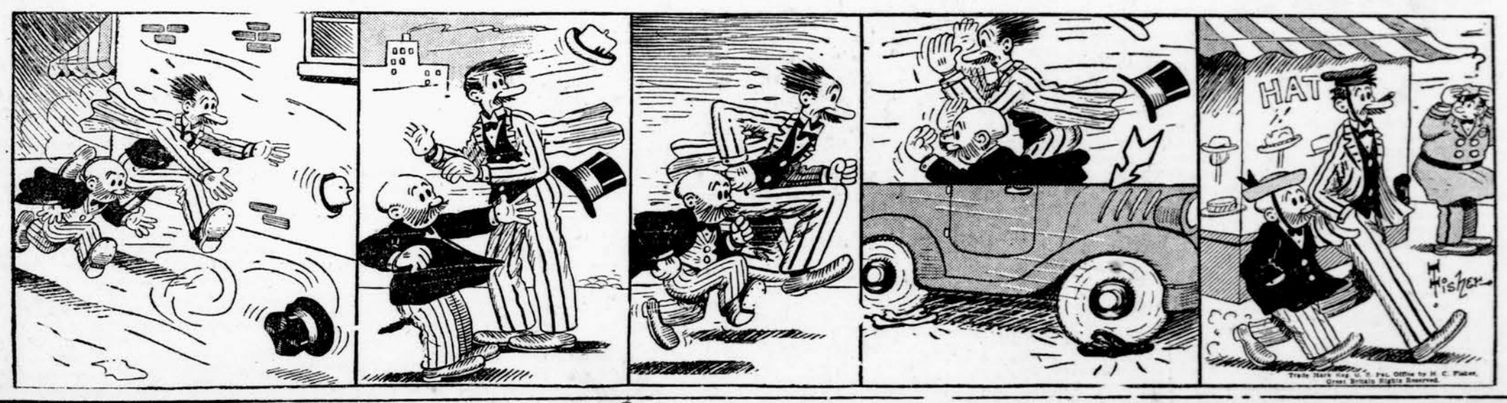
WHITE PLAINS, New York, Oct. 3 (PTI): A Grand Jury was sworn in here today to investigate disorders at recent concerts given by Paul Robeson, the Negro singer.

It has been asked to determine, without racial prejudice, whether groups guarding Robeson were "an illegal private militia."

No date has been fixed for the first session of the Jury.

MUTT AND JEFF—Any Old Port In A Storm

By BUD FISHER.



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